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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 02/21/2015	Date Received: 02/21/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I was on the Board at Fort Mason, and worked to get streetcar lines extended from Fishermans' Wharf to the Fort. In the absence of such an extension, the amount of traffic generated by the Alcatraz Ferry at Pier 3 would have very negative impacts on the operation of Fort Mason and would probably have severely negative impact on the operations of the Ferry. Perhaps the present management and Board at Fort Mason today do not share this opinion, but I am reasonably certain that this is a fact.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/07/2015	Date Received: 03/07/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Attn: Planning Division Re: Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation EIS

I support the Environmentally Preferred Alternative for location of the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation.

Despite the property being under the jurisdiction of the Port of San Francisco and not the Park Service where the Park Service could have full control of the site, the Port site better protects historic Fort Mason Center from an inundation of visitors and their related service and expected parking demands which will be beyond the carrying capacity of the site, in order to accommodate over 1 million visitors/year.

To turn Fort Mason Center, a non-profit center for the arts, into an tourist Embarkation Center would overwhelm the quieter nature of the Center and disrupt established and preferred activities that the small Center serves and would be contrary to its mission.

The historic Port of San Francisco, already home to the Cruise Ship Terminal, is the natural location for an additional water transport service. The Embarcadero currently serves millions of visitors on foot in a wide variety of ways and services, and presents a higher visibility location for the Park Service in presenting the public with the opportunity to visit Alcatraz, and beyond, than does Fort Mason Center.

The Park Service can enter into negotiations with the Port of San Francisco to provide accommodation for a welcome, orientation and interpretation of the natural cultural, scenic and recreational resources of Alcatraz, the larger GGNRA, and the National Park System. The Port has been struggling to find the appropriate tenant mix on its Piers for years and because the Public Trust requires the Port to provide maritime related services to the citizens of the State of California, the fit seems to match the needs of both the Port and the Park Service.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Because is possible that public, Federal Funds, and historic credits could be leveraged by the Park Service as well as the Port of San Francisco, to both improve and maintain historic Pier 31 1/2, financial stability and sustainability appears to be more promising at Pier 31 1/2 than at Fort Mason Center where the Park Service might be sole fund raiser for improvements and accommodations, and dependent on the largesse of an increasingly budget-cutting Congress.

With the main Embarkation ferry service located at Pier 31 1/2, and with stops potentially planned for Fort Mason and other parklands in the Bay, it appears that the Environmentally Preferred Alternative will still help Fort Mason Center profit from some added visitorship, without the burden of being overwhelmed by the greatest numbers of users.

Sincerely yours,

Jan Blum San Francisco CA

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/09/2015	Date Received: 03/09/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Moving Ferry Service to Fort Mason is a terrible idea that would effectively extend Fisherman's Wharf to the Marina and adversely effect San Francisco residents.

The area is already poorly served by public transit and highly used by commuters. Adding the vehicles required to get 1.7 million people per year to the ferry would be highly disruptive.

Finally, the addition of ferry service there would pose an existential threat to locals who have been using that stretch of the bay for swimming and rowing for the past century and a half.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/09/2015	Date Received: 03/09/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I think locating the Alcatraz Ferry at Fort Mason is a great idea. The historical connection is strong and it is a wonderful use of our GGNRA space. Parking at the Marina could be enhanced as well as public tranportation to the site and utilization of the Presidio shuttles.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/10/2015	Date Received: 03/10/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I strongly OPPOSE the move of the ferry to Fort Mason. I live in the area and parking and traffic is already a nightmare. I don't know how you could possibly think this part of town, with pretty much only has one way in/out, can handle 1.7 million visitors. The Marina is not equipped to handle what you are suggesting. We have seen a rise in crime in this area and this move would just make matters worse. This is a residential area and it should stay that way.

Once again, I strongly oppose this move.

Best,

Lisa

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/14/2015	Date Received: 03/14/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

RE: Pier 3 Alternative: Retrofit existing structures and establish a long-term embarkation site at Pier 3 in Fort Mason, a federal property managed by GGNRA. A third berth between Piers 1 and 2 would also be constructed. Establishment of a long-term ferry at Fort Mason would change the character and the traffic of an area that should be preserved as a Monument. There are already historic boats and organizations such as the Dolphin Club and the South End Rowing Club whose open water swimming and boating activities that serve the public of San Francisco would be negatively affected by the establishment of the Alcatraz ferry in the area.

I truly hope that financial interests of the Ft Mason administration do not trump the environmental and social impacts of establishing the Alcatraz Ferry in the proposed area.

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/15/2015	Date Received: 03/15/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I have serious concerns about this option.

It would endanger many lives who use this part of the bay for recreation and fitness.

Additionally as someone who lives nearby, this would bring even more congestion, traffic, and pollution to a relatively calm area of the city.

Another issue would be parking, as there is very little in the neighborhood.

I am strongly against this proposed development.

Boaz Nur

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/16/2015	Date Received: 03/16/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Re: Alcatraz Ferry Terminal at Ft. Mason:

As a long time user of Aquatic Park, and as a member of the South End Rowing Club, I must vehemently argue against the proposed Alcatraz Ferry Terminal concept at Ft. Mason.

The area is already full to capacity with aquatic related events, from early spring through late fall.

The negative impact on regular, 'non-tourist' visitors would be major, and would be counter to what the purpose of Aquatic Park, and environs was meant to be in the beginning.

Thank you.

Greg Mitchell

Proud South End Club Member

Petaluma, CA.

94952

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/09/2015	Date Received: 03/10/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

March 9, 2015

Frank Dean, Superintendent Golden Gate National Recreation Area Fort Mason Bldg. 201 San Francisco, CA 94123

RE: Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project

Dear Superintendent:

The Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria, a federally recognized Tribe and sovereign government, has received the information you provided regarding the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project. We provide comments under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (NHPA) requiring federal projects to meet the requirements of 36 CFR 800 for consultation with federally recognized Tribes.

FIGR provides comments regarding sacred lands and other cultural sites to protect and/or avoid our cultural resources that might be adversely impacted by the scope of work of the project. The Sacred Sites Protection Committee (SSPC) is authorized by the Tribal Council to work with agencies to develop the specific plans and procedures to avoid any potential adverse impacts. We request a meeting to discuss soil disturbing activities. Once we have met and reviewed all information, we will provide specific comments.

Respectfully,

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Nick Tipon Sacred Sites Protection Committee

Author Information

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Date Sent: 03/20/2015	Date Received: 03/20/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I went to a seminar on people with cognitive differences including autism, stroke, traumatic brain injury, and so on, that focused on their experiences with design. I encourage you to seek out input from these communities to make sure their are appropriate safe spaces. The same goes for the mobility impaired as well.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/25/2015	Date Received: 03/25/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Im writing in regard to the potential development of Pier 3 / Festival Pavilion at Fort Mason. Our annual Crafts Fair; Celebration of Craftswomen has been going strong for 37 years. This is the largest fundraiser for The Women's Building based in San Francisco and supports over 20,000 women a year with programs that provide job search & training, child care, food, clothing, translation and tax / fiscal services as well as a community space for social-emotional support.

Im the event producer for this amazing crafts show and have loved every moment of empowering women to be creators and marketer of their wares. You can learn more here; www.celebrationofcraftswomen.org

We cannot envision or afford any other space in San Francisco; the other sites along the Embarcadero are either too big, or too expensive. Moscone Center or any hotels downtown are too expensive. The Concourse near the design center is closed - our options to keep the arts alive in SF are dwindling.

After working for years at Pier 33, I know Pier 31 1/2 isn't an ideal location. I just don't see why Pier 41 isn't valid anymore....and honestly, I can't imagine the impact at Fort Mason and along the Marina Green. I think you would have some riled neighbors for sure.

I suppose the master plan of Fort Mason includes building a hotel on Pier 1, but, with the potential changes abound; all of these efforts together really destroys the mission of Fort Mason supporting arts and culture. If this moves forward, it truly shows that development & money rules while the rich diversity of the arts looses once again.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/30/2015	Date Received: 03/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The proposed National Park Service program to move the anchorage for the Bay cruses ferry boats from its current location to Fort Mason would be hideously disruptive to the Aquatic Park environment, both long time residents as well as forcing a life style change for many city residents who daily use boating and aquatic areas. The area is currently maxed out with parking, a new change of use would only make the area more congested and difficult. The Park Service proposal is ludicrous, a plan hatched in an office with no ties to the residential neighbor hood that would be altered beyond recognition. I strongly opposed to the plan, which smells of power politics and money. James Miller

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/30/2015	Date Received: 03/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The entire project is very concerning.

One of the concerning things is pressure that project will make on the residential area. According to the parking survey from 2011, it was already one of the concerns. However 4 years later the parking situation become significantly worse the point that project will have unbearably negative impact on the residents of San Francisco.

Already best parts of San Francisco water front are hosting exclusively touristic attractions. Expanding touristic area even more (in this case Forth Mason it self) and taking this space from the hard working tax paying San Franciscans it's not fair. Are we working for the good of San Francisco residents or, tourists ?

On top of this I have concern of environmental impact on the aquatic park (only such place in entire bay area). What impact this has on the water quality for swimmers, ability to row and kayak outside the cove ?

What's the impact on the historic South End and Dolphin Rowing Club clubs ?

I'm strongly against the re-allocation of the Alcatraz Ferry to the Forth Mason !!!

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/30/2015	Date Received: 03/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

1. Safety. The historical use of Aquatic park has been for recreational boating and swimming. I am very concerned about the prospect of having these large boats near where people swim and use boats - I believe the large boats will expose the NPS, the boaters and the swimmers to risk.

2. Environmental concerns. I believe that operating the ferries from Ft. Mason introduces the potential for fuel spills which, could disrupt the use of Aquatic Park by the public and wildlife.

3. The impacts of running a train line to facilitate tourism would negatively impact local residents and Aquatic Park visitors - congestion, , increased noise, more parking challenges and the negative impacts on air quality from more cars is a serious concern of mine.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/30/2015	Date Received: 03/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

To whom it may concern,

Regards the possible moving of the Alcatraz ferry from Pier 33 to Ft Mason:

This is a horrendously bad idea for a number of reasons.

safety is paramount. Aquatic Park and its environs were built in the 30's as a WPA project FOR THE HEALTH of the CITY (not tourists). Historically AP and environs have been used by swimmers, rowers and now kayakers, paddleboarders, and outrigger users. To put a ferry in that space with the MILLIONS of people coming and going would forever alter the use of that space, TAKING AWAY its original intent for usage.

The negative environmental impact of MILLIONS of out of towners in a small area is also a huge concern. Not only the parking but the garbage, the cars and the busses would destroy an area that is not used to such a massive CONTINUAL influx of people. Just take a look at what happens when the Blue Angels come into town. Believe me, locals stay away.

The impact of this move on the local community can not be over stated. it would negatively impact the peaceful enjoyment of the locals along the Marina The piers at Ft Mason may have been used during WWII but they are in no condition NOW to handle such a massive influx of people on a daily basis. The location at Pier 33 is perfect. Please don't trash yet another area of SF specifically for the tourists, while ignoring the residents' needs.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/30/2015	Date Received: 03/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am strongly in favor of containing tourist attractions to the existing boundaries within the Embarcadero/Fishermans Wharf area. Improving the existing property at Pier 41 is my favored solution, with building a new facility at Pier 31 a very close second.

I am extremely antagonistic to moving the facility to Fort Mason, and plan to commit significant effort to steer the decision away from this location. Allow me to explain why:

From the perspective of a tourist, I would consider the location of Fort Mason to be extremely inconvenient, requiring either a long walk or use of transit, raising out-of-pocket costs. There is very little parking available in the Fort Mason area. Adding sufficient parking infrastructure to would add significant cost to the project.

From the perspective of a member of the South End Rowing Club and frequent recreational user of The Bay, the Fort Mason location is a bad solution for a number of reasons:

1) It would have a strong negative effect on the public recreation area at Aquatic Park due to noise, and water quality issues such as chemical pollution, and diesel odors.

2) There would be frequent right-of-way conflicts. Because of the commercial traffic at Pier 41 and "fish alley" swimmers and rowers often choose to avoid plotting a course to the East of AP. The preferred course is to the West in large part because of less traffic, and in large part because it's more scenic. Putting another source of commercial traffic so close to AP to the West would create a very small "box" in which we would be constrained.

3) Parking, again: parking a car anywhere near the West end of the Embarcadero is difficult, and often expensive. Moving a tourist attraction to the Fort Mason would likely cause ongoing parking trouble for members of both the Dolphin and South End athletic clubs.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Lastly, from a personal entertainment perspective, it would cause the dislocation of the food truck roundup, which is often a location for friends to meet and dine on Friday nights. I'd be bummed if it were not so convenient to our club. Additionally, my wife and I enjoy the crafts and ceramics shows held annually at Fort Mason. It's a great venue for events of this type.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/30/2015	Date Received: 03/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am member of the South End Rowing Club and a former San Franciscan. I am opposed to this proposal for a ferry terminal at Fort Mason for several reasons:

1). There is the issue of parking being severely not just for users of Aquatic Park but for nearby residents which would include my relatives.

2.) Traffic will be impacted as the ferry terminal will be further away from public transportation including BART. I am also particularly concerned for the students at nearby Galileo High School. Imagine lost tourists driving around and not being aware of students crossing the street.

3.) Environmental safety. I'm concerned about ferry pollutants coming into Aquatic Park where many people go into the water.

Thank you for giving me to opportunity to comment.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/30/2015	Date Received: 03/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I would like to remind the NPS that San Francisco has a long tradition of recreation at and around aquatic park. In addition to people from San Francisco, aquatic park draws regular visitors from the greater bay area. Indeed I've learned that its an international destination having met and hosted visitors from Iceland, Australia, New Zealand as well as many European countries.

All of these users make aquatic park a vibrant place worth preserving not to mention the economic benefits that accrue to region.

I'm sure there are those who would argue that placing a ferry terminal at Fort Mason will have no impact on the goings on in aquatic park. But that just isn't true. In truth aquatic park is just the jumping off place for many swimmers and rowers heading to various parts of the bay and beyond. To introduce regular boat traffic into Fort Mason would be the moral equivalent of amputating a significant portion of aquatic park.

As much as swimmers and rowers fear being run over by boats, I suspect that the crews of these ferries would also suffer anxiety if they have to operate in such close proximity to the many users of aquatic park.

In addition to these obvious conflicts, I worry about how the traffic and parking that would come with turning Fort Mason into a ferry terminal would be accommodated in this section of the City where congestion and insufficient parking are already the norm.

In short I hope you will look at this issue closely and then either leave the ferries at their current location or else find another more suitable location.

Thank you for your attention.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/30/2015	Date Received: 03/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am opposed to putting ferries at Fort Mason to visit Alcatraz. I am especially opposed to put trollies to transport people to Fort Mason.

As a swimmer and rower at the Dolphin Club I enjoy the tranquility of Aquatic Park, which would be ruined by a trolly. I dont see any benefit to having ferries at Fort Mason. There must be some space that remains to people that live in San Francisco, and pay property taxes for recreation. The whole waterfront cannot be taken over by tourists.

I personally dont get any benefit from tourists. They crowd my space and they dont add any cultural value to the city. Keeping them at the current Fisherman's Wharf is plenty. I dont see any studies that suggest that they need more space and that that space should come from my recreational space.

As a voting member of the community, a tax payer I will base my upcoming votes for supervisor on the current vote on this senseless plan.

Sibylle Scholz

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/31/2015	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I strongly oppose the relocation of the Ferry Terminal to Fort Mason for the following reasons

1. Safety. The historical use of Aquatic park is recreation and the prospect of having these large boats near where people swim and use boats creates significant questions of safety.

2. Environmental concerns. Potential for fuel spills could disrupt the use of Aquatic Park by the public.

3. Moving the Ferry Terminal further away from the hub of hotels puts more stress on our streets and public transit.

4. This move will significantly impact negatively two of the oldest multi-generational institutions, the Dolphin Club and the South End rowing club.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/31/2015	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

NPS,

Please leave the Alcatraz Ferry Terminal, which mostly serves visitors, on Fishermans Wharf.

A ferry terminal at Fort Mason would create a huge barrier to swimming and rowing.

The Dolphin and South End Rowing Clubs are two of the few organizations in the entire Bay Area dedicated to swimming and rowing.

Many swimmers and rowers go to or past Fort Mason daily which would not be possible if the Alcatraz Ferry Terminal was relocated there.

Thank you,

Victoria Stein

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/31/2015	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear NPS.

I have been a swimmer at the South End Rowing Club for 14 years and have enjoyed daily swims in the bay. There is no finer way to begin one's day! As such, I am concerned about your plan to put a ferry terminal at Ft. Mason. The boat traffic could be a nuisance, especially to rowers in our club who frequently row out to the GG bridge from the Aquatic Park but also to swimmers who make swims, depending on the tide, from Crisy Field, Yacht Harbor, Couglin Beach, and even Gas House Cove back to the Aquatic Park on a regular basis. Clearly these club swims would have to be discontinued due to safety concerns. In addition, I am worried about oil spills, at least on flood tides, that would sweep diesel fuel or oil into the Aquatic park. This park, enjoyed by many swimmers from the South End and Dolphin clubs, not to mention hundreds of other adventuresome souls, especially on weekends, could easily become spoiled. The Aquatic Park is a jewel in our city and I would hate to see its recreational value diminished by ferry traffic. Tourism is important to our city, but not at the expense of the Aquatic park and all the swimmers and rowers who enjoy it. Besides, Pier 41 is close to the center of tourism at Fisherman's Wharf (Pier 31, the Jeremiah O'Brian, fish shops, etc.), so it makes a lot more sense from the point of view of tourism to leave the Ferry terminals where they are.

Thanks for your consideration, Dean

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/31/2015	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am vehemently against moving all the tourist traffic and boat traffic to Fort Mason. I use Fort Mason to swim in the bay, protected from all the ship traffic, litter, oil fumes, etc. I can take my children to the small beach and let them play in water. Any large tourist vessel with increase the litter, oil spills, noise, etc. Keep the large vessels as far away from the beach as possible.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/31/2015	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am very concerned about the proposal to move ferry service from the Embarcadero to Fort Mason. I am an open water swimmer and a open water canoe / kayaker, and frequently utilize the Aquatic Park for these activities. there is a vibrant community of rowers, swimmers and kayakers that find the Aquatic Park a safe location out of the major boat traffic to enjoy our activities even as we move past the jetty and into the bay.

I know first hand that the ferry's move quickly, and do not deviate from course, and their wake is several feet high - a challenge for even the most competent open water waterman. I also know that a swimmer, even with a full kit of safety gear including a visibility float and neon cap, is extremely difficult to see, particularly if the water is not glassy smooth. Moving the ferry route directly into the line of traffic of swimmers and human powered boats is a safety nightmare.

I respectfully request that you reconsider the proposed route with respect to the safety of the large community that currently utilizes this beautiful part of the bay.

Best Regards, Judy Jensen San Mateo, California

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 03/31/2015	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Hello,

I am writing to provide strong opposition to the proposal to move the Alcatraz Ferry to Fort Mason. I frequently am in the area to participate in activities at the Dolphin Club, so feel I am in a good position to comment on the additional proposed traffic and tourism in the area. It is currently difficult to park in the area on the street, which would be made significantly more difficult. Additionally, the area is packed with people enjoying the area, both tourists and locals. Adding more foot traffic and vehicle traffic would render the whole Fort Mason and Ghirardelli areas unpleasant for locals (much like Fisherman's Wharf is). Losing this special blend of locals and tourists would be a shame.

My husband and I recently took the ferry to Alcatraz to see the Ai Weiwei exhibit (which was wonderful!) from Pier 31 1/2. We felt it was easy to get in and out on public transit, the facilities were adequate, and the ferry ride was pretty incredible (even for those of us who grew up in the City!) coming west around the corner, with the Golden Gate Bridge looming in the background. We thought "now this is a great way to experience the city!"

Please strongly consider keeping the Alcatraz Ferry at its current location.

