

**MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT
AMONG
THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE,
THE UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE,
THE NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION, AND
THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE
REGARDING THE WHITE HOUSE VISITOR SCREENING FACILITY PROJECT AT
PRESIDENT’S PARK
WASHINGTON, D.C.**

This Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) is made as of the ____ day of _____, by and among the National Park Service (NPS), the Executive Office of the President (EOP), the United States Secret Service (USSS), the National Capital Planning Commission (NCPC), and the District of Columbia Historic Preservation Office (DC HPO) (all referred to collectively herein as “Signatories”), pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (NHPA), 54 U.S.C. § 306108, and its implementing regulations, 36 C.F.R. Part 800, regarding the White House Visitor Screening Facility Project (Undertaking); and

WHEREAS, White House and President’s Park is a nationally significant landscape, a key element of Pierre Charles L’Enfant’s 1791 plan for the City of Washington (L’Enfant Plan), and a core remnant of Andrew Jackson Downing’s 1851 landscape design for the National Mall and is owned by the United States government and administered by the NPS; and

WHEREAS, the NPS is charged in its administration of the units of the National Park System to meet the directives of other laws, regulations, and policies including the NPS Organic Act as codified in Title 54 U.S.C. § 100101(a) to “conserve the scenery, natural and historic objects, and wild life in the System’s units and to provide for the enjoyment of the scenery, natural and historic objects, and wild life in such manner and by such means as will leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations;” and

WHEREAS, Sherman Park is part of President’s Park, owned by the United States and administered by the NPS, which connects visitors from the White House Visitor Screening Facility to other landmarks; and

WHEREAS, Sherman Park was historically part of land known as Reservation 1 within the L’Enfant Plan and formally designed between 1896 and 1903 to provide a setting for the General William Tecumseh Sherman Memorial; and

WHEREAS, the Undertaking consists of a permanent and primarily underground White House Visitor Screening Facility to support security needs for White House tours, large-scale events, personnel, and contractors, while enhancing the overall visitor experience (See Exhibit A); and

WHEREAS, the EOP supports the President’s responsibilities, including contract authority for design and construction awards and management; and

WHEREAS, the USSS is charged by the United States government with securing key locations and events of national significance, including the White House and its grounds, and accomplishes this mission by conducting visitor screening before visitors enter the White House and its grounds; and

WHEREAS, the USSS strategically selected the location and configuration of the Undertaking based on security and operational requirements necessary to fulfill its protective mission, while considering functionality, visitor flow, aesthetics, and cost; and

WHEREAS, the Undertaking is subject to review under Section 106 of the NHPA, 54 U.S.C. § 306108, and NPS will be the lead federal agency responsible for compliance, with the NCPC and DC HPO acting as "Consulting Parties"; and

WHEREAS, the NPS, USSS, and NCPC have agreed that the NPS will be the lead federal agency pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.2(a)(2) for the Undertaking to fulfill their collective Section 106 responsibilities; and

WHEREAS, the Undertaking is subject to review under National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. § 4231 *et seq.*, and in accordance with NEPA, NPS has prepared an Environmental Assessment (EA); and

WHEREAS, in accordance with 36 C.F.R. § 800.3, the NPS initiated Section 106 consultation with DC HPO via a letter dated March 25, 2026; and

WHEREAS, the NCPC is a Consulting Party in the Section 106 process pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.3(f)(1), has approval authority over federal projects located within the District of Columbia, and has approval authority over all land transfers and physical alterations to federal property pursuant to the National Capital Planning Act, 40 U.S.C. § 8722(b)(1) and (d), and this approval would constitute an Undertaking as defined at 36 C.F.R. § 800.16(y). The NCPC has elected to fulfill its Section 106 responsibilities by participating in this consultation and is a Signatory to this MOA pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.6(c)(2); and

WHEREAS, the U.S. Commission of Fine Arts (CFA) has a statutory obligation under the Shipstead-Luce Act of 1930 (Public Law 71-231) to regulate height, exterior design, and construction of private and semiprivate buildings in certain areas of the National Capitol within which the Project falls. CFA has design review authority over new structures erected in the District under the direction of the federal government (Executive Order 1862) and plans for parks which "in any essential way affect the appearance of the City of Washington, or the District of Columbia" (Executive Order 3524). CFA is a Consulting Party in the Section 106 process pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.3(f)(1) and is invited to concur with this MOA pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.6(c)(3); and