Thank you, Molly Sturtevant 7th generation San Franciscan

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

It's way too rough to place loading facilities along that area. The current boils through those piers, the wind from the NW and NE have a direct line, and ships wakes alone make it unliviable. Ask the folks on the ship Obrien now tied at pier 45. Ask pier 39 with their addition of a break wall. This project should die, the sooner the cheeper. Keep the rent money for the Port, we don't want more bay fill in the form of an untested break wall. Thanks, Andy Stock, retired commercial fishermen.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/01/2015	Date Received: 04/01/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

As a frequent visitor to San Francisco, the idea of having the ferry to Alcatraz concerns me. The Marina and Fort Mason area is too busy already, and that is with mostly local visitors using the Marina Green and attending events at Fort Mason. The area surrounding Fort Mason is not capable of handling the influx of tourists wanting to visit our most popular attraction. Plus, why move it out of Fisherman's Wharf? It is a natural, permanent home for the ferry. While folks are waiting for their ferry, they can easily visit other parts of the Wharf...have lunch, support local businesses, etc. Ease of access to, and for, tourists is partly why the Exploratorium move to the Embarcadero. I believe that a move to Fort Mason should not be considered. I say this not as a resident, but as someone who loves the City. Thank you for allowing continued input. Jen Magnusson

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

I would strongly oppose the moving of the Alcatraz ferry to Pier 3 at Fort Mason. The impact on the neighborhood and other tenants at Fort Mason seems it would be overwhelming. Also, as a swimmer in the Bay and Sailor, the increase in ferry traffic would seriously impact our swimming area as we regularly swim to Fort Mason from Aquatic park. We avoid the Embarcadero because it has so many ferry routes. Fort mason is currently a very safe place for us to swim.

Also, this is far removed from the "Tourist Zone and does not seem like an obvious fit, whereas piers near the current location seem to be a better fit for the ferry traffic, pedestrian traffic, parking. . .

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/01/2015	Date Received: 04/01/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I oppose moving the Alcatraz ferry to Ft Mason for a number of reasons:

1. Extending crowds of tourists from the Fisherman's Wharf area through Aquatic Park to Ft Mason will cause increased traffic, and in the summer and on weekends bottle up Bay St, Laguna St and Marina Blvd.

2. significantly affect the residents of the Marina as well as recreational users of the nearby paths for walking and biking

- 3. Make it difficult for SF residents to shop at Safeway.
- 4. Disturb or eliminate calm waters for kayakers, sailors and swimmers in this area.

5. Increase trash from Ft Mason into the park and residential neighborhoods.

I think this is a very bad idea.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/01/2015	Date Received: 04/01/2015
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Correspondence Text

Moving the Alcatraz Ferry to the Ft. Mason pier would be a big mistake for San Francisco. The proposed area is already congested with traffic and moving the ferry would only make things worse. There is not enough parking. Traffic along residential streets would significantly increase as tourists try to short cut congested main traffic arteries. An established residential neighborhood would be transformed into another tourist attraction which would be more suitably be placed in the Embarcadero/Pier 39/Fisherman's Wharf area of the city where tourists can more easily access the ferry. New parking structures and new public transportation would need to be introduced causing a further transformation of an established neighborhood into a tourist zone.

The impact on recreational activities has been massively underestimated. Swimmers training for cold water events would be severely compromised. Aquatic Park and it's surrounding area has become training ground for swims including: English Channel, Catalina Channel, Strait of Gibraltar, North Channel, Cook's Straight and more. The ferry traffic would limit swimming opportunities out of the Aquatic Park cove and potentially introduce more pollution into the part of the bay where most swimming occurs. The additional boat traffic will have a major impact on rowers who also regularly train in this part of the bay.

Please reconsider this poorly thought out proposal.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

I don't believe that the neighborhood around Fort Mason can effectively handle the expected 1.5m visitors per/year. Traffic at the entrance of fort mason is already congested, and moving this many tourists, who are already at the commercial waterfront would dramatically impact the Marina neighborhood.

I don't see why the existing site couldn't be upgraded to have a better NPS feel and the appropriate interpretive content installed.

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

Re-locating the Alcatraz Ferry Service to Fort Mason would have a negative impact on the area which is already overcrowded with locals and tourists, especially on the week-ends. There is already a serious problem with garbage being left behind on the week-ends from persons who do not obey the rules for permits in the area. There are Friday evening food trucks and week-end fairs and exhibitions as well as every day activities. I think the ferry service is presently located in a good area to service the general public and visitors and should remain at that location.

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/01/2015	Date Received: 04/01/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Moving the Alctraz Ferry Terminal to Fort Mason is a horrible idea and the National Park Service has been completely ignorant on its impact on both land and water. The pristine and tranquil area around Fort Mason is extremely different than Pier 31 1/2.

As an avid Bay swimmer and South End Rowing Club (SERC) member, I use the San Francisco Bay for my marathon swimming training for such challenges as a solo swim across the 21 miles of the Catalina Channel. Several other SERC members have used Aquatic Park and its immediate surrounding area for training for swimming across the English Channel, Straits of Gibraltar, North Channel, Cooks Strait, and Tsugaru Channel just to name a few. The bulk of these training swims happen in the area outside of Aquatic Park. We have several club-sponsored swims that start outside of the park and end back our club, frequently putting us directly in the path between Fort Mason and Alcatraz. We also have rowers that go outside of Aquatic Park on a regular basis which they can safely do so without huge ferry boats threatening their lives. These ferries bring a serious danger to our safety as swimmers and rowers with not only their size, wake, and propellers but also the pollution they dump into the water. Exhaust in the water asphyxiate swimmers and can be ingested from hundreds of yards away. These ferries can also leak oil and other harmful fluids into the Bay, directly into the area that the swimmers and rowers use.

I'm also an frequently cyclist along the path between the Embarcadero and Golden Gate Bridge running along Crissy Field. This area is a safe area for cyclists to ride in a city known for fatal bicyclist accidents. There is a huge amount of foot and cyclist traffic in the area around Fort Mason. Pedestrians and cyclists have been able to peacefully co-exist in this space.

The proposed idea to just add in tour buses to shuttle Alcatraz tourists into the area would disrupt this flow and like the ferries in the water, introduce large vehicles that endager the lives of the numerous pedestrians and cyclists in the area. People come from all over the world to enjoy cycling and walking in peace. Please don't disrupt this! Parking would become an even worse nightmare in this area! San Francisco is known for being a city that's virtually impossible to park in already.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Currently the historic railcars already happily serve as public transportation along the Embarcadero through Fisherman's Wharf. Tourists enjoy riding these railcars as it's part of the historic SF experience and much more nostalgic than riding a modern day shuttle bus. Don't deprive them of experiencing part of SF's past by throwing them onto buses. The proposed buses would also add to the gas consumption and air pollution that our electric railcars don't contribute to.

I have attended several special events at Fort Mason over the years as a Bay Area Native and lifelong resident. Parking during those times were impossible and organizers had encouraged people then to take public transportation to the events as parking was limited. What do you think would happen with introducing 1.7 million people to that same area? While you can say that they can take public transit also, the fact is that many will still chose to drive, especially if there is technically parking available in the Fort Mason parking lot and surrounding area.

Extending the rails from Fisherman's Wharf to Fort Mason will completely disrupt the waterfront along Aquatic Park. Every day there are families and tourists alike that come to Aquatic Park to enjoy the beach and beautiful view of our Bay. Allowing the railcars to blast right through it is effectively extending the hussel and bussel of the Embarcadero right through the Aquatic Park area. Please go for yourself on any given day and see just how much foot traffic there already is in the area!

Tourists to the area typically are interested in hitting up Alcatraz, Pier 39, and Fisherman's Wharf all in a row. The current layout of having them all right next to each other provides them convenience as they can walk between all 3 of them. They get to spend more time enjoying the tourist hot spots, especially before or after their Alcatraz tour. Adding a shuttle bus or forcing them to take the MUNI railcar would increase the cost of their trips is a bad way to nickel-and-dime tourists who aren't used to the high SF prices for everything even more not to mention the increased time they would have to use to get between the wharf area and Fort Mason.

Fort Mason is currently at the heart of a peaceful area that is enjoyed by cyclists, swimmers, rowers, and pedestrians alike in addition to the Marina residents. Do not introduce a commercial attraction in the middle of a sanctuary in a major city. Keep the commercial attractions in the areas where people expect them and that the city's infrastructure is already in place to accommodate.

Sincerely,

Kelley Prebil

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/01/2015	Date Received: 04/01/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Several points against locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason:

1. The paucity of public hearings makes it clear that the NPS intends to disregard the interest of San Francisco residents. The NPS should schedule several more public meetings, and they need to be scheduled at times when working people can reasonably expect to attend. This means at least one more public meeting in the evening, and at least one more public meeting on the weekend.

2. Negative impact on current bay activities: The NPS has stated that since it is already operating ferry service on the bay, moving the embarkation point for Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason will not affect current bay activities. Nothing could be further from the truth. The water between the Hyde Street Pier and Fort Mason is currently used for non-motorized recreational activities such as rowing, kayaking, paddleboarding and swimming. Moving the Alcatraz embarkation point to Fort Mason will degrade a relatively clean and safe portion of the bay into a high traffic area. Heavy vessel traffic to and from Fort Mason will greatly increase the risk of death or dismemberment to current water users, especially swimmers.

3. Negative impact on Aquatic Park: This area is heavily used by cyclists, runners, pedestrians, water users and others because it is a park-like environment protected from vehicular traffic. Re-introducing rail traffic through this area constitutes urbanization of park land, to the detriment of current use patterns.

4. Negative impact on Chrissy Field: The San Francisco waterfront becomes progressively less urban west of the Hyde Street Pier. The Chrissy Field open spaces and wildlife habitat restoration areas are valuable to this city precisely because they are not maximally developed for large numbers of visitors. Introducing the ground and water traffic associated with 1.7 million annual Alcatraz visitors will extend the urbanized portion of the waterfront into what is now low-density, mixed use and park land. Locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason constitutes urban encroachment on the open space resources of San Francisco.

Please do not degrade the less developed portion of San Francisco's waterfront: Keep the ferry terminal east of the Hyde

Street Pier.

Todd Jordan

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/01/2015	Date Received: 04/01/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am writing to encourage the National Park Service to keep the ferry launch to Alcatraz at Pier 33 1/2.

The proposal to move the ferry launch to Ft Mason with transportation service being offered from the area by Aquatic Park is very concerning to me. The area is already heavily used by locals and tourists with the weekends being especially crowded both on the land as well as in the water. I cannot imagine how the area would be able to handle the surge of people also interested in going to Alcatraz.

I also think that Pier 33 1/2 offers a more central location for those interested in taking the ferry to the island. I know many people who have come to the Bay Area and stay in the East Bay and use BART to access the city. It would add a significant chunk to their journey if they had to also get all the way to Ft Mason.

Thank you for your time and consideration and I hope you decide to keep the ferry to Alcatraz in its current location.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/01/2015	Date Received: 04/01/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

RE: Embarkation from Ft. Mason to Alcatraz, San Francisco

This is a very terrible idea. I live opposite Ft. Mason and it is always busy. The road which goes by it, Marina Blvd which turns into Laguna when the road goes south around the Marina Safeway, is a main traffic corridor in the mornings and evenings. There is no parking for Alcatraz bound tourists. Ft. Mason's parking lot is full most of the time because it serves the businesses there. There's also a farmers market on Sundays and on Off The Grid on Friday evenings. Using Ft. Mason as an embarkation point to Alcatraz would be a traffic and parking disaster here. Parking is already scarce here. Pier 41 is set up for it. There are street cars there. There is no public transit here.

THIS PROPOSAL IS PATENTLY RIDICULOUS. AT THE MINIMUM THERE SHOULD BE AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT MADE.

Peter Kagel resident

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

1. The lack of easily accessible public hearings makes it clear that the NPS intends to disregard the interest of San Francisco residents. The NPS should schedule several more public meetings, and they need to be scheduled at times when working people can reasonably expect to attend.

2. Negative impact on current bay activities: The NPS has stated that since it is already operating ferry service on the bay, moving the embarkation point for Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason will not affect current bay activities. Nothing could be further from the truth. The water between the Hyde Street Pier and Fort Mason is currently used for non-motorized recreational activities such as rowing, kayaking, paddleboarding and swimming. Moving the Alcatraz embarkation point to Fort Mason will degrade a relatively clean and safe portion of the bay into a high traffic area. Heavy vessel traffic to and from Fort Mason will greatly increase the risk of death or dismemberment to current water users, especially swimmers. South End rowing and the Dolphin clubs are the shepherds for enjoyment outside of AP cove. We are internationally known hubs for swimming. We are historic institutions and should be allowed to continue our good work here - the safest spot for us.

3. You are putting people and NPS and the city at risk. Please don't wait until there is a death to consider this.

4. Negative impact on Aquatic Park: This area is heavily used by cyclists, runners, pedestrians, water users and others because it is a park-like environment protected from vehicular traffic. Re-introducing rail traffic through this area constitutes urbanization of park land, to the detriment of current use patterns.

5. Negative impact on Chrissy Field: The San Francisco waterfront becomes progressively less urban west of the Hyde Street Pier. The Chrissy Field open spaces and wildlife habitat restoration areas are valuable to this city precisely because they are not maximally developed for large numbers of visitors. Introducing the ground and water traffic associated with 1.7 million annual Alcatraz visitors will extend the urbanized portion of the waterfront into what is now low-density, mixed-use and park land. Locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason constitutes urban encroachment on the open space resources of San Francisco.

- 6. Negative impact on businesses in current ferry location.
- 7. Negative impact on the peace of the Marina and fort Mason.

8. Negative impact on already deteriorating nearby piers.

Please do not degrade the less developed portion of San Francisco's waterfront: Keep the ferry terminal east of the Hyde Street Pier.

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/01/2015	Date Received: 04/01/2015
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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Do not move the Alcatraz Ferry from it's current location. Fort Mason is a residential neighborhood; Pier 39 is already congested; so leave the Ferry alone.

Author Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

To whom it may concern,

As a long time resident of San Francisco, and a member of the South End Rowing Club at Aquatic Park, I must write to voice my concerns and opposition to the proposal to relocate the Alcatraz Ferry Service to Ft Mason/Pier 3.

The draft EIS seems to give short shrift to the interests and rights of residents and visitors to Aquatic Park and the surrounding area, particularly with regard to the historical use of this area for rowing, swimming, and other individualized water sports/recreation. stated simply, more development is not always the answer. The SERC and the Dolphin Club have existed on the waterfront since 1873, giving members, guests, and visitors a means of access to the Bay and surrounding area that is unrivaled anywhere else in the City(or indeed, the entire Bay Area). Relocation of the Alcatraz Ferry Terminal will irretrievably and negatively affect this use, and lead to inevitable environmental impacts as well, including:

- 1. increased pollution in proximity to human use/swimming/contact with water
- 2. Further damage to the Municipal pier, which is already in need of repair

3. Unnecessary "creep" of tourist based business located in Fishermans wharf area north/west toward parkland at Ft Mason and quiet residential areas at the Marina

- 4. Traffic snarls sure to follow as 1.7 million tourists try to get to Ft Mason
- 5. Further Parking and Transit Headaches
- 6. Unfair relocation of one of the main features served by Fishermans Wharf/pier 39 tourist oriented businesses/hotels/transit.

The GGNRA needs to come to terms with the Port and the City, and locate at p 31.5 or p 41. They hold dear the value of preservation of cultural/historical/traditional buildings and institutions. The SERC is the oldest rowing club on the west coast; it is steeped in history and tradition. And this is not some stodgy yacht club with exclusive membership; it is open to all for a very minimal fee. if the GGNRA runs a train line thru Aquatic Park and moves to P 3, it will likely sign the death warrant for the SERC and Dolphin clubs. Why not make an effort to leave this corner of the waterfront well enough alone? Trains, buses, and the influx of more humanity will overtax this beautiful spot.

PLEASE do not move the ferry to Ft Mason! Thank you Steve McDonald

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
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Correspondence Text

In this part: 19 (xix), it says that locating a ferry terminal at Pier 3 Ft Mason will have no impact on boating, or swimming. This is absolutely false. There are numerous swim events between Alcatraz and Aquatic Park that would be directly disrupted by ferry service along this new proposed route. These events would not be possible due to enormous safety concerns.

Beyond that, this would cause detrimental consequences for the plethora of shopping, dining, gallery businesses near the current ferry terminal and result in less sales tax for the city.

Not to mention that parking would be a total nightmare.

Please do not relocate the ferry terminal to fort mason.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Correspondence Text

There will be significant impact on recreational use of the waters near Fort Mason and Aquatic Park if the Alcatraz Ferry moves from its current location, Pier 33 1/2. There is likely to be rapid degradation of the already deteriorating Muni Pier. Additionally, the Port and Fisherman's Wharf businesses prefer to keep the embarkation station at its current location. The current location is much better suited to public transportation as well.

As a San Francisco resident who cares deeply for our community, our waterfront, and the Bay, I hope you will seriously consider the FULL range of impacts to ALL stakeholders prior to moving forward with this plan.

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

As a long time resident of the Marina district and San Francisco, I would oppose the establishment of a new Alcatraz dock near Fort Mason for several reasons.

The delicate balance between locals and tourists and their ability to coexist year-round is something to be strongly protected. This city has been fundamentally lauded and recognized for its unique neighborhoods, their distinct borders and the ability to leave one and enter another easily and quickly while keeping their differences from encroaching on the other. A proposal to move the Alcatraz dock to Fort Mason would severely compromise the existing virtual boundary that allows Marina residents and its visitors to feel protected from the foot and vehicle traffic and general pollution which results from a concentrated tourist presence near attractions such as Alcatraz. For example, Russian Hill residents near Lombard Street struggle daily to participate in every day activities without feeling suffocated by the obstacles presented by tourists. Residents looking to walk, exercise or drive through their neighborhood must navigate through the major vehicle congestion and pedestrian traffic created by the tourist attraction located in the heart of a residential area. While the idea of keeping residential and tourism area separate in all parts of the City is unrealistic and sometimes impossible, a conscious effort to move the logistics of an attraction such as Alcatraz to now infiltrate a residential neighborhood seems inconsiderate to the residents that call this city home.

Any potential benefit to the tourism population by moving the Alcatraz dock to Fort Mason would be grossly negated by the degradation of the residential integrity of the existing Fort Mason area.

It is safe to say that maintaining solitude and separation from tourist attractions is one of the factors that keep San Francisco residents content and able to coexist with a thriving tourism industry.

Please respect the delicate logistical balance which currently exists between Alcatraz and its visitors, and the existing residential areas of this great City.

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Correspondence Text

As a long time member of the South End Rowing Club at Aquatic Park, I have serious reservations about the park service's plans to move the Alcatraz Ferry terminal to Ft. Mason. On weekends, parking is already difficult in the area. Bringing thousands more people to the area will only exacerbate that issue.

As a swimmer, who frequently swims in the area, the boat traffic will severely curtail my ability to enjoy that waterfront. The damage done to the last remaining 'wild' shoreline, Black Point, by the numbers of ferry crossings is also a serious issue. Leave Ft. Mason the low impact gem that it is, and take the Alcatraz Ferry proposal to a busier location. Thank you.

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

I would like to strongly object to the proposed use of Fort Mason as the future site of Alcatraz and other ferry service in San Francisco. As a San Francisco and Bay Area resident for over 35 years, I have used the Alcatraz ferry many times from its present location. I spent many years working on Fisherman's Wharf in the tourist industry and clearly saw the direct connection between retail sales and the ferry service, as customers remained in close proximity to both activities. Removing the ferry service to Ft. Mason could have a significant impact on that relationship. Also, the public has access to many large vessels in the same general area as ferry service is now, with cruise ships nearby.

Most of all, I am writing as a long time swimmer of the Bay. My club, the Dolphin Club, and it's sister club the South End, have enjoyed recreational swimming in and around Aquatic Park for well over 100 years. About 100 of us made the swim around Fort Mason, with dozens of small boats and kayaks, just a couple of weeks ago. Multiple times per year we cross this area. Many commercial swim groups make the journey from Alcatraz to Aquatic Park in addition to our multiple Alcatraz swims each year. Swimmers can be found in and around Aquatic Park every hour of the day, every year, and that includes the waters around Fort Mason. Locating your ferry services next door is likely to impact us significantly. To my knowledge, no one in your organization has spoken to any member of the swimming community regarding this impact, which is not acceptable.

I recommend that no change of site occur or that you retrofit piers in the same general area as your present location. Fort Mason should not be engaged in ferry service.

Thank you for your consideration, Richard H.

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Correspondence Text

On Page xii, the "Pier 3" alternative is listed as having "minor" adverse traffic and parking impacts. It is unclear how this can be the case. Where will the millions of annual visitors park for their multi-hour ferry ride, if not at Fort Mason? This would severely limit the current uses of that lot, whether parking for visitors to the waterfront or the Sunday Farmer's market.

On page xix, the "Pier 3" alternative lists "and no impacts on

recreational boating or swimming". This is unrealistic, based on the site's proximity to Aquatic Park (a swimming, paddleboard, kayak, rowboat) home base. The ferry services are currently quite respectful and cooperative with maintaining communication and safety when overlapping with organized swims and rows both along the shoreline and cross-channel. Wherever the ferry embarkation point is decided, I hope this respectful and cooperative relationship can continue. I am concerned that the overlap of the Aquatic Park recreational area to the busy ferry embarkation point at Pier 3 would lead to more conflicts between the ferries and recreational users of the Bay. Currently there is a clear dividing line between Ferries starting from Pier 41 down to the Ferry building, and recreational small craft users and swimmers to the West of Hyde St. Pier. There would be less overall impact if the Ferry embarkation point were kept to the East of Hyde St. Pier.

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Correspondence Text

To Whom it concerns:

I am against the plan to use Fort Mason as the ferry hub for Alcatraz visitation.

This area of SF Bay, with it's unique and historic swimming community, will be forever altered from a world class destination for open water swimming- to being a sideshow for Alcatraz sightseeing business.

Also, installing a train to run along the edge of Aquatic park, will overrun the area, ruin the aesthetics of this beautiful area, and make swimming more difficult and less desirable.

Right now Aquatic Park, and this section of SF Bay, is a very important place for an open water swimming community that is worldwide. I would hate to see it negatively altered by this plan.

Sincerely,

Rick M.

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Correspondence Text

This comment is with regards to page XIX of the proposal, which indicates that this project will have no impact on boating or swimming, and the relevance of this project to the San Francisco General Plan.

The Dolphin and South End swimming and rowing clubs are among the oldest social and athletic clubs in the city, each being ~100 years old. These clubs have a membership totaling ~2500, with hundreds of those regularly swimming in the bay at and around the aquatic park and participating in races and charity swims, regattas, and boat races. These contribute to the health, well-being, and satisfaction of visitors and residents, and provide a one-of-a-kind open space. The proposed project works against tenets of the SF General Plan in the following ways:

1. SFGP:"Improvement of the city as a place for living, by aiding in making it more healthful, safe, pleasant, and satisfying, with housing representing good standards for all residents and by providing adequate open spaces and appropriate community facilities"

-OPEN WATER IS AN OPEN SPACE. Notably, the only Dolphin to ever die on a swim was hit by a boat, and the users of the aquatic park and surrounding areas understand boats to be their greatest danger. Therefore the proposed plan renders a public and historically and culturally important open space to be of increased danger to use.

2. SFGP: "Coordination of the varied pattern of land use with public and semi-public service facilities required for efficient functioning of the city, and for the convenience and well-being of its residents, workers, and visitors"

-This recreation area has a huge impact on the well-being, health, enjoyment, and satisfaction of its users, both frequent users and visitors to the city. Increased boating traffic will hamper use of the aquatic park and surrounding areas for recreational swimmers and boaters, and will thereby have a negative influence on the health and well-being of users.

3. SFGP:"Protection, preservation, and enhancement of the economic, social, cultural, and esthetic values that establish the desirable quality and unique character of the city."

-These swimming and boating institutions are one of an increasingly rare class of cultural establishments in the City.

Members are from all walks of life, are mostly long-term residents, and have a unique set of values such as bay stewardship that are underrepresented in the City at large. The proposed project is a threat to the safety and comfort of the aquatic park/surrounding area users and are therefore a threat to an important and unique SF cultural institution.

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Correspondence Text

As a 30-year-member of the Dolphin Club, it has been my privilege to spend many idyllic hours on San Francisco's waterfront- -walking, swimming, and occasionally boating. I am horrified by the proposals to move the Alcatraz ferry to what is a prime treasure of land and sea for residents, visitors, and regulars who chose that chunk of halcyon peace and beauty to enjoy, to restore the restless soul, and to challenge oneself in or on the water. The water itself is pretty dang clean but with ferry traffic, with more car, trolley, but and taxi connections, the pollution will have a huge impact on all--neighbors, workers in the area, athletes, and just visitors who come to enjoy a uniquely beautiful "park" and sea-scape.

This area is a national treasure and should be kept pristine for all. Ports are ample further east and should be utilized, rather than degrading what is near perfect now.

Would you okay grafitti in Yosemite? I don't think so; carving initials on redwoods in Muir woods? I think not. Crowding a waterway with cross=current ferries belching smoke, cutting off non polluting kayaks, row boats and flotillas of human swimmers creates potential and dangerous disasters.

Moreover, on land between the proposed ferry port through the tunnel and along narrow walkways hosting cyclers, walkers, strollers, trolleys will bottleneck and clog our prime paths bordering the water where so many enjoy the outdoors on beach or grass.

Please do not mess up what is a halcyon respite for so many from the noisy, dirty pollution and crowding that is the waterfront of so many cities.

Don't ruin San Francisco's bellissimo bay front, Golden Gate, Alcatraz and Marin county viewing stands on the south shore of San Francisco Bay.

thank you .

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Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service,

Thank you in advance for reviewing the considerations below which, articulate my concerns regarding the proposal to develop Lower Fort Mason as the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation location. As stewards of San Francisco's most valuable open space areas, I encourage the NPS to finalize agreeable business terms with the Port that will enable NPS to operate ferry services from the existing Piers 31/33 and 41.

I believe there are significant aspects of the EIS which, are underdeveloped and as a result, may point the NPS in a direction that exposes your organization to heightened risk and brings the NPS in direct conflict with it's own stated goals and those of San Francisco's General Plan.

Please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions or for further conversation.

Regards,

David Bennett (b) (6) (b) (6)

Suggested Solutions:

1. Adopt an even greater focus on achieving agreement on the unresolved business terms with the Port. Selecting Fort Mason to be developed to support ferry service, in part because business terms such as rent can not be agreed upon would be a disservice to the economic and cultural value that this location currently provides to City residents and visitors.

Rationale for opposing the development of Pier 3 at Fort Mason:

1. The EIS Transportation and Circulation Study does not address the environmental impacts of the proposed extension of the historic streetcar. My understanding is that the extension project has already been approved however, the EIS needs to be updated to reflect the frequency and volume of passage along this extension that would be required to support the 1.5 million annual visitors that would leverage the extended track. Pedestrian foot traffic and recreational use of the area between Fisherman's Wharf and Lower Fort Mason increases significantly each year and an updated impact statement is needed to reflect the current state of usage in this area.

2. The DO-12 Handbook states in section 3.5(b) that an EIS is required if a proposed action may have, "...have adverse effects on such unique geographic characteristics as historic or cultural resources; park, recreation, or refuge lands; wilderness areas;..." I do not believe the current EIS has addressed the negative impacts the Lower Fort Mason proposal may have on the Aquatic Park area and it's function as a cultural resource where residents and visitors of all ages, from multiple neighborhoods gather to enjoy access to the Bay. Additionally, the negative impacts to the recreational function that the area between Fisherman's Wharf and Lower Fort Mason currently provides is significant (described in the following item).

3. Pages 78 and xix of the EIS state that the Lower Fort Mason proposal will result in, "no impacts on recreational boating or swimming." Unfortunately, this is not the case. The area between Fisherman's Wharf plays a critical role in providing Bay access to a vast number of recreational boaters and swimmers and the recreational usage continues to grow each year. The Dolphin Club currently supports an active member base of roughly 1,400 taxpayers and adds roughly 15 - 30 new members each month who use the Bay to recreate. The South End Rowing Club supports a highly active base of 1,000 recreational Bay users. Jointly, these clubs enable roughly 50 organized recreational outings on the Bay each year - this figure does not account for the private outings that are self-initiated by club members and out of town visitors. It is estimated that roughly 5,000 swimmers come to San Francisco each year to swim from Alcatraz Island to San Francisco where they currently enjoy the safety and security of recreating west of the ferry service traffic lanes. The integration of Ferry traffic into a widely used recreational area exposes the NPS to a significant risk through heightened potential of injury and death to recreational boaters, swimmers and the City Police and Coast Guard members that would be required to intervene in rescue and recovery operations. The numbers cited above are estimates but if measured accurately, would be much higher, given the fact that large organizations such as the Leukemia Society's Team In Training program, The San Francisco Triathlon Club, The Golden Gate Triathlon Club and Water World Swim actively use the waters between Lower Fort Mason and Fisherman's Wharf to recreate.

4. Page 24 of the EIS states that "recreation" wan an impact topic selected for detailed analysis however, nowhere in the report is the detailed analysis or, the outcomes of that analysis provided. I do believe that analysis is required before considering Lower Fort Mason as a viable location for the ferry embarkation location.

5. Page 410 of the EIS states that the Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters protect boaters and swimmers from ferry wake generated wave action and that the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area. The same justification was used to indicate to NPS that the jetty and breakwaters protect the boaters and swimmers from water quality conditions outside of those structures. However, this is not the case - the currents that originate from the west (and the water quality characteristics they bring with them) directly influence the conditions in Aquatic Park and the wakes created by motorized boat traffic undoubtedly do impact the safety of water recreation within Aquatic Park. Given how this topic was assessed in the EIS is an indication to me that the actual and detailed potential environmental impacts have been overlooked and as a result, there are potential outcomes that may expose NPS to risk if Lower Fort Mason is developed as proposed.

6. Policy 2.4 on page 25 of the City's General Plan refers to the City's strong commitment to passive and water-oriented recreation, views and habitat. Throughout the General Plan, the area between Fort Mason and Fisherman's wharf is consistently cited as one of the city's valued recreational access locations. To undermine that value through development of a ferry embarkation location seems to be in conflict with the City's long-term goals.

7. The SF General Plan places a clear emphasis on ensuring the economic vitality of the Fisherman's Wharf area. Relocating the ferry embarkation location to Fort Mason would likely result in 1) economic loss to the business sector operating in Fisherman's Wharf and 2) overall economic loss to the City because commercial development opportunities to replace those lost at Fisherman's Wharf would not be possible given the zoning and developable land for business purposes in area surrounding Fort Mason. Although the NPS may generate added revenue through onsite sales within a more-developed Fort Mason, it would mean an overall loss for the city's economy.

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Correspondence Text

Dear Planning Superintendent,

Several points against locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason:

1. The paucity of public hearings makes it clear that the NPS intends to disregard the interest of San Francisco residents. The NPS should schedule several more public meetings, and they need to be scheduled at times when working people can reasonably expect to attend. This means at least one more public meeting in the evening, and at least one more public meeting on the weekend.

2. Negative impact on current bay activities: The NPS has stated that since it is already operating ferry service on the bay, moving the embarkation point for Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason will not affect current bay activities. Nothing could be further from the truth. The water between the Hyde Street Pier and Fort Mason is currently used for non-motorized recreational activities such as rowing, kayaking, paddleboarding and swimming. Moving the Alcatraz embarkation point to Fort Mason will degrade a relatively clean and safe portion of the bay into a high traffic area. Heavy vessel traffic to and from Fort Mason will greatly increase the risk of death or dismemberment to current water users, especially swimmers.

3. Negative impact on Aquatic Park: This area is heavily used by cyclists, runners, pedestrians, water users and others because it is a park-like environment protected from vehicular traffic. Re-introducing rail traffic

through this area constitutes urbanization of park land, to the detriment of current use patterns.

4. Negative impact on Chrissy Field: The San Francisco waterfront becomes progressively less urban west of the Hyde Street Pier. The Chrissy Field open spaces and wildlife habitat restoration areas are valuable to this city precisely because they are *not *maximally developed for large numbers of visitors. Introducing the ground and water traffic associated with 1.7 million annual Alcatraz visitors will extend the urbanized portion of the waterfront into what is now low-density, mixed-use and park land. Locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason constitutes urban encroachment on the open space resources of San Francisco.

Please do not degrade the less developed portion of San Francisco's waterfront: Keep the ferry terminal east of the Hyde Street Pier.

Sincerely, Denis Casey

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Correspondence Text

Hello,

I'd like to add one more voice to the comments re: moving Alcatraz Ferry Service to Ft. Mason.

Please don't!

It's important to recognize that recreational activity on the Bay is well outside the confines of Aquatic Park. We swim, kayak, kite surf, and enjoy the water around Ft. Mason by actually being in it.

I don't have the benefit of a funded study to support my belief that a move to Ft. Mason would create significant safety issues for those who enjoy the Bay. Swimmers and rowers regularly traverse the waterway between the St. Francis Yacht Club and Aquatic Park. Increasing traffic by adding a ferry service would pose problems for everyone using the waterfront.

I look forward to hearing about the decision process and how we can find amicable resolutions.

Thank you.

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Correspondence Text

Dear NPS planning,

This really is a bad idea, for all of the reasons listed below. Please don't do this. The impact, both socially and environmentally, will be devastating. I am sure you can find a way to do better than that. You are, as an agency, entrusted with our public spaces. I'm sure someone had a good reason to come up with this plan, but you must take all of these point into consideration and realize that it's a bad idea.

I am a bay swimmer with the South End Rowing Club and so I have a personal stake in this. It is very dangerous to have so much boat traffic and pollution in this area of the bay, which has a long history of non-motorized watercraft recreational use. It is also difficult enough to park in that area right now. Many people simply won't be able to enjoy our public water park and the surrounding area anymore if this plan goes through.

Please plan another public meeting during a time when 9-5 working people can show up. We want our voices heard, too.

Thank you. Denise Lillian

1. The paucity of public hearings makes it clear that the NPS intends to

disregard the interest of San Francisco residents. The NPS should schedule several more public meetings, and they need to be scheduled at times when working people can reasonably expect to attend. This means at least one more public meeting in the evening, and at least one more public meeting on

the weekend.

2. Negative impact on current bay activities: The NPS has stated that since it is already operating ferry service on the bay, moving the embarkation point for Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason will not affect current bay activities. Nothing could be further from the truth. The water between the Hyde Street Pier and Fort Mason is currently used for non-motorized recreational activities such as rowing, kayaking, paddleboarding and swimming. Moving the Alcatraz embarkation point to Fort Mason will degrade a relatively clean and safe portion of the bay into a high traffic area. Heavy vessel traffic to and from Fort Mason will greatly increase the risk of death or dismemberment to current water users, especially swimmers.

3. Negative impact on Aquatic Park: This area is heavily used by cyclists, runners, pedestrians, water users and others because it is a park-like environment protected from vehicular traffic. Re-introducing rail traffic through this area constitutes urbanization of park land, to the detriment of current use patterns.

4. Negative impact on Chrissy Field: The San Francisco waterfront becomes progressively less urban west of the Hyde Street Pier. The Chrissy Field open spaces and wildlife habitat restoration areas are valuable to this city precisely because they are *not *maximally developed for large numbers

of visitors. Introducing the ground and water traffic associated with 1.7 million annual Alcatraz visitors will extend the urbanized portion of the waterfront into what is now low-density, mixed-use and park land. Locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason constitutes urban encroachment on the open space resources of San Francisco.

Please do not degrade the less developed portion of San Francisco's waterfront: Keep the ferry terminal east of the Hyde Street Pier.

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Correspondence Text

It is very disturbing to me and my whole family that you would consider Fort Mason as a possible site for the Alcatraz Ferry. We are local residents, and we go to Fort Mason at least once a week to shop the Readers' Bookstore, one of the best bookstores in the city.... my son and I browse the books, while my wife shops at Safeway. Putting the Alcatraz ferry at Fort Mason would likely put the bookstore out of business because there would be no place to part.... likewise, the Sunday Farmers' Market. We've been to Alcatraz and will not likely go there again in the foreseeable future- -- once is enough for us and for most local residents. The ferry would be for tourists only- -- and the tourists are already at Fisherman's Wharf, so why make them climb up over the hill to access the ferry? It wouldn't make sense and you would lose business for Alcatraz tours. Fort Mason is for us locals and it should stay that way. Please do not put the ferry at Fort Mason- -- it is a crazy idea.

SF resident since 1981

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Correspondence Text

As a frequent visitor to the bay area and SF, I've had the opportunity to take advantage of the many benefits the city and surrounding area have to offer. I personally think that moving the Alcatraz ferry embarkation to Fort Mason from Pier 39 is a bad idea of several reasons.

I believe this move would negatively impact the historic nature/ambience of Fort Mason.

The area around Aquatic Park, and the area between Fort Mason and the Golden Gate are used extensively for recreational activities on land and in the water. Adding a Ferry route in this area will unnecessarily cause congestion that I feel is better kept in the area where there is already existing Ferry routes.

Thank you for considering my comments.

Gerald Auman, VMD Kennett Square, PA

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Correspondence Text

Please keep aquatic park and fort mason free of the ferry boats to Alcatraz. It's a beloved spot for swimmers that would be unable to support the enormous increase in tourist traffic (water, cars, walking, and biking). That space should be kept as is for the safe use of Bay swimmers. Construction is only one small aspect of a major barrier for all those who love this area.

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Correspondence Text

Please don't move the ferries to Fort Mason. It will impede the recreational activities that go on in that area. As a recreational tourist, business tourist and recreational participant, I feel the current layout works great. I've taken the ferry and it was very convenient as is. It doesn't seem broken from our perspective. Don't mess with it. Thanks.

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Correspondence Text

As a triathlete I enjoy the beauty and serenity of Aquatic Park on a weekly basis while swimming. As a mom I bring my children to the area to enjoy the beach and water. Bringing the ferries to this area will pollute the water, cause congestion and harm this beautiful part of San Francisco. Please reconsider.

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I write to express my opposition to moving Alcatraz ferry to the Fort Mason area. Although I live and work in the South Bay I frequently travel to SF for the express purpose of swimming at Acquatic Park as well as running and biking in the Fort Mason and Marina area. Moving the ferries to this area would destroy the area with the increase in people and cars and congestion and noise. The benefits are not significant but the change to the area would be substantial and frankly I would stop coming.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/03/2015	Date Received: 04/03/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please leave Alcatraz where it is. It makes no sense to go all the way to Fort Mason to make matters worst with traffic congestion. Tourists have a difficult enough time getting to San Francisco. I think that Money would be lost. Alcatraz is the first attraction that a tourist will go to when they get to San Francisco. Tourists identify San Francisco is a city that loves it's people. No matter if it's tourists, residents, local visitors from surrounding bay area cities. Leave Alcatraz where it is, please. My kids love this place and have learned so much about Alcatraz, they can't get enough of Alcatraz.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/03/2015	Date Received: 04/03/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Your EIS was incorrect in its finding that Bay swimmers are confined to Aquatic Park. In fact, we commonly swim along the shoreline between Crissy Field and Aquatic Park; as well as from Alcatraz to Aquatic Park. The stretch between Aquatic Park and Crissy Field is currently the *only* place in San Francisco where swimmers can safely enjoy the open Bay without the safety risks presented by introducing commercial boats. The ferries in their current location are not a threat to swimmers. Moving the ferry docking location in San Francisco represents a huge blow to the established community of open-water swimmers in San Francisco. I oppose it.

Also, businesses in Fisherman's Wharf stand to suffer from moving tourists to Fort Mason, where there is almost no infrastructure to serve said tourists.

Michelle Sandoval

No

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/03/2015	Date Received: 04/03/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am 100% aainst the use of Fort Mason for ferry service and I hope you will take my opinions into consideration. I was born and raised in SF. I have witnessed so many changes hat have brought both positive and negative changes to the city. With the latest BOOM in the city and overcrowding, one thing that has been a wonderful constant in SF is the use of outdoor space for recreational activities. We are a health conscious city and our RESIDENTS deserve to have a place that we can enjoy for exercise as well as a space to play with our families. I swim at Aquatic Park on a weekly basis, please do not take that away from me and all the others that use the space.

regards, Michelle Sandoval

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am opposed tjhis change. Moving the ferries will effectively end safe open-water swimming outside of Aquatic Park. Swimming is the bay is such a unique opportunity - I would be very sad to lose this activity I love so much.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/03/2015	Date Received: 04/03/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Good evening,

Please don't move the ferry to Fort Mason, it is disruption to residents, aquatic park and the serenity of the area. As resident w/ a family the city sees fit deliver items like this or as an example "moving" the school President's day to Friday (disrupting parents who have Monday off). Don't turn SF into a mall, please keep families here. Sincerely,

Adam Melenkivitz

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I swim in the annual Alcattaz: Swim with the Centurions race from Alcatraz to San Francisco every year. If the ferry routes are chhanged, I and many other people will not be able to swim in this race, which would be incredibly disappointing. I'm asking that you please consider that re-routing the ferries to interfere with the race course would be a loss for not only swimmers, but for the city as a whole, since the swim from Alcatraz to San Francisco is something that makes this city special.