WHEREAS, in letters dated April 13, 2026, the NPS informed the federally recognized sovereign Indian Nations that have a government-to-government relationship with the United States and an interest in the area affected by the Undertaking, pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.2(c)(2), about the project and invited them to be a Consulting Party. The federally

recognized sovereign Indian Nations include the Absentee Shawnee Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma Nation, Catawba Indian Nation, Cherokee Nation, Chickahominy Indian Tribe, Chickahominy Tribe Eastern Division, Delaware Nation, Monacan Indian Nation, Nansemond Indian Nation, Pamunkey Indian Tribe, Rappahannock Tribe, Shawnee Tribe, and Upper Mattaponi Indian Tribe (collectively referred to as “Native American Tribes” in this MOA). The NPS invites each of these Native American Tribes to concur with this MOA pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.6(c)(3).

WHEREAS, the Cherokee Nation and Chickahominy Indian Tribe accepted NPS’s invitation via e-mail to consult in the Section 106 process; and

WHEREAS, the Native American Tribes that did not respond to the invitation continue to be included in the Section 106 process and were invited to the Consulting Party meeting on April 20, 2026, and will continue to be invited to any subsequent consulting party meetings; and

WHEREAS, the NPS will notify the Native American Tribes in the event that any pre-historic resources are discovered and are considered potentially eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). Notification of any pre-historic resources will also be given should additional phases of archaeological investigation be necessary or in a Post Review Discovery; and,

WHEREAS, in accordance with 36 C.F.R. § 800.2(a)(4), the NPS sent an invitation via email on April 14, 2026, to individuals and organizations with a demonstrated interest in the Undertaking and the public to participate as Consulting Parties in the Section 106 process via meetings virtually held on April 20, 2026, May 19, 2026, and [June 17, 2026], respectively; and

WHEREAS, the NPS in consultation with USSS, DC HPO, and the Consulting Parties, established the Area of Potential Effects (APE), as defined under 36 C.F.R. § 800.16(d), and identified historic properties, as defined under 36 C.F.R. § 800.4, via a letter to the DC HPO dated April 13, 2026, and public notification to NPS’s Planning, Environment and Public Comment (PEPC) site on April 21, 2026. The APE is included in Exhibit B; and

WHEREAS, the NPS identified fifteen (15) historic properties within the APE, including the President’s Park South Historic District (HD), Lafayette Square HD, Federal Triangle HD, Fifteenth Street Financial HD, National Mall HD, Seventeenth Street HD, Pennsylvania Avenue National Historic Site (NHS), the Plan of the City of Washington, Bullfinch Gatehouses, General William Tecumseh Sherman Memorial (Sherman Memorial), Hotel Washington, Eisenhower Executive Office Building, Treasury Department, the White House, and the Willard Hotel; and

WHEREAS, the NPS prepared a Draft Assessment of Effects (AOE) Report for Consulting Party review on April 21, 2026, with subsequent revisions dated [DATE]. The AOE Report determined that the introduction of a visitor screening facility in Sherman Park (located within President’s Park) will have adverse effects to the Sherman Memorial, Treasury Department, Lafayette Square HD, National Mall HD, Pennsylvania Avenue NHS, President’s Park South HD, and the Plan of the City of Washington. Adverse effects result from changes in spatial

organization, land use, vegetation, circulation, building and structures, and views and vistas that affect aspects of integrity for these resources. The AOE Report can be found in Exhibit C; and

WHEREAS, Section 110(f) of the NHPA, 54 U.S.C. § 306107, and 36 CFR § 800.10 require federal agencies to minimize the adverse effects of an Undertaking to the maximum extent possible at National Historic Landmarks (NHLs); and

WHEREAS, the NPS has also determined there would be adverse effects to two (2) NHLs, including the Lafayette Square Historic District and Treasury Department; and

WHEREAS, through the development and reviews of several alternative design concepts during working sessions with USSS, NPS, NCPC, CFA, and DC HPO held on June 2, 2026 and [DATE], the final design has been adjusted to minimize effects on historic properties to the extent possible while also meeting security requirements and addressing site constraints; and

WHEREAS, investigations to identify archeological historic properties within the APE are on-going, and NPS will continue to consult with the DC HPO regarding the identification, evaluation, and assessment of effects to archeological historic properties; and