Thank you for considering this request,

Xenia Rangaswami

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/03/2015	Date Received: 04/03/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please do not move Alcatraz Ferries from Pier 39 to Fort Mason. It is dangerous for swimmers. I traveled a long distance to compete in last year's Escape from Alcatraz Triathlon. My training partner and I also took a swim class prior to the race in the Bay. We would not come back if it is moved to Fort Mason. It congests the bay and Aquatic Park.

Best Regards,

Ben Ward

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/03/2015	Date Received: 04/03/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Do not move the ferry launch site. Aquatic park is the only safe place in the Bay for swimmers.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/03/2015	Date Received: 04/03/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please reconsider the moving of Ferries to Aquatic Park. This is a playground for so many! As an open water swimmer and bike commuter I thrive on the opportunity to both experience nature, and to help the environment by commuting by bicycle. The increased traffic at Aquatic park with ferries unloading would be hazardous to both people enjoying the water, and the current traffic on the promenade. Aquatic Park has been a place of solace for many offering a safe enclosed area in which to swim and get away from it all while keeping the body whole. It is a grounding point in the midst of the city. This seems akin to moving a train station to the sanctuary of a church.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please reconsider the proposed move of the Alcatraz Ferries to Ft. Mason from their current spot at Pier 39. The increase in Bay traffic near Aquatic Park and Ft. Mason will degrade the quality of the view, the natural resources of these areas, and bring noise, pollution, and congestion to both on the water and on land.

Aquatic Park is a natural treasure for native San Franciscans and those of us who drive in from other parts of northern CA to experience the beauty and safety of swimming in the Bay. It would be a terrible loss if swimming, kayaking, SUP, and other human-powered water sports were made unsafe and nearly impossible with the ferry traffic through the area.

Thank you for your time.

Author Information

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please do not move alcatraz ferries to fort mason! As a regular bay swimmer, I appreciate the use of aquatic park for recreational purposes and I encourage the NPS to keep it that way. Thank you!

Author Information

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

PLEASE DON'T!

The issues are obvious, with increased bay traffic in the way of our swims, but also congesting Aquatic Park with tourists and tram traffic, making operations for all swim and recreation clubs dangerous and difficult. It also poses new risk to recreational boaters, kayakers, and paddlers by turning this peaceful part of the bay into a ferry and tourist highway.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
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Correspondence Text

DO NOT move the ferry to Fort Mason piers. This would ruin aquatic park and the recreation area for so many as well as taking business from fishermans wharf and directing it to a residential area. Please dont ruin the beauty of the bay and something that we all share. Hugh Leeman

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

No

Author Information

Keep Private: Name: Organization: Organization Type: Address:



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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/04/2015	Date Received: 04/04/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

This is one of the worlds most iconic swim routes. People come from all over the world to be challenged by a difficult and life changing challenge, myself included.

If you continue with this development then what is seen as one of the few remaining big swimming challenges will be destroyed.

I beg you to reconsider your plans and leave the millions of swimmers around the world who aspire to do the escape from Alcatraz swim a reason to get in the water and train hard every day in the hope of completing this amazing feat for which the city has become so famous.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Correspondence Text

I have come to the SF Bay to swim in open water clinics and to swim from Alcatraz to Chrissy Field. This spring/summer I am planning on the same. I am signed up for Sharkfest that goes to Aquatic Park. I believe this ferry change will mess up our swim area which is disappointing! Please keep boat/ferry traffic out of the swim "lane" to Alcatraz. Thanks

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Correspondence Text

Please, please, please don't move ferry traffic to fort mason!! \Box

I swim with Pedro every year and would like to continue to swim to Alcatraz, and around that area without the danger of ferry traffic.

I hope that whatever financial gain there might be from making this change does not overshadow the importance if having open water spaces. SF is known for open land spaces and I think this open water space should be protected as well !! □

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Correspondence Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The new ferry plan would be a disaster traffic-wise, but more importantly the character of historic Aquatic Park would be forever changed. I can't really believe this is even being considered. Even though I now live far away, I am a frequent visitor and feel very strongly that the whole plan is a bad idea. The preservation of historic places has improved in this country, but we have a long way to go. Please consider dropping this ill-advised proposal.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I would urge anyone involved to seek alternative locations for Alcatraz Ferry that are east of Aquatic Park. By moving them to Fort Baker, it brings congestion and ferry traffic west to an otherwise peaceful parts of the Bay. The area from Fisherman's Wharf (Aquatic Park) west to the Presidio is one of the most peaceful and natural parts of the city's waterfront. By moving the ferries to Fort Baker, it effectively ruins that area including Aquatic Park which is a sanctuary for kayakers, paddle boarders, and swimmers.

Author Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I could not imagine if this would happen . This would ruin what so many people love about the City !

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/04/2015	Date Received: 04/04/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am opposed to the option of operating the Alcatraz ferry from Fort Mason. I swim to Alcatraz once in awhile and do one race a year and I do not like the idea of increase commercial boat traffic in that area. The location at Fort Mason will increase the congestion in that area and aquatic park where I swim.

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/04/2015	Date Received: 04/04/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please don't move the ferry from Fisherman's Wharf area to Fort Mason/Aquatic park area. Fisherman's Wharf is the heart of the tourist area and close enough to key downtown locals. Aquatic Park is great for swimmers. Don't mess this up. The natural beauty that exists by Fort Mason is not enhanced by more ferry boats. Keep the two activities separate.

Author Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please keep Aquatic Park area designated for swimmers! Enough of our area is overrun by machinery. Allow us to have this place to connect with nature! Thank you!

Author Information

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Date Sent: 04/05/2015	Date Received: 04/05/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

As a Dolphin Club member I am very concerned about the impact a Ft Mason-based Alcatraz ferry service would have on the recreational use of Aquatic Park for San Francisco residents. Moving such a significant amount of tourist activity via tram service through Aquatic Park to Fort Mason will greatly restrict our access to and enjoyment of Aquatic Park for swimming and boating. Please keep tourist activity focused around Piers 31-41, and let local San Francisco residents enjoy Aquatic Park without 1.5M tourists passing through each year.

Thank you,

Karen Blodgett

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/05/2015	Date Received: 04/05/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear Sir or Madam,

I am a San Francisco resident who is strongly opposed to moving the Alcatraz Ferries from the Fisherman's Wharf areas to Fort Mason for the following reasons:

The Marina area in general, and Ft Mason in particular, does not have the infrastructure to handle the additional visitor traffic if Fort Mason were used. Traffic and parking are already difficult even with relatively small events at Fort Mason.
 Aquatic park would no longer be attractive for recreational swimming due to the huge new traffic flow from Fisherman's Wharf to Ft. Mason.

3) The infrastructure already exists in the Fisherman's Wharf area to support the Alcatraz ferries.

4) Businesses (many of whom have invested with the knowledge that the visitor flow from the Alcatraz visits) in the Fisherman's Wharf area would be permanently damaged.

I favor a solution that keeps the Alcatraz ferries in the Fisherman's Wharf area.

Thank you.

Michael Mueller

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Correspondence Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Regarding relocating the Alcatraz Ferries to Fort Mason:

Do not do this. It will make operations for all swim and recreation clubs dangerous and difficult.

It also poses new risk to recreational boaters, kayakers and paddlers by turning this peaceful part of the bay into a ferry and tourist highway making it less safe.

Already there is a enough traffic at Aquatic Park. Adding a tram and moving people from Fisherman's Wharf to Fort Mason will only make it worse.

DO NOT MAKE THESE CHANGES.

Thank you.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I have been a committed open water swimmer for more than two decades and I have enjoyed many wonderful swims in Aquatic Park as well as out in the SF Bay. Therefore, I am writing you in regard to the proposed plans of the National Park Service to move the terminal for the Alcatraz Ferry to Fort Mason and add a train along Aquatic Park to transport people between Fisherman's Wharf and Fort Mason in order to serve more tourists. This constitutes an extraordinarily bad idea for several reasons as follows:

• Sending large boats back and forth in such close proximity to swimmers creates obvious safety issues.

• The environmental impact of possible fuel spills and other pollutants from these boats poses a threat to water quality in Aquatic Park that would affect all who use the area for recreation.

• Putting a train in so close to Aquatic Park would ruin this pristine waterfront area by obstructing the view and creating congestion and noise.

• Space for the train would use up much of the already limited parking space needed by users of the recreational area at Aquatic Park.

• A train would also undermine two of the oldest multigenerational institutions of San Francisco, the Dolphin Club and the South End Rowing Club, by making them highly inaccessible.

In the interest of all who live near and enjoy Aquatic Park and the surrounding area, please oppose this National Park Service proposal.

Author Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

I use Aquatic park on a regular basis, swimming and kayaking. I generally have to show up an hour in advance to secure parking. I have to walk down the railroad tracks to reach the water with the kayak. I think a plan to push more traffic through the park would endanger the many pedestrians that walk, bike and jog through the park. I am often asked by tourist from around the world about the swimming opportunity, the swim from Alcatraz is recognized worldwide and is a serious attraction that should be protected. Please don't consider any plan that increases the difficulty for people to enjoy the waterfront. Trains running on the tracks through Aquatic park will put people at risk. Thanks

Author Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I believe the most rational solution would be to utilize Pier 31 option, the absolutely worst option would be Fort Mason - you would destroy a vintage WWII historical site.

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Correspondence Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

This change will make it more dangerous for those of us that swim in the Bay and will also congest Aquatic Park with tourists and tram traffic, making operations for all swim and recreation clubs dangerous and difficult. It also poses new risk to recreational boaters, kayakers, and paddlers by turning this peaceful part of the bay into a ferry and tourist highway. We share most of our beautiful city with tourists but need someplace that we can safely enjoy the water. Many thanks, Emili

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Correspondence Information

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

DO NOT move the current short lease location for Alcatraz Ferries down to Fort Mason.

This will cause increased bay traffic and congest Aquatic Park with tourists and tram traffic, making operations for all swim and recreation clubs dangerous and difficult. It also poses new risk to recreational boaters, kayakers, and paddlers by turning this peaceful part of the bay into a ferry and tourist highway. YIKES!

I have been coming to San Fransisco to swim at Aquatic Park and out to Alcatraz with Water World Swim for many years. Moving the lease location for Alcatraz Ferries to Fort Mason spells disaster for the thousands of swimmers who take advantage of this VERY unique resource every year.

Please consider other options. Thank you.

Guila Muir

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Correspondence Information

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

We need to be able to enjoy our city and one of the very few places suitable for swimming and other water activities. Visitors can continue boarding from Pier 39 which is much more convenient for them. There's no good reason to increase traffic for the residents and open up more of our city to uncaring temporary visitors.

Please keep Aquatic Park the way it is; accessible for swimming and other water sports.

Thank you,

Ender

Author Information

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Date Sent: 04/06/2015	Date Received: 04/06/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Ferry operations, construction work at Fort Mason piers:

As a regular denizen of Aquatic Park-a runner, life-member Dolphin Club swimmer and kayaker (38 years), I am appalled to think about the traffic of boats, tourists-with-no-restaurants-and-shopping, and the impact this plan will make on recreation around the Fort Mason, Black Point, and Aquatic Park area. There were more than 800 people swimming through that area from the GG Bridge eastward last year, and hundreds of small craft in the waters of this area. More go out everyday-with Coast Guard clearance to boot.

The history of this area for recreation goes back to at least 1877, with the birth of the swimming and rowing clubs that still exist. It would be an end to these amazing water events, the historic boatbuilding, the human health and well-being, and the news (great publicity for SF Bay) that is fostered if the ferry starts to overtake the beloved nature of the area. The swimmers bring world attention to our SF Bay's water health as well. We fight for it through our sister organizations, such as Baykeeper and MARE. We also note while out on and in the water a large population of sea mammals. Will they be impacted with the ferry craft so close to shore? Will more and more of them be pushed in to the Aquatic Park Cove, which 100's of swimmers use daily?

The ferry should have plenty of concrete, stores, and restaurants around it, giving business to the proprietors of SF commerce. Let the Ft. Mason area thrive as a nature area, and the piers as homes for the many cultural activities and panoramic inspirations that now take place. Fishermans Wharf is many blocks east of this and it works beautifully.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

There are already too many commercial ferry entries to the city. It makes it impossible for the citizens to use the water front for recreational purposes.

- Since we have very few entry points to the water, such as aquatic park, the proximity to Fort Mason would mean that the congestion and traffic would further undermine our ability to use aquatic park for recreational purposes. I strongly suggest to NOT have the ferry terminal at Fort Mason.

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

To whom it may concern:

By moving the Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason, parks typically enjoyed by locals and natives will become home to more tourist traffic. As it stands with the tech boom, San Francisco as a whole is giving little thought to how large scale changes are impacting its own. I urge the NPS to consider preserving both Fort Mason and Aquatic Park for use by its local and native citizens for several reasons, outlined below:

- Pier 39/Fisherman's Wharf is largely populated by tourists who appreciate the convenience of catching the Alcatraz ferries from nearby. Moving the ferry boarding will decrease the revenue currently experienced at Pier 39.

- Moving the ferries will disrupt the flow of local life at Fort Mason and Aquatic Park. Local clubs that will be affected include: The Dolphin Club, South End Rowing Club, Water World Swim, and Swim Art. Each of the aforementioned clubs offer swims to residents of San Francisco as well as triathletes and open-water swimmers from around the world. Aquatic Park is home to all of these clubs and their hundreds of members.

- Recreational kayakers, paddlers, and SUPers (stand up paddle boarders) also enjoy the calm waters of Aquatic Park. We leave our belongings on the bleachers while we enjoy the bay. Turning Aquatic Park into a cable car route threatens the safety of our belongings while we venture into a safe and sheltered area of the bay to enjoy recreational sports.

- Runners and cyclists frequently pass through Fort Mason to Aquatic Park and run along the old tracks in front of the bleachers. Reinstating this tourist route will displace many who use this space.

- Families host gatherings at both Fort Mason and Aquatic Park, enjoying the peace and open space offered at both parks. Turning these into tourist-focused spaces will further eliminate "greenspace" in the city that is accessible to our youth.

- The construction required to make this change will cost San Francisco taxpayers while providing little to no benefit to them.

- The construction will cause years of traffic congestion in a city already plagued by some of the worst traffic in the US and in an area that is already heavily congested at all hours of the day.

Again, I urge the NPS to reconsider. Please think of the many locals and natives you will be displacing from parks intended

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

for the residents of San Francisco. In addition, consider the logistics of such a change from a tourism revenue standpoint. This move will benefit no one and will certainly cost the residents of San Francisco millions of dollars in taxes and traffic congestion during construction.

Thank you.

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Correspondence Text

Please! Aquatic Park is safe now, but will be a lot more dangerous with tram traffic through it on land and ferries docking next door at Fort Mason. Keep the ferries away, please!

Thank you, LA

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

Please do not move the ferry traffic to Ft. Mason as it will interfere with a part of the bay which is quiet enough for swimmers and kayakers to use. I have been part of the Alcatraz swim crew for a while and really that are. Moving the ferry will make Acquatic Pakr a mess.

Thanks,

Author Information

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please reconsider this project. It is a bad idea for many reasons, some of which I list below.

1. The paucity of public hearings makes it clear that the NPS intends to disregard the interest of San Francisco residents. The NPS should schedule several more public meetings, and they need to be scheduled at times when working people can reasonably expect to attend. This means at least one more public meeting in the evening, and at least one more public meeting on

the weekend.

2. Negative impact on current bay activities: The NPS has stated that since it is already operating ferry service on the bay, moving the embarkation point for Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason will not affect current bay activities. Nothing could be further from the truth. The water between the Hyde Street Pier and Fort Mason is currently used for non-motorized recreational activities such as rowing, kayaking, paddleboarding and swimming. Moving the Alcatraz embarkation point to Fort Mason will degrade a relatively clean and safe portion of the bay into a high traffic area. Heavy vessel traffic to and from Fort Mason will greatly increase the risk of death or dismemberment to current water users, especially swimmers.

3. Negative impact on Aquatic Park: This area is heavily used by cyclists, runners, pedestrians, water users and others because it is a park-like environment protected from vehicular traffic. Re-introducing rail traffic

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through this area constitutes urbanization of park land, to the detriment of current use patterns.

4. Negative impact on Chrissy Field: The San Francisco waterfront becomes progressively less urban west of the Hyde Street Pier. The Chrissy Field open spaces and wildlife habitat restoration areas are valuable to this city precisely because they are *not *maximally developed for large numbers of visitors. Introducing the ground and water traffic associated with 1.7 million annual Alcatraz visitors will extend the urbanized portion of the waterfront into what is now low-density, mixed-use and park land. Locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason constitutes urban encroachment on the open space resources of San Francisco.

Please do not degrade the less developed portion of San Francisco's waterfront: Keep the ferry terminal east of the Hyde Street Pier.

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

There is no doubt that the wonderful big space of Fort Mason would be a beautiful place for Alcatraz departures.

But the traffic will be beyond endurance in the present circumstances.

I work in the tourism business if San francisco since 1996 and do both guide work and bus driving.

There is only one possible way. Don't consider shuttles. Or bicycles

Get creative. How about a moving sidewalk all the way from pier 39 to fort mason.

How about an overhead gondola from the ferry building all the way from AT&T park with stops st Ferry Building and Pier 39 and Hyde Street cable car turn around. Fabulous views all around. Charge them a lot. Doesn't matter. People will love it.

How about a gondola straight over to Alcatraz for that matter?

Think this is absurd? Have you done any driving at the wharf and marina lately?

Mary Mcgarvey

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Correspondence Text

Dear NPS-

Several points against locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason:

1. The paucity of public hearings makes it clear that the NPS intends to disregard the interest of San Francisco residents. The NPS should schedule several more public meetings, and they need to be scheduled at times when working people can reasonably expect to attend. This means at least one more public meeting in the evening, and at least one more public meeting on the weekend.

2. Negative impact on current bay activities: The NPS has stated that since it is already operating ferry service on the bay, moving the embarkation point for Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason will not affect current bay activities. Nothing could be further from the truth. The water between the Hyde Street Pier and Fort Mason is currently used for non-motorized recreational activities such as rowing, kayaking, paddleboarding and swimming. Moving the Alcatraz embarkation point to Fort Mason will degrade a relatively clean and safe portion of the bay into a high traffic area. Heavy vessel traffic to and from Fort Mason will greatly increase the risk of death or dismemberment to current water users, especially swimmers.

3. Negative impact on Aquatic Park: This area is heavily used by cyclists, runners, pedestrians, water users and others because it is a park-like environment protected from vehicular traffic. Re-introducing rail traffic through this area constitutes urbanization of park land, to the detriment of current use patterns.

4. Negative impact on Chrissy Field: The San Francisco waterfront becomes progressively less urban west of the Hyde Street Pier. The Chrissy Field open spaces and wildlife habitat restoration areas are valuable to this city precisely because they are not maximally developed for large numbers of visitors. Introducing the ground and water traffic associated with 1.7 million annual Alcatraz visitors will extend the urbanized portion of the waterfront into what is now low-density, mixed-use and park land. Locating a ferry terminal at Fort Mason constitutes urban encroachment on the open space resources of San Francisco.

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Please do not degrade the less developed portion of San Francisco's waterfront: Keep the ferry terminal east of the Hyde Street Pier.

Sincerely, Delia Salomon

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Correspondence Text

Thank you for your detailed advisory and request for comments.

As a member of Water World in San Francisco, I am concerned about the congestion that will be caused by the new Bat traffic your proposal will bring resulting in endangering the hundreds of our participating swimmers. Additionally the risks to kayaker and smaller boats with the ferry traffic moving closer to the mouth if the Bay.

Economically there would be hardships to Pier 38 businesses.

The ferry system is already working well. Funds could be much better spent for more necessary purposes. Thank you,

Mike Shaffer

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Correspondence Text

I opposed adding tram service due to the increase traffic of tourists and trams in a vicinity where there are people using the beach area for swimming and play. It would be more dangerous and more congested than it already is on weekends.

There aren't many safe areas to swim in the bay, this is the only spot that I go to and it would be sad to lose it.

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Correspondence Text

As a swimmer who frequents the Aquatic Park for practice swims in preparation for the annual Alcatraz Swim (plus others), I really do NOT feel safe or comfortable at all with the means to move the Alcatraz Ferries from Pier 39 to Fort Mason. It will make it extremely congested and Bay Area locals will no longer have a place they feel comfortable with open water swimming when the tourists, traffic congestion, and worst of all, more garbage gets in the way. Please reconsider moving the ferries from Pier 39 to Fort Mason and find somewhere else for the ferries.