WHEREAS, the NPS has sought and considered the views of the public on this Undertaking by conducting three (3) Section 106 Consulting Party meetings to provide opportunities for the Consulting Parties to comment on the Undertaking, the delineation of the APE, the identification of historic properties, the assessment of effects on historic properties, and potential resolution strategies; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with 36 C.F.R. § 800.6(a)(1), NPS notified the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) of its adverse effect determination with specified documentation on April 13, 2026, and the ACHP has not chosen to participate in the consultation pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.6(a)(1)(iii); and

NOW, THEREFORE, NPS, USSS, DC HPO, and NCPC agree that, if the Undertaking is implemented in accordance with the following stipulations taking into account the adverse effects on historic properties, the adverse effect of the Undertaking is resolved and that the MOA demonstrates compliance with Sections 106 of the NHPA and its implementing regulations.

STIPULATIONS

NPS will ensure that the following measures are carried out:

[I.-III. (Or number of stipulations necessary) Insert negotiated measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigate the adverse effects on historic properties.]

I. GENERAL

A. TIME AND NOTIFICATIONS

1. All time designations are in calendar days unless otherwise stipulated. If a review period ends on a Saturday, Sunday, or federal holiday, the review period will be extended until the first following business day.
2. All communication and notifications required by this MOA will be sent by email or other electronic means.

B. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

1. NPS
 - a. Pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.2(a)(2), NPS has the responsibility to ensure the provisions of this MOA are carried out.
 - b. NPS is responsible for all government-to-government consultation with federally recognized Indian Tribes.
 - c. NPS is responsible for coordinating federal agencies' compliance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) within its jurisdictional areas.
 - d. NPS is responsible for enforcing the applicable provisions of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA), 16 U.S.C. § 470aa *et seq.*, including but not limited to the issuance of permits and investigation of any damages resulting from prohibited activities.
2. USSS
 - a. USSS is responsible for compliance with all commitments outlined in this MOA until such time as the terms of this MOA are complete.
 - b. The USSS will cooperate with the NPS to implement the NPS's required protocols and procedures for archeological and unanticipated discoveries and DC HPO consultation.
 - c. USSS will ensure that all studies performed directly for USSS follow the terms of this MOA.
 - d. USSS will ensure that all cultural resources work products, such as work plans and reports, are reviewed by NPS for compliance with this MOA.

II. PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS STANDARDS

The NPS will ensure that all historic preservation work performed in accordance with this MOA is accomplished by or under the direct supervision of a person or persons who meet(s) or exceed(s) the pertinent qualifications in *The Secretary of the Interior's Historic Preservation Qualification Standards* (62 Federal Register § 33708) as amended on June 20, 1997.

III. RESOLUTION OF ADVERSE EFFECTS

A. Design Review

1. If there are any changes to the final design of [DATE], NPS, in collaboration with USSS, shall determine if a new or intensified adverse effect will result. If new or intensified adverse effects are determined, NPS shall immediately notify the

Signatories and Consulting Parties and will consult further to determine whether any additional mitigation and/or amendment to this MOA will be necessary. Any such amendment will be addressed in accordance with Stipulation V.

B. Avoidance

1. Views of the General William Tecumseh Sherman statue will not be obstructed by the White House Visitor Screening Facility.
2. The Sherman Memorial will be protected throughout construction to avoid additional adverse effects. Protection methods will be guided by a construction protection plan to be approved by NPS prior to the start of construction.
3. Trees and vegetation within the construction area that are to remain will be protected throughout construction to avoid additional adverse effects. Protection methods will be guided by a construction protection plan to be approved by NPS prior to the start of construction.

C. Minimization

1. To the maximum extent feasible, the proposed project design for the visitor screening facility will be consistent with The Secretary's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties with Guidelines for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring & Reconstructing Historic Buildings and Guidelines for the Treatment of Cultural Landscapes.
2. The White House Visitor Screening Facility will be located primarily underground and within an area of Sherman Park that limits visual impacts to the Sherman Memorial and public rights-of-way.
3. The White House Visitor Screening Facility's entry plaza/pavilion and north screening building will both employ a low-profile, classical design for above-ground portions that will be harmonious with the surrounding area without competing with the size of nearby landmark buildings.
4. The proposed design will use compatible materials and design elements.
5. The White House Visitor Screening Facility will increase the recreational availability of Sherman Park and allow for greater public access than the current arrangement.
6. Prior to construction, digital scanning of the Sherman Memorial, in the form of either 3D laser scanning or photogrammetry, will be undertaken to document existing conditions and aid in minimizing additional adverse effects.
7. The sidewalks and curbing along E Street, NW and East Executive Avenue will be restored in-kind.
8. During construction, temporary adverse effects to the surrounding historic properties will be minimized with sensitive fencing that will visually screen the active construction activities along with signage directing visitors around the construction.

D. Mitigation

1. Management Studies

- a. To mitigate the loss of trees from the project area, NPS shall prepare a comprehensive landscape treatment and maintenance plan for Sherman Park that lays out the strategy for replacing removed canopy trees and other vegetation as well as a recurring maintenance schedule to ensure their health and success. Treatments will be reviewed by a cultural landscape architect and consistent with NPS' Guidelines for the Treatment of Cultural Landscapes.
2. Documentation
 - a. NPS shall complete Historic American Landscape Survey (HALS) documentation for Sherman Park within [#] year(s) following completion of the White House Visitor Screening Facility, or sooner. The documentation shall follow HALS Guidelines, and a draft will be provided to the DC HPO for comment and approval prior to finalization.
 - b. NPS shall complete full updates, including expanded historic contexts, to the existing NRHP Nominations for [PROPERTY] and [PROPERTY] within [#] year(s) following completion of the visitor center, or sooner. NPS will provide a draft of the updated nominations to the DC HPO for their comment and approval prior to their finalization.
3. Interpretive Exhibit
 - a. EOP shall develop and implement a permanent indoor interpretive exhibit to be installed within the primary entry space of the White House Visitor Screening Facility. The exhibit will broadly address the history of Sherman Park and the land's early use by the Department of the Treasury. The exhibit will be developed in consultation with the Signatories and in accordance with EOP's design standards for permanent indoor displays. EOP shall install the exhibit within [#] year(s) following completion of the visitor center, or sooner. Additionally, EOP will use artifacts from the demolished east wing and colonnade of the White House as educational opportunities within the White House Visitor Screening Facility.

IV. ARCHEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS

A. General Requirements

All work shall be conducted under the responsibility of person(s) meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Historic Preservation Professional Qualification Standards (62 Fed. Reg. 33,708, 33719).

All work shall be conducted in conformity with NPS-28, Director's Order 28A and the 1998 Guidelines for Archaeological Investigations in the District of Columbia (hereafter DC Guidelines), as amended, published by the District of Columbia Office of Planning, Historic Preservation Office, available at: <https://planning.dc.gov/page/archaeology-district-columbia/>. No archeological investigations shall start without a DC HPO approved archeological work plan.

B. Archeological Identification Investigations, Eligibility Evaluation, and Documentation

1. Pre-Construction Phase IB Geoarcheological Investigations
 - a. The NPS shall develop a Phase IB Geoarcheological Work Plan in consultation with the DC HPO prior to the initiation of the investigation.
 - b. The NPS shall ensure that geoarcheological investigations are completed prior to completion of the Archeological Monitoring and Documentation Work Plan to investigate and evaluate subsurface areas within the project's Limits of Disturbance (LOD) to better ascertain the archeological potential within the LOD and the depths at which archeological historic properties could be expected.
 - c. The results of the geoarcheological investigations shall be incorporated into an Archeological Phase IB report incorporating and addressing DC HPO comments on the draft Phase IA report and submitted to the DC HPO for review and comment. The geoarcheological results shall not be appended to previously submitted reports as an appendix.
 - d. The results of the geoarcheological investigation shall be incorporated into the Archeological Monitoring and Documentation Work Plan.
2. Archeological Monitoring and Documentation
 - a. The NPS shall develop an Archeological Monitoring and Documentation Work Plan in consultation with the DC HPO. The Archeological Monitoring and Documentation Work Plan shall cover all archeological activities to be carried out throughout the duration of the project's ground disturbing activities.
 - b. The Archeological Monitoring and Documentation Work Plan shall include sections describing the following, to an adequate level of detail as concurred upon by the DC HPO:
 - i. Analysis and synthesis of Phase IA and IB investigation sufficient to identify horizontal and vertical distributed locations of archeological potential and characterization of said archeological potential (low, medium, high);
 - ii. Archeological monitoring during mechanical stripping, trenching, and near surface ground disturbing activities;
 - iii. Archeological monitoring for deeply buried resources, potential buried surfaces, and potential paleosols;
 - iv. Description of archeological documentation methods and standards to identify and evaluate finds for NRHP eligibility and recovery of sufficient data to mitigate adverse effects on archeological historic properties, including potential specialized analysis and contextual research;
 - v. Description of procedures for notification of finds, determinations of eligibility, review periods, etc.;
 - vi. Procedures for artifact collection, cleaning/processing, analysis, and curation;
 - vii. Documentation Standards and Reporting.
 - c. The NPS and DC HPO agree to review and return all comments within three (3) business days on drafts of the work plan, unless otherwise agreed upon in writing.