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Correspondence Text

Aquatic Park has marked the line between local/pedestrian/swimmable waterfront, a local treasure...and tourist/commercial/powerboat waterfront...to even think of bringing in diesel belching powerboats into the former realm is ridiculous!

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

April 8, 2015 Dear NPS,

I am writing to comment on the evaluation of project alternatives for the Alcatraz Ferry Service, in particular the proposed alternative to relocate the Alcatraz Ferry Service to Pier 3 of Ft. Mason. I am a Bay rower, Bay swimmer, Master Birder, walker, cyclist, long-time public transit rider and advocate, San Francisco resident, Gashouse Cove harbor tenant, and California registered Professional Geologist/Certified Engineering Geologist who writes and reviews CEQA documents. I have numerous concerns about this proposed alternative and the adequacy of your environmental review of this alternative. My concerns stem from all of my personal and extensive professional experience, which I summarize below.

In short, the proposal is a deeply flawed idea with profoundly negative impacts on Fort Mason and surrounding areas, and on the shoreline of Blackpoint, recreational boaters and swimmers, the public transportation system of San Francisco, and the neighbors of Fort Mason. Your DEIR does not begin to address serious impacts.

I summarize my objections below.

Impacts to long-standing use by pleasure boaters - rowers, paddlers, stand-up paddlers, sailors, are not addressed. Putting the Alcatraz Ferry at Ft. Mason would destroy the ONLY area on the northern waterfront where pleasure boaters and swimmers are relatively safe from motorized boats and large wakes. Impacts to youth sailboat racing are not addressed. Impacts to regular sailboat races are not addressed. As a rower, I choose to row this stretch because I do not have to cross the shipping channel or row near ferries and cruise ships. This stretch of water is invaluable for pleasure boaters and swimmers for that reason. Your proposal to move the Alcatraz Ferries to Fort Mason is a disaster in the making.

The impacts to MUNI and San Francisco transit are not addressed. Getting to Ft. Mason without a car is impossible for people who cannot walk a half-mile or more. MUNI line 30 stops a half-mile away from Pier 3, and the 28 line does not serve

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downtown BART stations or any area of the City east of 19th Avenue. While I support the extension of the F-line, the SFMTA should not be forced to change its long-term planning to accommodate a unilateral, poorly considered decision by the Federal Government, and should instead be free to plan transit expansions for the needs of San Franciscans.

Socioeconomic Impacts - The DEIR asserts that tourist-oriented businesses will not relocate to Ft. Mason. This is laughable. The inevitable expansion of tourist-oriented businesses will have profound and profoundly negative impacts on residents of San Francisco, Harbor Tenants, and MUNI. In addition, expanding tourist accommodation will destroy the character of the National Park that begins in Ft. Mason.

Geologic Impacts - The DEIR not address increased swell and erosion to Black Point and Gashouse Cove. It does not address increased erosion to base of pre-existing rockslides along the path at Black Point.

Biologic Resources - The DEIR states that nesting birds and resident mammals in Ft. Mason will not be affected because number of people visiting Ft. Mason will not increase. The DEIR does not address uniqueness of Black Point as the only undeveloped, natural part of the entire San Francisco shoreline north of Candlestick Cove. It does not acknowledge quiet water refuge at Black Point for seals, sea lions, feeding birds. It does not address the regular presence of rare birds such as Wandering Tattler at the abandoned pier adjacent to Muni Pier.

Growth Impacts - The DEIR states no growth impacts are expected. Taxi traffic, souvenir shops, tourist facilities, bike rentals, increased visitors to Ft. Mason and Marina Green are all assumed to not increase. This is deceptive and unrealistic, and frankly insulting to neighbors.

Impacts to Gashouse Cove tenants from swell, traffic, parking, increased visitors, use of bathrooms, impact on Marina Green, a San Francisco City park, are all not addressed in the DEIR. Additional resources that will be needed by San Francisco Recreation and Parks to accommodate increase in users is not addressed. Swell is a significant issue for Harbor tenants, one that is not addressed at all in the DEIR and one that cannot be addressed without significant engineering.

These are a few among many negative impacts of relocating the Alcatraz Ferry to Fort Mason that you have failed to consider in this Draft Environmental Document. I urge you to immediately drop this alternative from consideration and concentrate on keeping the Alcatraz Ferry service where it is accessible and appropriate, where residents of San Francisco want it to be, and where it is already well served by mass transit. Moving the Ferry service to Fort Mason would destroy Black Point and have a negative impact on this small wild space and its visitors, who access it and appreciate it without the use of motorized boats or vehicles. This is directly contrary to the Mission of the GGNRA, which I quote here to end my comments.

"The Golden Gate National Parks mission is to preserve and enhance the natural, historic and scenic resources of the lands north and south of the Golden Gate for the education, recreation and inspiration of people today and in the future. In the spirit of bringing national parks to the people, we reach out to a diverse urban community, promote the richness and breadth of the national park system to many who are experiencing a national park for the first time and foster broad-based public stewardship through various volunteer and partnership programs."

Sincerely,

(b) (6)

Anna Sojourner, MS, CEG

San Francisco, CA 94102

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Correspondence Text

I am a 20-year Marina resident and am very concerned as to the community impact of relocating the Alcatraz ferry to Fort Mason. Fort Mason is a great environment for walkers, bikers, joggers, etc. The use of the waterfront for weekend events and activities like Off-the-Grid adds a vibrancy to the area but also stresses issues around traffic, parking, etc. Moving the Alcatraz Ferry to Fort Mason will exacerbate these stresses in a way that doesn't have a positive impact for our local community. I rarely go to Fisherman's Wharf because of crowds, expensive parking and the influx of undesirable chain restaurants and tourist attractions. I would hate to see the same thing happen to our beautiful Fort Mason. Please reconsider.

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

Dear NPS,

This letter provides comment on the evaluation of project alternatives for the Alcatraz Ferry Service, in particular the proposed alternative to relocate the Alcatraz Ferry Service to Pier 3 of Ft. Mason. I am a San Francisco resident, Bay rower, Bay swimmer, walker, cyclist, driver, recreational birder, and environmental engineer.

I oppose this alternative, based on my concerns below, and I feel that the environmental review of this alternative in inadequate. The proposal if implemented would have negative impacts on residents, tourists, birds, shoreline, San Francisco historical buildings, recreational boaters and swimmers. It would impact the ability to meet the objectives of the Park Service, Fort Mason and other long established institutions. The DEIR does not begin to address serious impacts.

Specific comments:

Recreational Boating: Impacts to boating use are not addressed, especially recreational boater who have long used this area which is well away from shipping channels, ferries and cruise ships. When I row the bay, in this area I see many others - swimmers, sailers, paddle boarders, etc. The traffice and swells created would change all their experience and safety, for the worse.

Public Transit, Traffic, Parking: MUNI and San Francisco transit impacts and coordination are not addressed. Getting to Ft. Mason without a car is not possible without long walk. Currently, cruise ship visitors can take Muni to Alcatraz ferry. Traffic in the area is often difficult, and parking as well. Increased visitation would make it worse.

Socioeconomic: Ft Mason national park is historic and scenic, not touristy. Relocating the Alcatraz Ferry to Ft. Mason would change that as surely more touristy shops and activities would develop. Harbor tenants would be impacted.

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Geologic: Swell and erosion would likely incrase to Black Point and Gashouse Cove. Engineering designs and high cost solutions are likely.

Biologic Resources: The SF Birding group regularly posts on bird sightings at Ft Mason, in the coves and along the waters. There will certainly be impacts on birds as traffic and people increase, and the DEIR assessment that nesting birds and resident mammals in Ft. Mason will not be affected because number of people visiting Ft. Mason will not increase seems very unlikely. Black Point is the only undeveloped, natural part of the entire San Francisco shoreline north of Candlestick Cove. As such there should be much review and discussion of impacts on it and the biologic resources.

Growth, Historic and Culture: Black Point cove and the history of the area should be preserved with minimal impact. Statements that there are minimal growth impacts are not believable. http://sf.curbed.com/archives/2013/04/29/before_fort_mason_and_aquatic_park_there_was_black_point.php

San Francisco Recreation and Parks: The additional traffic, swell, visitors, bathrooms, Marina Green usage, will affect the supports and costs needed, as well as the experience of visitors. This needs to be considered carefully.

The Draft Environmental Impact Report should drop this alternative from consideration and concentrate on keeping the Alcatraz Ferry service where it fits in with the surrounding usage, and is accessible, rather than moving the Ferry service to where it would have a negative impact on Ft Mason, Black Point wild space and its visitors, who use this natural and historic scenic resource in the spirit intended by the Golden Gate National Parks mission.

Sincerely,

Gail Brownell Environmental Engineer

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Correspondence Information

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Correspondence Text

San Francisco is a unique city that it is like a mini Disneyland - Each neighborhood has its own flair and personality. Fisherman's Wharf is for our tourists - Crowds of people come into our city to explore the Wharf, walk the embarcadero, see the Ferry Building and make their way to the Ballpark. They may take the muni to cab to the Haight or the Museum park, and even go out to Sutra Baths and the Cliff House and Legion of Honor if there is an exhibit. And, lets not forget about the Exploratorium.

With the excitability with the bike rentals and walking, we have lots of visitors walking to the GGB and exploring the Presidio and the Disney Museum and Fort Pt. The traffic has increased with just these attractions and the increase in bike rentals.

By moving the Alcatraz attraction, you are talking about moving thousands of visitors daily into a "residential neighborhood which shares retailers, schools, parks, libraries, post offices, banks, medical care units, farmers markets and an aging community in the marina -

Its one think for our visitors to explore the city on their own. Its another thing to move a whole group of people to another location forcing them into a residential area.

San Francisco is a beautiful city with bike paths, greens spaces, recycling and composting, environmentalists, outdoor enthusiasts, Pet friendly, people - Lets not make a mistake like other cities.

Keep the Alcatraz Pier where it is! it is in a great location with so much entertainment right there.

Julie Jeremy

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Notes:	

(b) (6)

Correspondence Text

March 31, 2015

Frank Dean General Superintendent Golden Gate National Recreation Area Fort Mason, Building 201 San Francisco, CA 94123

RE: Public Review of the proposed Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Sites

Dear Frank:

As the Fisherman's Wharf Restaurant Association (FWRA), we represent twelve restaurateurs who generate millions in revenue for the City each year. Members include Boudin, Alioto's and the Franciscan among others - all restaurants that represent the city's rich and unique culinary history. We proudly employ over 2,000 staff members and serve millions of customers each year.

We are committed to ensuring Fisherman's Wharf and the Waterfront remain a vital part of the city's tourism industry. We understand the current contract for the Alcatraz ferry at Pier 31 ½ expires in 2016 and the GGNRA has released the Draft Environmental Impact Statement on three potential sites for the Alcatraz embarkation - Pier 31 ½, Pier 41 and Fort Mason.

We urge you to keep the ferry service close to Fisherman's Wharf to enable the 1.5 million annual Alcatraz visitors to easily access all of the merchants, restaurants and historic attractions that draw people to the Wharf. We do not agree with the site being considered at Fort Mason. There has been significant push back from Supervisor Mark Farrell, as well as concerned

Marina residents, merchants and community groups who agree that increasing traffic in those neighborhoods would create unnecessary congestion in the area and divert tourists from some of the most popular and iconic destinations in the city.

Pier 41 is well-positioned for a long-term Alcatraz ferry location. We continue to work with the Port and other community partners to address traffic and parking congestion to make the Wharf more accessible and attractive to visitors. We believe these improvements, combined with the Alcatraz ferry relocated to Pier 41, would enhance the tourist experience for all.

Thank you for your attention and consideration.

Sincerely,

Louis J. Giraudo Boudin

Nunzio Alioto Alioto's

Dante Serafini Francsican

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/14/2015	Date Received: 04/14/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service;

I am writing today on behalf of the South End Rowing Club to ask you to reconsider your plans to move the Alcatraz Island ferry service to Ft Mason/Pier 3.

The South End Rowing Club sits on historic (1873) training grounds for marathon swimming. Moving the ferry service to an area traditionally reserved for recreation would impair the clubs ability to use that area of the bay. This would be an irreplaceable loss to our sport of open water swimming.

Being a marathon swimmer and one of only two people on this globe to have completed an extreme ultramarathon in water and land. South End Rowing club is a special place to 1000s of people on this globe. We all fly to San Francisco to swim with South End Rowing Club in the San Francisco Bay. I have swum with the club for several years and you should not disturb this beautiful opportunity that the club has created to be with nature (the SFO bay).

I was lucky enough to be able to swim with the South End Rowing club in the San Francisco Bay last year Moving the ferry service will have a massive impact on the swimming community not only in the San Francisco Bay but also internationally.

Cordially, Madhu Nagaraja http://www.itsnotaboutswimming.com/

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am a longtime member of the South End Rowing Club and a successful English Channel solo swimmer. I train at Aquatic Park. A Ferry Move to Fort Mason will eliminate many of the training swims that are necessary before going over to Dover. Please contact me or the President of South End Bill Wygant to discuss before making any firm decisions...this move could well kill most of our out-of-cove training swims and San Francisco Bay is a world renowned training grounds for English Channel Swimmers.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/14/2015	Date Received: 04/14/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service;

I am writing today on behalf of the South End Rowing Club to ask you to reconsider your plans to move the Alcatraz Island ferry service to Ft Mason/Pier 3.

The South End Rowing Club sits on historic (1873) training grounds for marathon swimming. Moving the ferry service to an area traditionally reserved for recreation would impair the club's ability to use that area of the bay. This would be an irreplaceable loss to our sport of open water swimming.

Having swum the English Channel, the Catalina Channel, around Manhattan Island and across the Gibraltar Straits and more to come, I hope, I know first-hand the amount of training that is needed to prepare for a marathon swim. Many of the best marathon swimmers in the world fly to San Francisco just to train in the bay area to get their bodies acclimatised to the cool waters.

I have been training in the San Francisco Bay, with the South End Rowing Club for over 6 years and hope to do so for many years to come. I have had numerous international open water swimmers come to San Francisco to train at our fabulous club and in our welcoming waters. Your ferry service would seriously impair our training!

Moving the ferry service will have a massive impact on the swimming community not only in the San Francisco Bay but also internationally.

Please rethink this move. There is no parking for ferry riders at Fort Mason. The Bay is one of the most precious assets of the city. Please leave it for the most people possible to enjoy. Please save our open water swimming haven.

Sincerely,

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 127 of 432

Ranie Pearce Gibraltar 2010, EC 2011, Catalina 2013, MIMS 2014, SCAR 2014 International Winter Swimming Patagonia and Siberia 2014

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Organization:	
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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/15/2015	Date Received: 04/15/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear NPS-

Please, please, please do NOT allow Alcatraz ferry service into the Fort Mason and Aquatic Park area.

This area, this microcosm of the Bay, is a sanctuary for open water swimming and training for the international swimming community. This area is a famous and popular destination for world-class swimmers, their families and the whole swimming culture. Commercial ferry service would destroy it.

Personally, I have visited San Francisco every Summer for the past decade to swim and train in the Bay, specifically in this area. This area and its unobstructed training ground helped me train and eventually swim the English Channel, Catalina Island and around Manhattan. Like many others, I bring friends and family to spend tourist dollars in this area. The Fort Mason and Aquatic Park area is a real and growing destination spot for the swimming world.

I strongly urge you to think long and hard about the many bad consequences of ferry service in the Fort Mason and Aquatic Park area.

Sincerely, Dan Boyle Triple-Crown Swimmer

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/15/2015	Date Received: 04/15/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

General GGNRA Attn: Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation DEIS Ft Mason, Building 202 San Francisco, CA 9413

April 14, 2015

To Whom It May Concern,

As President and CEO of Swim Across America (SAA), and an avid open water and Olympic swimmer, I am writing today over the dire concern I have with moving the ferry service to Fort Mason.

Swim Across America is the leading 501(c)3 non-profit in the swimming world. We have hosted open water swims all over the country for the last 28 years, and have raised over \$60 million for cancer research, treatment and prevention. In 2006, we established the San Francisco Bay Swim and our local chapter is now raising almost \$600,000/year for UCSF Children's Hospital and for Children's Hospital Oakland Research Institute (now part of UCSF).

Open water swimming's popularity is dramatically rising and it makes no sense to inhibit the ability to freely enjoy one of the Bay Area's best assets. Today, swimmers can enjoy one of San Francisco's treasures and train freely, but if the ferry service location moves, the Bay will no longer be safe for recreational use. Ferries crossing the channel would cripple our ability to use the area of the Bay that, for hundreds of years has been used by the South End Rowing Club, the Dolphin Club, local San Franciscans and international enthusiasts. The change would not only impact swimmers, but it would also affect all of the paddleboarders, rowers and kayakers who are constantly in and out of the Bay.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 130 of 432

I ask that you seriously reconsider the move of the ferry service. As an advocate for the sport of swimming, this would be an insurmountable setback to all the enthusiasts that take incredible pride in the Bay and if they are like I am, want to be no other place than out in the water, taking in the best that San Francisco has to offer.

Please do not hesitate to contact me should you wish to discuss this further.

With Gratitude,

Janel Jorgensen McArdle President / CEO - Swim Across America 1988 Olympic Silver Medalist Avid Open Water Swimmer

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/15/2015	Date Received: 04/15/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Hi,

I am writing to oppose the moving of the Alcatraz ferry to Ft. Mason. This would interfere with a subculture of open water swimmers, rowers and boater that have long existed since 1873. The history of open water swimming in this location has drawn swimmers from all over the US and world to experience the uniqueness of history that the SERC and Dolphin Club offer. There is nothing like the training ground and swimming opportunities that exist in the launching from Aquatic Park. This has become an institution for open water swimming for those that want to train for the classic, timeless swim, the English Channel. It has become a place like Ano Nuevo, where seals come to migrate, produce off spring and can do so in general safety and people can recognize the specialty of the animals and place. It is the same thing with the marathon/open water swimmers. This has been part of SF's history and traditions.

I am a marathon swimmer and have participated on the International World Cup Marathon Circuit. I was ranked 3rd in the world on the pro circuit and raced internationally for many years. I went to Olynpic Trials in 2008 for the 10km and trained out of the South End Rowing Club and the local waters for this. I have traveled the world and have recognized the SF Bay area open water opportunities are so special and unique because of the configuration of usability of Aquatic Park, the clubs(SERC and Dolphin) and the accessability for training many, many miles, just by walking from the club, to the beach to the water and going left to open ocean, across to alcatraz and marin, to the right, around SF perimeter. There is so much opportunity and history, I oppose to relocate ferry service to Alcatraz virtually next door to the club at Ft Mason.

thank you for your time.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/15/2015	Date Received: 04/15/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The National Park Service

To whom it may concern,

I am writing today on behalf of the South End Rowing Club to ask you to reconsider your plans to move the Alcatraz Island ferry service to Ft Mason.

The South End Rowing Club sits on historic (1873) training grounds for marathon swimming. Moving the ferry service to an area traditionally reserved for recreation would impair the clubs ability to use that area of the bay. This would be an irreplaceable loss to our sport of open water swimming. Being the English Channel World Record holder, I know first-hand the amount of training that is needed to prepare for a marathon swim. Many of the best marathon swimmers in the world fly to San Francisco just to swim in the bay area to get their bodies acclimatised to the cool waters.

I was lucky enough to be able to swim with the South End Rowing club in the San Francisco Bay last year in the lead up to the 2014 Alcatraz Invitational Swim held by the club. It truly was an amazing experience swimming in the bay that week and one I will never forget.

Moving the ferry service will have a massive impact on the swimming community not only in the San Francisco Bay but also internationally.

Please do not hesitate to contact me should you wish to discuss this further.

Kind Regards,

Trent Grimsey

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 133 of 432

English Channel World Record Holder

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/15/2015	Date Received: 04/15/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

b) (6)

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service;

I am writing today to request the re-consideration of the proposal to move the Alcatraz ferry terminal to the Fort Mason region. Both the Dolphin Club and South End Rowing club are located in this area and would greatly suffer from the ferry at Ft Mason. Both clubs are important historic corner stones in both the rowing and swimming world. Aquatic park is internationally recognized as training grounds for English channel swimmers. I have swam the Catalina channel twice and hold the world record for swimming across (and back) Crater Lake. These swims would not have been possible without the swimming opportunities, possibilities and community of the South End Rowing Club. Ferry traffic at Fort Mason would destroy all that.