- d. The NPS shall execute mechanical trenching and stripping in accordance with the Archeological Monitoring and Documentation Work Plan immediately at the outset of the project.
 - i. Mechanical trenching and stripping shall start in the areas with the highest archeological potential, such that mechanical trenching and stripping may move to lower potential areas within the LOD should archeological resources be encountered. Archeological monitors shall be required to observe ground disturbing activities in lower potential areas, as described in the approved Archeological Monitoring and Documentation Work Plan (Section 2.B.).
 - ii. The NPS shall ensure that a sufficient number of qualified archeological monitors are present on site at all locations subject to ground disturbance.

C. Post-Review Discoveries

1. **Unanticipated Archaeological Discoveries.** If newly identified historic properties are discovered or unanticipated effects on known historic properties are identified during construction, the NPS will comply with 36 C.F.R. § 800.13 by consulting with DC HPO and, if applicable, Native American Tribes that may attach religious and/or cultural significance to the affected property; and by developing and implementing avoidance, minimization, or mitigation measures with the concurrence of DC HPO and, if applicable, Native American Tribes.
 - a. The NPS will immediately cease all ground disturbing and/or construction activities within a twenty-five (25)-foot radius of the discovery. The NPS will not resume ground disturbing and/or construction activities until the specified Section 106 process required by this MOA is complete.
 - b. The NPS will inform the Signatories of the discovery within forty-eight (48) hours and, together with the Signatories, will determine the projected path forward to comply with Section 106 within fourteen (14) calendar days or as expeditiously as possible.
 - c. The Signatories will review the plan documents and provide written comments to NPS within seven (7) calendar days.
 - d. The NPS will consider the written comments to the fullest reasonable extent. Should the NPS object to any comments made by the Signatories, the NPS will provide a written explanation of the objection and will consult with the Signatories to resolve the objection. If no agreement is reached within thirty (30) calendar days following receipt of a written explanation, the NPS will request the ACHP to review the dispute resolution pursuant to Article V.B.
 - e. If no Signatory provides written comments within the agreed upon time, the NPS may proceed with the submitted plan.
2. **Treatment of Human Remains.** In the event that human remains, burials, or funerary objects are discovered during construction, NPS will immediately halt subsurface construction disturbance in the area of the discovery and in the surrounding area where

additional remains can reasonably be expected to occur and will immediately notify DC HPO and the District Chief Medical Examiner (CME) of the discovery under DC Code Section 5-1406 and other applicable laws and regulations.

- a. If the CME determines that the human remains are not subject to a criminal investigation by federal or local authorities, NPS will comply with the applicable federal or local laws and regulations governing the discovery and disposition of human remains and consider the ACHP's Policy Statement Regarding Treatment of Burial Sites, Human Remains, and Funerary Objects (2007).
- b. For actions involving Native American human remains or burials, the appropriate Native American Tribes and the DC SHPO will be consulted to determine a treatment plan for the avoidance, recovery, or reburial of the remains.
- c. The NPS will ensure compliance with applicable laws in accordance with provisions of NAGPRA, as amended (Public Law 101-601, 25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq) and regulations of the Secretary of the Interior at 43 C.F.R. § 10.

D. Laboratory Work and Curation

The NPS shall ensure recovered artifacts are processed, analyzed, and prepared for permanent curation according to 36 C.F.R. 79, Curation of Federally Owned and Administered Archaeological Collections, the DC Guidelines, and District protocols. 36 C.F.R. 79 also mandates permanent curation for all field records, images, digital data, artifact catalog, maps, and related information resulting from these investigations in a curation facility must meet the outlined standards, and the DC HPO shall receive copies.

E. Reporting Requirements

The NPS shall develop draft and final reports in accordance with NPS 28 and the Secretary of Interior's standards, DC Guidelines, and protocols outlined in Stipulation II. and District report submission protocols in the DC Guidelines. A draft and final District state site file form shall be completed and submitted for each archaeological resource identified regardless of eligibility.