This area of San Francisco is precious and unique and does not have the infrastructure to accommodate the foot traffic, car traffic, parking or even the roadways required for this exponential increased use by ferry-users.

Aquatic park has become a recreation mecca in the last few years with swimmers, triathletes, runners and cyclists enjoying the beautiful area - ferry traffic would eliminate this function.

Please re-consider the proposal to move the Alcatraz ferry to Ft. Mason/Pier 3

Thank you, Kate Howell

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/17/2015	Date Received: 04/17/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I strongly object to the placement of the Alcatraz embarcation site at Fort Mason, and encourage you to remove it as an alternative in future reports.

Fort Mason is inappropriate for the following reasons:

1. Alcatraz embarkation would quickly become the dominant use of the Fort Mason facility, and dominate parking usage and merchant usage at the Fort. Currently Fort Mason is a quiet and peaceful location, with many small businesses and nonprofits, with an interesting mix of daytime and nighttime uses. The character would change dramatically.

2. The big boats used for Alcatraz embarkation would change the character of this part of the bay. Currently, west of the municipal pier is used exclusively by smaller boats (primarily sailing), swimmers, rowers, strollers and people fishing. It is far different than the bustling port activities to the east of this location. It is critically important to leave an area of the bay front which is of a quieter character, and the environs of Fort Mason currently serve that purpose extremely well.

3. Fort Mason is far less accessible to the many visitors to Alcatraz than either of the alternatives. This would increase traffic and congestion on Bay St. and Marina Blvd. which are already busy city streets. Transit alternatives are very poor to this area, which would encourage many more Alcatraz visitors to drive, causing additional congestion. Parking facilities would be quickly filled up, as there are no garages in the area.

I urge you to remove Fort Mason from consideration as an Alcatraz embarkation site.

Thank you.

Peter Schmitz (b) (6)

San Francisco, CA 94133

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 137 of 432

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/17/2015	Date Received: 04/17/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

To National Park Service...

In response to the draft EIS for the long term Alcatraz embarkation point, I strongly urge you to remove Fort Mason as a proposed alternative.

Fort Mason is inappropriate for the following reasons:

1. Alcatraz embarkation would quickly become the dominant use of the Fort Mason facility, and dominate parking usage and merchant usage at the Fort. Currently Fort Mason is a quiet and peaceful location, with many small businesses and nonprofits, with an interesting mix of daytime and nighttime uses. The character would change dramatically.

2. The big boats used for Alcatraz embarkation would change the character of this part of the bay. Currently, west of the municipal pier is used exclusively by smaller boats (primarily sailing), swimmers, rowers, strollers and people fishing. It is far different than the bustling port activities to the east of this location. It is critically important to leave an area of the bay front which is of a quieter character, and the environs of Fort Mason currently serve that purpose extremely well.

3. Fort Mason is far less accessible to the many visitors to Alcatraz than either of the alternatives. This would increase traffic and congestion on Bay St. and Marina Blvd. which are already busy city streets. Transit alternatives are very poor to this area, which would encourage many more Alcatraz visitors to drive, causing additional congestion. Parking facilities would be quickly filled up, as there are no garages in the area.

I urge you to remove Fort Mason from consideration as an Alcatraz embarkation site.

Thank you.

Kellen Brenner

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/17/2015	Date Received: 04/17/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

To Whom It May Concern/National Park Service,

This letter regards the change of location for SF Bay Ferry service. I strongly oppose re-locating the ferry boats to the docks at the Ft. Mason area.

As a member of the South End Rowing Club and a regular swimmer in San Francisco Bay, the ferries leaving from Ft. Mason would certainly interfere with the swims that I and other club members do. We have regularly scheduled year-round club swims with anywhere from 25 to 100 swimmers that would be impacted by ferries crossing through the path of the swim. Ferry routes would no doubt cross the path of our swims that happen between Alcatraz and Aquatic Park as well as our swims from the Kirby Cove/ Ft. Point areas to Aquatic Park. Our history of swims in the Bay go back 100 years and, with this change in ferry service location, there is certainly potential to bring to an end many of these long-established swims.

As well, swimmers training for major marathon swims, including the English Channel, Catalina and Santa Barbara Channels, Cook Strait, and Monterey Bay, use the San Francisco Bay as their prime training ground. These swimmers enter and exit the water at Aquatic Cove and swim to and from many different locations throughout the Bay. Ferry boats out of the Ft. Mason area would pose a significant danger to a single swimmer with escort.

I respectfully but strongly suggest that the National Park Service search for another location away from the Ft. Mason area.

Sincerely,

Joel Wilson

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/17/2015	Date Received: 04/17/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

I believe that moving Alcatraz embarkation to Fort Mason would vastly change the character of the current waterfront as it exists now. Currently the area from Aquatic Park and west is a beautiful and relatively quiet area of the waterfront where enjoyment of other water activities, such as rowing, sailing, swimming and fishing can take place. The addition of larger boats would make all of these activities far less possible and less safe.

Moving Alcatraz embarkation would also increase the need for other tourist infrastructure, also changing the character of the general area.

I urge the Park Service to consider other alternatives.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/19/2015	Date Received: 04/19/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

To National Park Service...

Re: Draft EIS for the long term Alcatraz embarkation point

I strongly urge you to remove Fort Mason as a proposed alternative.

Fort Mason is inappropriate for the following reasons:

1. Alcatraz embarkation would quickly become the dominant use of the Fort Mason facility, and dominate parking usage and merchant usage at the Fort. Currently Fort Mason is a quiet and peaceful location, with many small businesses and nonprofits, with an interesting mix of daytime and nighttime uses. The character would change dramatically.

2. The big boats used for Alcatraz embarkation would change the character of this part of the bay. Currently, west of the municipal pier is used exclusively by smaller boats (primarily sailing), swimmers, rowers, strollers and people fishing. It is far different than the bustling port activities to the east of this location. It is critically important to leave an area of the bay front which is of a quieter character, and the environs of Fort Mason currently serve that purpose extremely well.

3. Fort Mason is far less accessible to the many visitors to Alcatraz than either of the alternatives. This would increase traffic and congestion on Bay St. and Marina Blvd. which are already busy city streets. Transit alternatives are very poor to this area, which would encourage many more Alcatraz visitors to drive, causing additional congestion. Parking facilities would be quickly filled up, as there are no garages in the area.

4. There will almost certainly be increased injuries and possibly deaths due to recreational boaters, sailors, and swimmers colliding with Alcatraz ferries.

I urge you to remove Fort Mason from consideration as an Alcatraz embarkation site.

Thank you.

Kurt Ribak

(b) (6)

Berkeley, CA 94708

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/19/2015	Date Received: 04/19/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am diametrically opposed to moving the ferry terminal to Fort Mason.

Currently there are hundreds of swims originating in various locations throughout the bay that have swimmers entering Aquatic Park and Crissy Field. The ferry traffic would unnecessarily create life threatening hazardous conditions. Please leave the ferry terminal in its present location.

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/19/2015	Date Received: 04/19/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Moving the ferry to Fort Mason is a terrible idea! I use to swim and kayak there and a ferry would greatly hinder those activities.

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/19/2015	Date Received: 04/19/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I really hope the Fort Mason site is not chosen. I am one of the swimmers that often swims to Ft. Mason and back to Aquatic park. Hundreds of us swim outside the cove and most west, toward or past Ft. Mason. There is already fishing boat traffic making it dangerous to swim east, past the opening of 'Fish Alley', the eastern part of the Aquatic Park breakwater. The chance of a swimmer getting hit and fatally wounded would be high if ferry service is moved to Ft. Mason. Thank you for your time and consideration.

No

Author Information

Keep Private: Name: Organization: Organization Type: Address:

John A. Walker I - Unaffiliated Individual (^(b) (⁽⁶⁾) San Francisco CA (^(b) (⁽⁶⁾), San Francisco CA

San Francisco, CA 94133

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/21/2015	Date Received: 04/21/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

USA (b) (6)

Correspondence Text

Comments: Moving Ferry Service.

How would you expect this open water swimmer to feel? It feels like your strategy includes taking away swimmers freedom. Some people in San Francisco agree "freedom" is a just cause. I would rather live under a bridge and have my freedom, then to own a huge mansion with yet no freedom at all.

Fort Mason is within the top-notch open water swim geography that exists nowhere else on the globe. All different variety and skills of swimmers train daily at Fort Mason. San Francisco Bay swimming at Aquatic Park is a "start-up enterprise."

The Ferry Service was once already serviced from Fort Mason, and "only" serviced the local San Francisco residents. The local residents would boat to Alcatraz for their work commute. The new Ferry terminal would service only tourists, not local residents. Some bad people in San Francisco would agree "freedom" is not the reason for living.

I assume this project would be adjacent to City of San Francisco's plan of rebuilding waterfront "Embarcadero Enhancement Project." I propose this project should also include plans for expanding and growing "more" waterfront for open water swimming. https://www.sfbike.org/news/tag/embarcadero-enhancement-project/

John A Walker Open Water Swimmer - - Ultra Marathon & plus English Channel, Catalina Channel, Manhatten Island, Lake Tahoe Length Year around since 2004- -San Francisco Bay Swimmer South End Rowing Club resident: North Beach, San Francisco; Native Bay Area Californian

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 147 of 432

career: California Transportation Department, Civil Engineer

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I think the environmentally preferred alternative is the best. I kayak escort for Alcatraz swims and all alternatives except Alt 3 are good. Alt 3 would be dangerous for recreationists.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/22/2015	Date Received: 04/22/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Hello, I would ask that you please NOT have an Alcatraz ferry terminal at Fort Mason. I live in the Marina district here in San Francisco, within a short walking distance of Fort Mason. The neighborhood we share is very residential. It is not equipped to handle the millions of visitors Alcatraz attracts each year. Further, the Marina is a beautiful, park-like neighborhood, adjoining Crissy Field, the Presidio and Fort Mason. Residents and visitors alike are often here due to the serene beauty of the place. The additional street traffic and the additional services required to support the huge amount of tourism that Alcatraz commands will ruin this. Please, please find a permanent home for the Alcatraz ferry terminal in a place that will benefit from all of the visitors and from the increased traffic! Thank you.

Sarah Moughan

SF, CA 94123

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/23/2015	Date Received: 04/23/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I applaud NPS for considering a move to Fort Mason for the Alcatraz ferries. The congestion on the Embarcadero is always heavy and the current location at Pier 33 is a bit of a mess.

If NPS wishes to meet with myself and other managers of the local pedicab industry, let me know and I can help coordinate such a meeting. Collectively, we can provide unique insight on traffic patterns, utilization of space, and relay general feedback from tourists.

Thank you!

Oskar Mosco Events Manager Golden Gate Pedicab

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/24/2015	Date Received: 04/24/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service,

I am writing today to ask you to not move the Alcatraz Island ferry service to Ft. Mason/Pier 3.

There are many amazing things to San Francisco and the entire Bay Area - Alcatraz, sourdough bread, cioppino, trolleys, and all of the history of California, just to name a few. Another of those things, though lesser known, is open water swimming, mostly made possible by clubs like the South End and Dolphin Club.

Due to climate, location, and ease of putting together a multi-hour swim, San Francisco is an epicenter of marathon swimming. People from around the globe come here to train for marathon swims. Moving the Alcatraz Island ferry service will severely impact the ability of many swimmers to put together those long training swims.

I should know - in 2005, I trained with the South End to swim across the English Channel, and in 2007, to swim around Manhattan.

But this wouldn't just impact people doing long swims - it would impact all of the swimmers, rowers, and open water community that take advantage of swimming in and around Aquatic Park. Bay swimming and rowing are some of the few things that people can do these days to get back to nature. To be able to do this in a city environment is something that should not be taken away.

The National Park Service was started "as a public park or pleasuring-ground for the benefit and enjoyment of the people." Moving the Alcatraz Island ferry service to Ft. Mason/Pier 3 would not benefit, or increase enjoyment for the people.

Regards,

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Jonathon D Paul

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 04/24/2015	Date Received: 04/24/2015
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Correspondence Text

As a current open water swimmer and also open water swim coach, I strongly disagree with the ferry services being relocated closer to San Francisco's Aquatic Park. For those who may not be familiar, or who may not value open water swimming as much as those who participate in the sport, I'd like to explain the importance of maintaining this venue for swimmers. I work for a worldwide open water swimming vacation enterprise. We run swimming vacation tours mostly across Europe and in parts of North America (including trips from Alcatraz). As a guide who hails from the San Francisco Bay Area, it's astounding the number of swimmers I've convinced to make the trip, but have also learned have made the trip themselves to swim in Aquatic Park. It is a worldwide destination for swimmers of all abilities.

Open water swimming is one of the largest and most accessible sports for elite athletes, but most importantly for the average person. It is a sport that is now participated in by athletes as youths up to seniors of 90. It's an extremely low-impact sport where I have personally watched several people join due to knee, hip, back issues, etc. As a sport, it's population is growing and a demand for SAFE open water swim venues is high. Aquatic Park provides a comfortable training venue for those who are training marathon swims as well as the fast-growing sport of triathlon. Most importantly, it provides a safe venue for those who are not local and not familiar with the boat traffic and/or local rules pertaining to swimming around the bay. It attracts advanced open water swimmers, but also beginning open water swimmers who need safer venues.

Open water swimming has its dangers already of dealing with boat craft. To add to the potential dangers by increasing (substantially) any boat traffic around Aquatic Park would potentially be catastrophic to those swimmers, kayakers and rowers who use this facility as a training ground. It behooves the National Park Service to maintain and protect this historic venue for open water swimmers and to keep the ferry terminal in its current location at Pier 31 1/2.

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/24/2015	Date Received: 04/24/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am writing about your proposed plans to relocate the Alcatraz ferry service from Pier 33 to Ft. Mason. You inaccurately state that there would be no impact on open water swimming which couldn't be further from the truth. Not only would members of the Dolphin and South End Rowing Club be negatively impacted by their daily out of [Aquatic] Cove swims but other smaller entrepreneurs such as myself would be negatively impacted. I currently offer small privately escorted swims from Alcatraz back to Aquatic Park and Fort Mason (www.LaneLinesToShoreLines.com)and don't relish the thought of playing dodge with a large ferry on my crossings. And as the former race director for the Alcatraz Challenge Aquathlon and Swim (1998-2009) I can only envision the mayhem that would be caused with a relocated ferry negotiating around 750 swimmers AND my event was one of the smaller Alcatraz swims. The Escape from Alcatraz Triathlon puts 2,000 swimmers in the water at Alcatraz and they swim back to shore in front of Ft. Mason to the St. Francis Yacht Club. I appreciate you reconsidering your proposed relocation in order to maintain this historical open water swimming location of San Francisco Bay for not only current users but also for future generations!

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/24/2015	Date Received: 04/24/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The draft EIR is flawed as it states that relocating the Alcatraz Ferry to Fort Mason would have no affect on recreational use of the Bay. This statement appears to be taken a priori with no analysis of the current recreational uses of the Bay and the impact that relocating the Ferry would have on these uses.

In Fact relocating the Ferry would have significant detrimental affects of boating and swimming activities in the Bay. It would also commercialize one the better open areas of San Francisco causing a sprawl of the traffic and crowds currently concentrated at the wharf.

How about we try this? The Federal Government makes a rational decision (if that is possible) and leaves the Alcatraz Ferry where it is. It works fine, keeps traffic and crowds localized within an appropriate tourist and commercial area and protects open space, neighborhoods, and recreational uses of the Bay.

Thank you

Author Information

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Date Sent: 04/24/2015	Date Received: 04/24/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I'm am writing in hopes that you will help protect San Francisco's Aquatic Cove from the proposed movement of the National Park's Alcatraz Ferry business. Aquatic Cove is not only the home to two historic swimming clubs, the Dolphin Club, and the South End Rowing Club (est. 1873) of which I am a member - the important point here is it is the starting point for countless training swims for world class open water swimmers. The swimmers don't only swim in the cove, of course - swims originate there and end there, but cross the channels to all parts of the Bay, as swimmers need long distances when training for a marathon swim. I am a Kayak Pilot for these swims, and escort swimmers whenever they're out in the open water. Quite honestly, the thought of having the Alcatraz Ferry business running its 1.4 million passengers a year out of the lovely and stately Fort Mason (as the NPS has proposed) terrifies me. I know how big those boats are, how rapidly they move, and how large, powerful and consuming their wake is. I am on the water to protect the swimmers, and must always be vigilant, watching for fishing boats, sailing boats and cargo traffic. That's difficult enough - but the amount of back and forth traffic that the ferries do, each day, is daunting. I believe the movement of the business from Fisherman's Wharf to Fort Mason would, effectively, kill the two iconic clubs on Aquatic Park- (clubs, by the way, which are not exclusive, but which allow public access each day and which charge nominal amounts for membership.) Fisherman's Wharf is set up with parking and businesses to support the tourism that surrounds the Alcatraz Ferries. Fort Mason would be decimated, parking would be nonexistent, and the traffic would hugely impact the foot traffic of residents. Please, help prevent the destruction of a time honored San Francisco landmark.

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Open water swimming is my passion and aquatic park is one of the greatest training and racing place in the world. I visit annually just to swim. The community if swimmers, from beginners to champions swim here daily and with this ferry move this tradition would be lost with devistating impact on the open water swimming community. I urge you to reconsider.

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
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Correspondence Text

Aquatic Park is one of the very few places in the San Francisco Bay where the public can safely access open water. Besides regulars at the SERC and Dolphin Club, it is a venue where swimmers flock from all over the bay because it is so special. At Aquatic Park, I trained every week for my Alcatraz swims and I met with friends to explore the bay further afield.

To relocate the ferry terminal to Fort Mason would severely impact recreational swimming at Aquatic Park but it would also impact the San Francisco Children's Outdoor Bill of Rights (http://www.sfparksalliance.org/news/4046/childrens-outdoor-bill-rights-endorsed-rec-park-commission). This bill provides essential rights for children who grow up in the bay area and one of those is "splash in an ocean or a bay." Given its central location and public transit access, Aquatic Park is a popular venue for kids who want to dip their toes in the Bay. It is also the training ground for the San Francisco Sea Scouts (http://corsair-viking.org/map/), a great way for children to learn to love and explore our blue planet.

If ferries depart regularly from Fort Mason, Aquatic Park will be overun by tourists parking for their Alcatraz day trip and other users who, most likely, see no other value in Aquatic Park than a convenient parking spot. What then, of the families who see Aquatic Park as a wonderful venue to spend the day and visit the NPS boats? What of the swimmers who train for marathon swims and can't do it in the ocean because of sharks? What of the rowers and sea scouts who depart from Aquatic Park and set off in the bay for pleasure?

Please, let Aquatic Park be the amazing and iconic open water venue it is, both for swimmers, for boaters and for bay lovers. It has nothing to benefit from being brought closer to the millions who visit Alcatraz from Pier 31 1/2, but it could lose a lot from such proximity.

I sincerely hope that you will reconsider.

Laure Latham Author of Frog Mom, a blog inspiring families to enjoy the great outdoors

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Mother, swimmer and Aquatic Park lover

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The Alcatraz Ferry Service EIS is startlingly inaccurate in at least one way; it declares no impact of the Fort Mason option on recreational boating and swimming.

As a member of the 1400-member San Francisco Dolphin Club, located in Aquatic Park, I have the opportunity to row and swim and thrive in the waters in question. The relocation of the Ferry Service to Fort Mason, Pier 3, with an additional berth between Piers 1 and 2, would significantly impact our boating and swimming.

Author Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I come to San Francisco regularly to enjoy Aquatuc Park and train for, and participate in, open water swimming events. San Francisco Bay is one of the most iconic spots in the world for suche events, ans I know many people whi come to San Francisco and spend tourist dollars for this purpose. I hope you will reconsider the location for the new ferry terminal so it doesn't interfere with this, or with the fragile ecology of the waterline there.

Rgds, Mike Humphreys

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

I the past 3 years I have traveled to San Francisco to participate in swimming events based in Aquatic Park. In particular my 2 Alcatraz Sharkfest swims were in the area that would be most impacted by moving the Alcatraz ferry to Ft. Mason. Each race had 800-900 swimmers, many if not most coming from out of town. I cannot imagine this race would be able to continue as it now does with its base/finish at Aquatic Park.

Aquatic Park and the Bay ate regarded as one of the top 10 open water swimming spots in the world. The Dolphin Club and the South End Rowing Club serve as hosts to the world of marathon swimmers looking to gain cold water swimming experience. Also domestically Aquatic Park is considered the best place to travel to to swim qualifying swims for the Triple Crown of Marathon Swimming, the English Channel, Catalina Channel and the Manhattan Island Marathon Swim. Stationing the ferry at Ft. Mason would negatively impact a wide variety or triathlons, rowing and swimming competitions. It would be a real shame to lose these races and the tourist dollars.