V. ADMINISTRATION

A. Reporting

The NPS will provide the Signatories with an annual summary detailing work undertaken pursuant to the terms of this Agreement that includes NPS's efforts to carry out the terms of this Agreement, any scheduling changes proposed, the overall status of the project, and any disputes and objections received by the NPS on this Agreement. The summary will be distributed by electronic mail within one (1) week of the anniversary of the last signature on this Agreement.

B. Dispute Resolution

Should any Signatory object in writing to the NPS regarding any action carried out in accordance with this Agreement, the Signatories and Consulting Parties shall consult to resolve the objection. Should the Signatories be unable to resolve the disagreement, the NPS shall forward its background information on the dispute as well as the NPS's proposed resolution of the dispute to the ACHP. Within 30 days after receipt of all pertinent documentation, the ACHP shall provide the NPS with written recommendations, which the NPS shall take into account in reaching a final decision regarding the dispute or notify the NPS that it shall comment pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.7(c) and then proceed to comment. The NPS shall take the ACHP comments into account, in accordance with 36 C.F.R. § 800.7(c)(4). Any ACHP recommendation of comment shall be understood to pertain only to the subject matter of the dispute; the NPS's responsibility to carry out all actions under this Agreement that are not subjects of the dispute shall remain unchanged.

C. Adoptability

In the event that a federal agency other than NPS or NCPC intends to provide financial assistance, permits, licenses, approvals or other assistance that meets the definition of undertaking at 36 C.F.R. 800.16(y) and relates to the Undertaking, such federal agency may become a Signatory to this MOA as a means of satisfying its Section 106 responsibilities. To become a Signatory to this MOA, the agency official must provide written notice to the Signatories that the agency agrees to the terms of the MOA, specifying the extent of the agency's involvement with the project, the agency's intent to participate in the MOA, and identifying NPS as the lead federal agency for its undertaking. The participation of the agency is subject to approval by the Signatories, who must respond to the written notice within thirty (30) calendar days. If no responses are provided, the approval will be considered implicit.

D. Amendments

Any Signatory to this MOA may request that it be amended. The Signatories will consult for no more than thirty (30) calendar days (or another time period agreed upon by all Signatories) to consider such amendment. The amendment will be effective on the date a copy, signed by all the Signatories, is filed with the ACHP.

E. Termination And Withdrawal

If any Signatory to this MOA determines that the terms of the MOA will not or cannot be carried out, that Signatory will immediately notify the other Signatories in writing and consult with them to seek resolution or amendment pursuant to Stipulation VIII of the MOA. If within sixty (60) days a resolution or Amendment cannot be reached, any Signatory may terminate the MOA upon written notification to the other Signatories. Once the MOA is terminated, and prior to work continuing on the Undertaking, NPS must either (a) execute a new MOA pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.6 or (b) request, take into account, and respond to the comments of the ACHP under 36 C.F.R. § 800.7. NPS will notify the Signatories as to the course of action it will pursue.

F. Signatures And Effective Date

This MOA may be executed in counterparts, with a separate page for each signatory. This MOA will become effective immediately upon execution by all Signatories.

G. Electronic Copies

Within one (1) week of the last signature on this MOA, the NPS shall provide each Signatory with one high quality, legible, full color, electronic copy of this fully-executed MOA and all of its attachments fully integrated into one, single document. Internet links shall not be used as a means to provide copies of attachments since links to web-based information often change. If the electronic copy is too large to send by e-mail, NPS shall provide each Signatory with a copy of this MOA as described above, on a compact disc or other suitable, electronic means.

H. Duration

This MOA will expire if its terms are not carried out within ten (10) years from the date of its execution. Prior to expiration, the NPS may consult with the Signatories to reconsider the terms of this MOA and amend it in accordance with Stipulation VIII above. Execution and implementation of this MOA evidence that NPS has considered the effects of this Undertaking on historic properties and satisfied its responsibilities under Section 106 of the NHPA and its implementing regulations.

SIGNATURES AND EXHIBITS FOLLOW ON SEPARATE PAGES

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WASHINGTON, D.C.**

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

BY: John Stanwich
Superintendent
White House and President’s Park

Date

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

BY:

[NAME]
[ROLE]

Executive Office of the President

Date

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UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

BY:

[NAME]

[ROLE]

United States Secret Service

Date

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NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

BY: Marcel Acosta
Executive Director

Date

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WASHINGTON, D.C.**

DC HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE

BY: David Maloney
DC State Historic Preservation Officer

Date