Ft. Mason is at the end of the Fisherman's Wharf tourist area and it but up against the start of residential areas. It would be better to draw the ferry passengers to a more central location in the Fisherman's Wharf area, closer to the greater concentration of hotels and shops.

Thank you for your consideration.

Author Information

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

On behalf of myself and open water swimmers worldwide, please reconsider your plans to relocate the Alcatraz ferry service to Fort Mason. Aquatic Park is a unique, historical, and unrivaled venue for OWS and other low impact excursions on the bay. While swimmers may represent a small minority of the population living and visiting SF, they help shape the mystique and allure that is SF. The SERC and DC are throwbacks to another time and have well established rights to safe swimming and boating for everyone through the current arrangement. Ferries are great but bay swimmers are an enigma, just like SF. Help us maintain and promote the tradition of OWS here on the west coast. Cheers,

John Chapman

Author Information

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Date Sent: 04/25/2015	Date Received: 04/25/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

If NPS does this, I am afraid there will be serious issues. DO NOT MOVE THE FERRIES TO AQUATIC PARK! I don't think I can say this any clearer. If one swimmer gets killed by a ferry think of THAT lawsuit. NPS will be bankrupt in no time. Just saying this is not only a terrible idea, it is just plain stupid and whoever thought of it should canned immediately. From A citizen who votes and swims in aquatic park.

Author Information

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Date Sent: 04/25/2015	Date Received: 04/25/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

It has been amazing to come to San Francisco and swim at Aquatic Park. I have routinely come down in the mornings early and signed in at the rowing club and enjoyed the early morning swims. Many of our (VOWSA) members have also done this over the last 20 years. It would be an absolute shame to have to share Aquatic Park with ferry boats. We are smaller and would have a hard time being noticed beside a ferry.

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Date Sent: 04/26/2015	Date Received: 04/26/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

(b) (6)

Correspondence Text

Last summer I spent the most magical vacation in San Francisco. I was able to swim 4 times with members of the Dolphin Club and SERC. We swam out to Fort Mason one day and once to the gashouse. No power boats crossed our path - only rowers and Pinnipeds. I felt like a welcome member of San Francisco and was able to see the City from a view only available from an expensive boat ride or ferry service. The sheer beauty of Aquatic Park and the access to swimmers from around the world created the kind of transcendental experience that I haven't stopped talking about and that I yearn to repeat. It is an iconic part of the city - please don't destroy its beauty for commercial interests.

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The proposed move of the Ferry Service to Fort Mason will greatly disrupt the non motorized activities in Aquatic Park and points west. It will greatly polute the area with petroluem, noise and diminish the water quality. As a recreatioanl swimmer, there are few salt water places to swim in safety. By moving the ferry service, the safe haven of Aquatic Park will be destroyed.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 04/29/2015	Date Received: 04/29/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Strongly disagree with this plan. Please keep tourists in one main area instead of destroying more of the waterfront and effectively extending Fisherman's Wharf. We chose to live where we do because of the neighborhood feel and peaceful waterfront. We already have a lot of bikes and seaways come through and that's enough as is.

Author Information

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Date Sent: 04/30/2015	Date Received: 04/30/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear Brian Aviles, Acting Planning Division Chief, National Park Service-Golden Gate National Recreation Area:

I am writing to you as an open water swimmer and honorary member of the South End Rowing Club. I've broken world records for swimming across the English Channel, established records for swimming the Straits of Magellan and Around the Cape of Good Hope. During the Cold War, I swam from the Soviet Union to the United States across the Bering Strait to further détente between the super powers. And I swam a mile in thirty-two degree F waters off Antarctica in a swim suit to demonstrate the ability of human beings. For years, I've mentored and coached open water swimmers and tri-athletes. I urge you to take steps to support the South End Rowing Club, the Dolphin Club, and a vital part of the history and heritage of the San Francisco Bay by opposing the relocation of ferry service to the Fort Mason area. If the National Park Service changes the ferry service to the Fort Mason area, that route will cross an area traditionally reserved for swimming and the South End Rowing Club and the Dolphin Club at Aquatic Park will be irreparably harmed.

The South End Rowing Club and the Dolphin Club are strongly connected to San Francisco Bay and Alcatraz Island. The South End Rowing Club established in 1873 and the Dolphin Club established in 1877, are two of the greatest traditions of San Francisco Bay, and the people who are members of both athletic clubs are part of the heart and soul of San Francisco. Swimmers are in the water of the Bay every day of the year. They were swimming across the Golden Gate before there was a bridge, before there was a Golden Gate Recreation Area, and before the National Park Service was created.

Today there are 1,000 members of the South End Rowing Club and 1,500 members of the Dolphin Club. Each year, over 5,000 open water swimmers from all over the United States and all over the world visit San Francisco to compete in the Alcatraz swim. It is one of the most prestigious and challenging swims in the world. Swimmers have to contend with swift cross currents, and incredibly strong tides to complete the crossing.

The training conditions found in the San Francisco create a unique training ground for open water swimmers that attracts athletes from all over the world to train to swim across the English Channel, and other great waterways of the world. I have swum Alcatraz and the training I did there helped me prepare for some of my most challenging swims.

Thank you for considering the effect of your decision on the Clubs, on the Olympic sport of open water swimming, and on

the extraordinary community of people who are part of the heart and soul of San Francisco Bay. Respectfully, Lynne Cox Author, Speaker, Swimmer

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 05/01/2015	Date Received: 05/01/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

National Park Service

Regarding the proposed Alcatraz ferry landing at Fort Mason:

According to the 'report' minimum inpact in both the shoreside and marine side is totally off the mark - AND HAS TO BE RESUBMITTED!

1) Fort Mason is in a 'neighborhood' not an industrial or high traffic transit tourist district, not suitable for the numbers of people and vehicle traffic attracted to Alcatraz.

2) Fort Mason serves the local community as a social gathering, farmers market & arts venue - the addition of the crowds & vendors drawn by the Alcatraz ferry would completely change the complexion of the space, something the city residents do not agree, and the neighborhoods infrastructure could not withstand.

3) Commercial Marine use on the bay side would encroach on recreational use. Moving commercial marine traffic to the Ft. Mason waterfront would displace longtime recreational users of the area. Recreational boaters, kayakers, kiteboarder, collegiate sailers, meaning people who have planned their whole avocational lives around this stretch of waterfront, would be affected.

Notably the historic 'Ft. Mason 'M' Yacht Racing Association buoy, located 200 yards North of the end of the piers, would be dangerous to both the commercial crossing traffic, and the yacht racing community

I own a 28ft sailboat, moored at San Francisco Marina, and I use this stretch of waterfront monthly, sometimes more. And I am a professional merchant mariner, 40 years experience - previously employed by Red & White Fleet, as Captain from 1986 to '96 and operated the Alcatraz Ferry from Pier 41. Currently employed as marine engineer aboard a local harbor tug operated by Crowley Maritime.

Twenty five year SF resident, sixteen year tenant of San Francisco Marina. If you have any questions regarding the above information, please feel free to contact me any time.

Regards

Keith Madding

San Francisco, CA 94118 (b)(6)

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service,

I am writing to oppose the use of Ft. Mason's Piers 1, 2 and 3 and the area between Piers 2 and 3 for use by the National Park Service (herein NPS) as a ferry dock and passenger embarkation point for service to Alcatraz and for "special service" to Ft. Baker and other NPS sites.

By way of background, NPS has evaluated three possible sites for the Alcatraz ferry: improvements to its existing location at Pier 31 ½, and potential alternative sites Pier 41 and Pier 3, and published Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS). The report recommends that NPS negotiate with the Port of San Francisco to make improvements to Pier 31 ½, which we support. However, we have two concerns: one is that if they fail to sign that lease, they intend to fall back onto Pier 3 as a backup, given the Port appears to oppose the use of Pier 41. Secondly, NPS has written that no matter which site is chosen for the Alcatraz ferry, it still intends to build a visitor's center and operate special ferries from a new base at Ft. Mason between Piers 1 and 2, taking visitors to other NPS sites.

I believe the DEIS is legally inadequate under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), whose 42 U.S.C.S. sec. 4321 et seq., requires the lead agency, NPS, to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) that takes a "hard look" at the environmental impacts before taking major actions. It is the lead agency's responsibility to assess those impacts, whether direct or indirect. The Washington, DC-based consultant hired by NPS failed to evaluate the impact on boaters, paddlers, kayakers, and swimmers. In fact, on DEIS pages 78 and 213, it erroneously asserts that the Pier 3 Alternative will have "no impacts on recreational boating or swimming." It came to this conclusion by narrowly examining the fact that boaters, paddlers and swimmers do not touch the shore at Ft. Mason. It ignored the area right outside, which is the subject of this letter.

In reality, Alcatraz ferry service and/or special ferry services from Piers 1- 3 would create new traffic lanes that cut right through the close-to-shore areas frequented by the 15 San Francisco area high school sailing teams that race there on

weekends, and that practice in front of Ft. Mason Mondays through Fridays from 330 pm to 7 pm - perhaps the consultant kicked off for the day before 330 pm?

The consultant obviously failed to visit on weekends when recreational swimmers and paddlers seek current relief along the shore, and the race committees of various Bay Area clubs start and finish regattas right off those piers, and the Ft. Mason Buoy is used as a turning point for many races. None of this activity was mentioned in the consultant's report to NPS.

Ferries would also be cutting across the path of boaters entering and leaving SF Marina East Harbor, affecting both berth holders and transients seeking fuel at the City Yachts Gas Dock. Ferry traffic at Ft. Mason would also affect kayakers and other paddlers whose rights to safe passage would be affected - see the State of California Bay Area Water Trail Act (Legislation AB 1296) signed by the governor on September 22, 2005.

Given the poor sight lines when entering and exiting these piers, any ferry service from Ft. Mason would make it extremely dangerous if not impossible for recreational boaters and swimmers to cross in front of the piers. Ferry captains would rightly demand an exclusion zone, necessitating new buoys being dropped off of the piers to restrict access by recreational users.

New routes linking Ft. Mason to Ft. Baker and other sites in Marin will exacerbate this problem, even if NPS is successful in keeping the Alcatraz Ferry at Pier 31 ¹/₂. If there is demand for such services, those routes should start and end at Pier 31 ¹/₂.

The lack of any data or analysis of the current and projected use of the waters in the vicinity of Fort Mason by boaters, paddlers and swimmers makes it virtually impossible for interested agencies and the public to comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative or propose mitigation measures.

The NPS should undertake a Supplemental EIS to thoroughly investigate the impacts on the current and projected recreational use by boaters, paddlers and swimmers of the Pier 3 Alternative and Special Ferry Services, and have a full public comment period thereafter.

Sincerely,

Bruce J. Stone President, SF Marina Harbor Association

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 05/02/2015	Date Received: 05/02/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service

I have just been informed by the South End Rowing Club of your intentions to relocate the ferry service, virtually next door to the world famous South End Rowing Club !

My name is Jackie Cobell, and I hold the world record for the slowest successful English Channel swim, and I was very honoured to be invited to swim "The Alcatraz Invitational" in 2010.

Amongst the worlds open water swims, San Francisco Bay and the swim from Alcatraz, are considered among the most iconic swims in open water swimming history!

Many, many aspiring channel swimmers from all over the globe train in the chilly waters of the bay.

To move the ferry service right in the area they and the Dolphin Club next door have historically use for swimming would destroy the dreams, hopes and enjoyment of many marathon swimmers and indeed affect the marathon swimming community worldwide.

The SERC is considered a national treasure, and indeed a wonderful destination for many English swimmers to visit San Francisco.

I have been back three times since my first ever visit, and have been so enthralled by the clubs generous hospitality, and amazing location for swimming, that I have invited other English swimmers to join me to swim in this most wonderful place.

It would be a terrible disappointment, to so many swimmers from The South End Rowing Club, and indeed from all over the world, if this truly amazing swim location is taken away.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 176 of 432

Yours sincerely

Jackie Cobell

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Kent

Post Code TN12 6TH

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Date Sent: 05/03/2015	Date Received: 05/03/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

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1 May 2015

Dear Sir or Madame,

OBJECTION TO NEW FERRY TEMINAL FORT MASON/PIER 3

I write to you as a most interested and concerned party who has been an 'active member' of The South End Rowing Club situated next to Hyde Street Pier, for 12 years. The plans for the re-location of the ferry terminal to Fort Mason/Pier 3 are devastating news for the people of the Bay and the two Rowing and Swimming clubs located on this historical swimming training area dating back to 1873.

I work for Virgin Atlantic Airways and have been visiting San Francisco as many times a month as humanly possible since 2000. I often spend as much as 10 full days a month in town and all of that is spent in and around Aquatic park swimming, kayaking, biking and running.

The proposed new ferry terminal at Fort Mason will destroy an outdoor life and beloved culture that is true to San Francisco and California, not to mention destroying the natural 'quiet' beauty that thousands enjoy along this part of the Bay coast.

I was lucky enough to have the opportunity of achieving one of life's greatest challenges in 2013. I swam the English Channel following a few other members of the Dolphin and South End clubs. This would not have been possible without training both inside and outside Aquatic park which helped me achieve this dream. San Francisco is renowned world wide for it's swimming and aquatic pursuits attracting thousands of adventures and swimmers each year.

I believe that the proposed terminal will alter and destroy Bay life as we know it in this area. It should be confined to a more commercial part of the city, as is the case now. I thank you for considering this objection to these proposals.

Yours sincerely,

Gary Bruce

Member of the South End Rowing and Swimming Club

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Date Sent: 05/05/2015	Date Received: 05/05/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I would ask that the DEIS be amended to include a study of disruption to recreational users of the Bay near Pier 3; sailors, kayakers, swimmers, paddle boats, canoes, etc.

Thank you.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 05/06/2015	Date Received: 05/06/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service,

I've recently become aware of a plan to relocate a ferry dock at the Fort Mason Pier. I have a sailboat berthed in the San Francisco Small Craft Harbor. I race regularly in the waters immediately adjacent to the Ft. Mason entrance and often use the shelter between the FortMason piers to douse my mainsail. Locating a ferry at this pier appears to require restricted zones adjacent to Fort Mason and would present unsafe commercial ferry traffic, which would be detrimental to use of the water near the pier for me as well as many, many other boaters (often small dinghies sailed by children) and swimmers who actively use that area of water.

I appreciate your including these concerns in your consideration for the best location of the Alcatraz ferry at Fort Mason and request performing a supplemental DEIS to address this environmental impact that WAS NOT INCLUDED in the January 2015 environmental impact report.

Sincere regards, Theresa Brandner - Concerned San Francisco Boater

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 05/07/2015	Date Received: 05/07/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I live in the Marina, 2 blocks from Fort Mason. I am very familiar with the amount of traffic generated in this area with foot races, events in the park, the Sunday Farmer's Market, events at Fort Mason Pavilions, etc. This area cannot handle more traffic especially that generated by moving the Alcatraz Ferry service to Pier 3. Relocating the service would also take away foot traffic from Fisherman's Wharf which relies solely on the tourist trade.. To move the Ferry Service is a bad idea all around.

Ann T Elliott

Author Information

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Date Sent: 05/08/2015	Date Received: 05/08/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: Master
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service,

I am a 3rd generation San Franciscan, my children are 4th generation. We have both grown up with Aquatic Park as a base for numerous water-based recreation activities, from sailing to swimming. I am a 20-year member of the Dolphin Swimming & Boating Club at Aquatic Park and an avid bay swimmer. I urge you NOT to approve Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason as an option for the Alcatraz ferry embarkation. This location would severely negatively affect bay swimming, rowing, sailing races and sailing practice for many local students, extend heavy waterfront tourism from Fishermans Wharf into the Marina district, and raises serious questions about the effects on water quality and the acceleration of the structural deterioration of Muni Pier. Below are deficits that I see in the DEIS:

I believe that the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) submitted with the proposal is incorrect in some areas and incomplete in addressing major areas of concern as related to recreational activities in the area, namely recreational boating and the growing sport of open water swimming, and potential impacts to the degrading Municipal Pier.

I believe that the authors of the EIS did not fully investigate the intensive recreational use of the area surrounding Fort Mason, that the proposed site of Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason will have significant long-term negative effects on water-based recreation, especially swimming; expose the NPS to greater liability; and is in conflict with some of its own stated goals and those of the San Francisco General Plan.

I fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41/ Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fisherman's Wharf.

Here are some of the areas that I believe the EIS has not properly addressed:

• Aquatic Park as a cultural resource: While the EIS recognizes the historic and cultural significance of Aquatic Park, it does not address the long-term negative impacts on accessibility, water quality, and continued recreation to the area and its

function as a recreational and cultural resource. Here residents and visitors of all ages, from multiple neighborhoods, gather to enjoy access to the Bay. This area has intense and growing use by swimmers, rowers, runners, bicyclists, sea scouts, seniors (at the Maritime Museum), and students from neighboring Galileo High School, Francisco and Marina Middle School, and Yick Wo and Garfield Elementary schools, as well as families. And of course tourists.

• Recreational Impacts: the EIS Conclusion states "The Pier 3 Alternative would result in short- term, minor, adverse impacts on recreational resources due to construction. During operation, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from increased visitor travel time to the site from primary parking locations at Fisherman's Wharf; long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from the change in use of the Pier 3 shed; long-term, major, beneficial impacts from accommodating increased visitors and providing connections to other GGNRA parklands; and no impact on recreational swimming and rowing opportunities compared to the No Action Alternative."

This is flat out wrong.

Establishing Alcatraz Ferry service embarkation from Fort Mason will have a serious and long-term negative effect on longestablished recreational swimming and rowing opportunities. It would also place the NPS and ferry operators at greater risk and liability for potential injuries and death to recreational users.

The EIS fails to recognize that recreational swimming and rowing are not limited to the waters of Aquatic Park Cove. In fact, the entire area between Fisherman's Wharf and Yacht Harbor to the west of Fort Mason provides a critical recreation area to a growing number of open water swimmers and recreational rowers, kayakers, paddleboarders and boaters based out of Aquatic Park. Recreational usage continues to grow each year and users are swimming and rowing all year round. The Dolphin Swimming and Boating Club (established at Aquatic Park in 1878) currently supports an active member base of roughly 1,400 members and has been adding 15 - 30 new members each month for the past several years. The South End Rowing Club has a highly active base of 1,000 recreational Bay users and membership is also growing. Together, these clubs host more than 50 organized competitive swims and/or rows each year. Each swim has roughly 60-90 participants plus accompanying pilot rowboats, kayaks, paddleboards and motorized craft. For example, the Dolphin Club has several annual swims from Gas House Cove, Yacht Harbor, and Coghlan Beach (Wave Organ beach), all west of Ft. Mason, back to Aquatic Park. There are also many additional swims that are private outings or large ones organized by other groups, such as the Leukemia & Lymphoma Society's Team In Training, The San Francisco Triathlon Club, The Golden Gate Triathlon Club, and Water World Swim, which actively use the waters between west of Lower Fort Mason and Fisherman's Wharf to recreate.

Alcatraz swims: Currently swimmers enjoy the safety and security of recreating west of the ferry service traffic lanes. The swim from Alcatraz to San Francisco is world renowned. Some 5,000 swimmers travel here each year to participate in large organized swims. In addition, both clubs have several Alcatraz swims each year and host numerous private swims from the island to Aquatic Park. These occur year round. Bringing high density ferry traffic to a widely used recreational area exposes the NPS to significant risk through heightened potential of injury and death to recreational boaters, swimmers, and first responders plus the potential negative impact on water quality standards.

• Water quality and wake action: The EIS fails to address the true conditions of currents and water quality in Aquatic Park by stating that any ferry wake-generated wave action or water quality issues would be mitigated by the Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters. The Municipal Pier is in an advanced state of decay, but even so its unique design allows currents (and pollution) to flow through the pier and into Aquatic Park. Swimmers and rowers feel the tide in the cove and would certainly be subjected to any wake activity from ferry service.

• Municipal Pier: the NPS is well aware of the rapidly deteriorating condition of Muni Pier. The EIS fails to reflect this fact and how wake generated wave action will also accelerate its decay. This pier is essential to the protection of Aquatic Park Cove for recreation uses as well as the historic fleet of ships at Hyde Street Pier.

• Conflict with SF General Plan: the proposal to move ferry service to Pier 3/Ft. Mason is in conflict with the city's General Plan, policy 2.4 on page 25, which refers to the City's strong commitment to passive and water-oriented recreation, views, and habitat. Throughout the General Plan, the area between Fort Mason and Fisherman's wharf is consistently cited as one of

the city's most valued recreational access locations. The SF General Plan also places a clear emphasis on ensuring the economic vitality of the Fisherman's Wharf area. Relocating the ferry embarkation location to Fort Mason would likely result in 1) economic loss to Fisherman's Wharf merchants and businesses and 2) overall economic loss to the City because commercial development opportunities to replace those lost at Fisherman's Wharf would not be possible given the zoning in the area surrounding Fort Mason.

• Historic Streetcar: The EIS Transportation and Circulation Study does not address the environmental impacts of the proposed extension of the historic streetcar. Pedestrian foot traffic and recreational use of the area between Fisherman's Wharf and Lower Fort Mason increases significantly each year and a Ft. Mason Alcatraz ferry site would add another 1.5 million annual visitors to that track and surrounding area.

I urge you to save bay swimming and recreation in this area- -one of the few along the waterfront that is easily accessible- - and locate the ferry service elsewhere. Thank you.

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Correspondence Text

I believe the DEIS is legally inadequate under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), whose 42 U.S.C.S. sec. 4321 et seq., requires the lead agency, NPS, to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) that takes a "hard look" at the environmental impacts before taking major actions. It is the lead agency's responsibility to assess those impacts, whether direct or indirect. The Washington, DC-based consultant hired by NPS failed to evaluate the impact on boaters, paddlers, kayakers, and swimmers. In fact, on DEIS pages 78 and 213, it erroneously asserts that the Pier 3 Alternative will have "no impacts on recreational boating or swimming." It came to this conclusion by narrowly examining the fact that boaters, paddlers and swimmers do not touch the shore at Ft. Mason. It ignored the area right outside, to the West.

Author Information

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Date Sent: 05/09/2015	Date Received: 05/09/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Dear NPS,

I favor the Pier 3 action alternative because;

1) It is already owned by the NPS, eliminated the need to enter into a lease

2) Upgrades can be made at the discretion of the NPS

3) It is historic in nature, being the Fort Mason pier constructed in the early 1900s, which provides additional historic value for this attraction

4) The Alcatraz embarkation project would not inhabit the entire pier shed at this location, leaving room for additional projects/attractions at this pier

This is an opportunity to both retrofit an existing NPS facility while serving the purpose of ferry embarkation to Alcatraz, eliminating the need to lease another pier (ie, selecting the Pier 3 alternative serves many purposes).

Thank you for reviewing my comment.

Sincerely, Olivia

Author Information

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Date Sent: 05/09/2015	Date Received: 05/09/2015
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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

LEAVE THE ALACATRAZ FERRY IN FISHERMAN'S WHARF, WHERE IT BELONGS. The Fort Mason area is currently fully utilized regarding water, land, and parking. This reminds me of building the double decker freeway along the Embarcadero which, thank God, is now gone. John Muir would not be happy with you further eroding what's left of the environment at Fort Mason. This is a terrible idea. Listen to the people that live here. We pay taxes and understand/appreciate the value of tourism, but do not want to erode the place we live.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 05/10/2015	Date Received: 05/10/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please do NOT locate the ferry terminal at Fort Mason. My wife and I live in lower Russian Hill and we'd like to keep Fort Mason and the surrounding area for the people who actually live here. There is no need to extend Fisherman's Wharf further into a residential area.

Also, increased tourist traffic would bring in more litter and refuse to our beautiful Fort Mason park, which is already strained because of locals. More foot traffic and litter would make it largely unusable

Please keep the Alcatraz Ferry where it is!

Thank you, Spencer

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The Transportation Solutions Defense and Education Fund is an environmental non-profit focused on reducing the impacts of transportation on climate change. We support the NPS in providing visitors with a non-auto mode of travel to parklands. We offer these comments:

1. Previous studies of ferries have indicated very high diesel PM emissions as typical of marine propulsion. Please commit to diesel particulate filters on future vessels.

2. Strong currents in the vicinity of Fort Baker make maneuvering difficult there. Please confirm that a reasonably-sized ferry will actually be able to operate there before committing to construction of a ferry landing.

3. Sausalito is currently in the midst of a resident backlash against the large influx of tourists on bicycles. Sausalito's concerns about the possibility of impacts on the town should be resolved by adding the following language to the project description:

The purpose of the ferry landing at Fort Baker is to deliver visitors to events there. No ground transportation to take ferry passengers beyond Fort Baker is currently being contemplated. No all-day commuter parking will be provided there. Should NPS later decide to expand the use of the ferry to serve commuters or propose ground transportation from Fort Baker, it will conduct environmental review under NEPA.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

/s/ DAVID SCHONBRUNN, President

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

The Preferred Alternative of Pier 31 1/2 is the best idea to provide ferry service from San Francisco to Alcatraz Island. I accept the NPS reasoning as to why this is a better choice than Pier 41. I understand NPS had to review an alternative that was on free federal land. I also concur with the NPS desire to get a pier and staging area that can be counted on for the next 50 or 60 years so visitors are not confused.

It would be good to have this embarkation point on NPS land so that it is clearly an NPS project tied in with the park as a whole. However, use of Pier 3 at Fort Mason for this purpose would do much damage to the present use of this area by Fort Mason Center. The ferry service generates a great deal of traffic, both on foot and by car, seven days a week. Fort Mason Center needs the parking for its cultural uses, and the necessarily busy staging area now at Pier 31 1/2 would be a great detriment to the activities of FMC.

I hope it will be possible over time to have some ferry service from Pier 31 1/12 to other park sites suggested in the DEIS.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 05/15/2015	Date Received: 05/15/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

I oppose the proposal to move the Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason. Doing so would negatively impact public recreational activities in the vicinity of Fort Mason and Aquatic Park. It would also have a negative impact on the Muni Pier which has structural issues and is in need of repair in any case.

The DEIS completely ignores the issue of swimmers in the Fort Mason area as well as the impact on other maritime recreational activities.

The ferries should continue to use the existing facilities, or relocate to the Ferry Building.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

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Date Sent: 05/15/2015	Date Received: 05/15/2015
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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

I have participated several times in swim events from Gas House cove, Yacht Harbor, Crissy Field and Ft. Point to Aquatic Park, San Francisco in the last three years and am aware of many scheduled out of cove swims by members of the Dolphin Club, SERC and many acclaimed open water swimmers practicing for events in this area. The proposed move to Fort Mason would adversely affect all of these recreational activities which have a history that dates back to 100 years and puts open water swimmers and rowers/kayakers in San Francisco in danger. In addition, it can also put the very existence of Aquatic Park cove at risk with the effect of the wake generated waves on the Municipal Pier.

The number of new members that join the Dolphin Club for open water swimming and rowing has been increasing heavily in the last few years and the fact that our 1500 members' club is just one of the clubs that utilize the Aquatic park cove and outside area for recreation hopefully gives you an estimate of how big an adverse effect this can have on the community. Request NPS to reconsider this proposal and move the Ferry service to Fisherman's Wharf or the Ferry Building.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent: 05/15/2015	Date Received: 05/15/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: Yes (Master)
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I urge you to NOT approve Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason as an option for the Alcatraz ferry embarkation. This location would severely negatively affect bay swimming, rowing, sailing races and sailing practice for many local students, extend heavy waterfront tourism from Fishermans Wharf into the Marina district, and raises serious questions about the effects on water quality and the acceleration of the structural deterioration of Muni Pier. Below are deficits that I see in the DEIS:

I believe that the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) submitted with the proposal is incorrect in some areas and incomplete in addressing major areas of concern as related to recreational activities in the area, namely recreational boating and the growing sport of open water swimming, and potential impacts to the degrading Municipal Pier.

I believe that the authors of the EIS did not fully investigate the intensive recreational use of the area surrounding Fort Mason, that the proposed site of Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason will have significant long-term negative effects on water-based recreation, especially swimming; expose the NPS to greater liability; and is in conflict with some of its own stated goals and those of the San Francisco General Plan.

I fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41/ Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fisherman's Wharf.

Here are some of the areas that I believe the EIS has not properly addressed:

• Aquatic Park as a cultural resource: While the EIS recognizes the historic and cultural significance of Aquatic Park, it does not address the long-term negative impacts on accessibility, water quality, and continued recreation to the area and its function as a recreational and cultural resource. Here residents and visitors of all ages, from multiple neighborhoods, gather to enjoy access to the Bay. This area has intense and growing use by swimmers, rowers, runners, bicyclists, sea scouts, seniors (at the Maritime Museum), and students from neighboring Galileo High School, Francisco and Marina Middle School, and Yick Wo and Garfield Elementary schools, as well as families. And of course tourists.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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• Recreational Impacts: the EIS Conclusion states "The Pier 3 Alternative would result in short- term, minor, adverse impacts on recreational resources due to construction. During operation, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from increased visitor travel time to the site from primary parking locations at Fisherman's Wharf; long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from the change in use of the Pier 3 shed; long-term, major, beneficial impacts from accommodating increased visitors and providing connections to other GGNRA parklands; and no impact on recreational swimming and rowing opportunities compared to the No Action Alternative."

This is flat out wrong.

Establishing Alcatraz Ferry service embarkation from Fort Mason will have a serious and long-term negative effect on longestablished recreational swimming and rowing opportunities. It would also place the NPS and ferry operators at greater risk and liability for potential injuries and death to recreational users.

The EIS fails to recognize that recreational swimming and rowing are not limited to the waters of Aquatic Park Cove. In fact, the entire area between Fisherman's Wharf and Yacht Harbor to the west of Fort Mason provides a critical recreation area to a growing number of open water swimmers and recreational rowers, kayakers, paddleboarders and boaters based out of Aquatic Park. Recreational usage continues to grow each year and users are swimming and rowing all year round. The Dolphin Swimming and Boating Club (established at Aquatic Park in 1878) currently supports an active member base of roughly 1,400 members and has been adding 15 - 30 new members each month for the past several years. The South End Rowing Club has a highly active base of 1,000 recreational Bay users and membership is also growing. Together, these clubs host more than 50 organized competitive swims and/or rows each year. Each swim has roughly 60-90 participants plus accompanying pilot rowboats, kayaks, paddleboards and motorized craft. For example, the Dolphin Club has several annual swims from Gas House Cove, Yacht Harbor, and Coghlan Beach (Wave Organ beach), all west of Ft. Mason, back to Aquatic Park. There are also many additional swims that are private outings or large ones organized by other groups, such as the Leukemia & Lymphoma Society's Team In Training, The San Francisco Triathlon Club, The Golden Gate Triathlon Club, and Water World Swim, which actively use the waters between west of Lower Fort Mason and Fisherman's Wharf to recreate.

Alcatraz swims: Currently swimmers enjoy the safety and security of recreating west of the ferry service traffic lanes. The swim from Alcatraz to San Francisco is world renowned. Some 5,000 swimmers travel here each year to participate in large organized swims. In addition, both clubs have several Alcatraz swims each year and host numerous private swims from the island to Aquatic Park. These occur year round. Bringing high density ferry traffic to a widely used recreational area exposes the NPS to significant risk through heightened potential of injury and death to recreational boaters, swimmers, and first responders plus the potential negative impact on water quality standards.

• Water quality and wake action: The EIS fails to address the true conditions of currents and water quality in Aquatic Park by stating that any ferry wake-generated wave action or water quality issues would be mitigated by the Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters. The Municipal Pier is in an advanced state of decay, but even so its unique design allows currents (and pollution) to flow through the pier and into Aquatic Park. Swimmers and rowers feel the tide in the cove and would certainly be subjected to any wake activity from ferry service.

• Municipal Pier: the NPS is well aware of the rapidly deteriorating condition of Muni Pier. The EIS fails to reflect this fact and how wake generated wave action will also accelerate its decay. This pier is essential to the protection of Aquatic Park Cove for recreation uses as well as the historic fleet of ships at Hyde Street Pier.

• Conflict with SF General Plan: the proposal to move ferry service to Pier 3/Ft. Mason is in conflict with the city's General Plan, policy 2.4 on page 25, which refers to the City's strong commitment to passive and water-oriented recreation, views, and habitat. Throughout the General Plan, the area between Fort Mason and Fisherman's wharf is consistently cited as one of the city's most valued recreational access locations. The SF General Plan also places a clear emphasis on ensuring the economic vitality of the Fisherman's Wharf area. Relocating the ferry embarkation location to Fort Mason would likely result in 1) economic loss to Fisherman's Wharf merchants and businesses and 2) overall economic loss to the City because commercial development opportunities to replace those lost at Fisherman's Wharf would not be possible given the zoning in

the area surrounding Fort Mason.

• Historic Streetcar: The EIS Transportation and Circulation Study does not address the environmental impacts of the proposed extension of the historic streetcar. Pedestrian foot traffic and recreational use of the area between Fisherman's Wharf and Lower Fort Mason increases significantly each year and a Ft. Mason Alcatraz ferry site would add another 1.5 million annual visitors to that track and surrounding area.

I urge you to save bay swimming and recreation in this area- -one of the few along the waterfront that is easily accessible- - and locate the ferry service elsewhere.

Author Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Moving Alcatraz Ferry to Ft. Mason is a bad idea. Impact the crumbling pier and swimming around the area.....which has been done for more than 120 years. Another bad idea from City planners.....although that is par for the course!

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

To Whom It May Concern,

It is my opinion that the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project should choose the environmentally preferred alternative of Pier 31 1/2. I can understand the appeal of moving the embarkation onto NPS property at Pier 3, however I believe that the project should choose the alternative with the least environmental impacts. In my opinion the transportation impacts are some of the most important to consider. I would have liked to have also seen analysis on the differences in transportation costs of the actual ferry service from each of the alternative sites. It would seem to me that there would be greater transportation costs (such as fuel) from Pier 3 since the location is farthest west of the island as well as being on the opposite side of the ferry births.

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Correspondence Text

I write in steep oposition to the proposal of using Fort Baker in Sausalito as part of this plan. We have an already way overcongested downtown area under seige in Sausalito, in what has been a charming and sleepy bedside community. The developemnt of Ft. Baker into Cavallo Point was the maximum amount of development that our fragile ecosystem can handle, and we cannot absorb the influx of thousands of people to this delicate shoreline that abuts national parkland and maintains a cushion of quiet and stillness for the town and also wildlife. Please do not allow Ft. Baker to become a tourist development, a hub for crowds and possible future development not in keeping with its placid and ecologically sound setting. Developing a "port" like landing space for tourist boats to and from Alcatraz and the city is a horrendous idea that greatly, adversly affects the residents of Sausalito and the citizens of Marin county who already overrun by traffic congestion, bicycle overcrowding and poorly considered development. Fort Baker is preciously close to wild spaces that need our continued vigilance and protection. Please reject this idea.

Author Information

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please do not relocate the Alcatraz ferries to Fort Mason. This would be a major disruption to frequent swims that I participate in along the shore in front of Fort Mason. Thank you in advance for respecting and sharing the water space. Sincerely,

Brendan Crow

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Correspondence Text

I am opposed to the concept of adding additional ferries to that portion of the Bay. It would impact the use of hundreds of pleasure boaters who are already doging the exisitng ferry service.

The ferries travel very fast and as commercial vessels on a schedule have little regard for conventional nautical rules of the road.

Their significant wake impacts the smaller vessels adversely. Kayaking and sailing are eco-friendly ways to enjoy SF Bay and would be most affected.

There is already exisitng ferry service to Alcatraz, Sausalito, Oakland, Alameda, Vallejo, etc.

There is no reason to penalize the local resdients (who pay taxes) as well as visiting sailors and kayakers, wind-surfers, kitesurfers.

Arnold Goldschlager, M.D.

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Correspondence Text

I support the proposal to use Ft. Mason as the Alcatraz ferry terminal for the following reasons:

1. Ft. Mason is a woefully underused facility. It's history as the main troop embarkation terminal for military ships during WW2 should be reason enough to revitalized it.

2. The City will benefit from the activity generated by the ferry business. Tourism is now not limited to the Fisherman's Wharf/Pier 39 area, but extends south to the Ferry Building. Locating the Ferry at Ft. Mason will help extend waterfront activity westward.

3. NPS already owns Ft. Mason, so operating costs will be less than leasing pier space from the Port.

4. With the planned museum at Crissy Field, it makes sense to plan for the future.

As a side note, I want to mention that I am an active member of the Dolphin Club. I enjoy swimming and rowing in the bay. Many members of the Club are opposed to the Ft. Mason site. I do not share their concerns and consider their opposition as classic NIMBYism. The bay and waterfront are for use by all, and should not be restricted because of special use interests.

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club since 1972. I have participated in thousands of swims in San Francisco Bay, many of them from west of Aquatic Park on a flood tide.

There are only a few really dangerous places for swimmers to the west of Aquatic Park, despite our attempts to mitigate them with fluorescent head gear, motorized craft, pilot vessels and contact with the Coast Guard, via radio.

Those locations are the entrance to the Marine Yacht Harbor and the Gas House Cove marina across from Safeway. Adding large tour boats will only make a dangerous situation even more so.

Besides safety, many other issues come to kind.

- the financial impact on business owners in the Fisherman's Wharf area who depend on Alcatraz-bound tourists for their livelihood.

- The lack of adequate parking for incremental auto volumes at Ft. Mason

- The impact on traffic throughout the marina district and onto the new golden Gate Bridge approach roads

-the apparent need for significant retrofit of historic Ft. Mason piers and the one way tunnel.

-the impact of unknown changes to the lawn area and beach at Aquatic Park-garbage, security, etc.

- the apparent lack of awareness by the DEIR consultants of the intense use of the bay waters for more than a century by swimmers, rowers, anglers and sailors.

The GGNRA has a perfectly acceptable location at the current ferry terminal in Fisherman's Wharf, ideally suited to the already-present tourist population and the businesses that support it. Don't waste your time and my tax dollars to change it to an alternative with mostly negative consequences.

Sincerely,

Tim Reid

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Correspondence Text

Don't do this. Keep the ferry where it is, not to hurt the merchants in the area. Don't crowd a quieter neighborhood such as the Marina with all the additional traffic. And don't disrespect the swimming and paddling that take place all around Ft. Mason. The failure of your EIS to take into account the extensive current and historic use of the surrounding waters for recreational purposes is offensive, whether intentional or a result of failure to do a thorough job. It makes you come across as a bully, with an agenda that precludes your presenting an honest assessment of the facts. Make your deal with the Port, stop grandstanding, and don't pollute our playground with traffic hazards and fumes.

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Correspondence Text

I am graduate student studying environmental management at the University of San Francisco. After reviewing the EIS, I recommend selecting the Pier 31 1/2 Alternative choice. As discussed in the summary, doing upgrades to the existing NPS site would result in the least environmental impact. Pier 31 1/2 is the environmentally preferred alternative, and therefore I support it fully.

Doing energy efficiency retrofits to all government used or owned properties is essential in ensuring our federal government is doing it's part to conserve resources while going above environmental regulations.

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Correspondence Text

This is a special area of the City front which is used by rowers and swimmers. It now enjoys a slower pace as compared to the rest of the City front which has the ferry and cruise ship traffic. It will change the area from a more natural, slow paced setting to one of traffic, more wake, congestion and noise. We already have ferry terminals which are being used for this purpose. PLEASE don't start ferry service at Fort Mason!

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Correspondence Text

I am a former mayor of Sausalito. During my stuardship on the Sausalito City Council, I was involved in the plan development of Fort Baker. After extensive negotiation, litigation and more negotiations with the NPS, we selled on a low impact project that presently exists. A massive ferry project inviting throngs of visitors is bad for the successful pastoral site Fort Baker has become. I am against a huge Ferry project at Fort Baker.

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Correspondence Text

Re. the Alcatraz Fort Baker Ferry Proposal put forward by Golden Gate National Park Service

This plan would result in a large increase in population, traffic, noise, etc.for the Alexander Ave down into Sausalito City area. It is unacceptable and puts our City in an even more impossible situation re. dangerous streets and sidewalks than already exists.

Currently, the City's streets, parking lots and public amenities are under mounting pressure from regional, national and international visitors traveling to Sausalito. The City continues to experience a staggering level of vehicles, bicycles and pedestrian traffic flowing into the Bridgeway corridor. Weekend bicycle traffic, largely arriving via the Golden Gate Bridge, has proved to be especially vexing, making many of our pedestrian walkways nearly impassable. In turn, cyclists often return to San Francisco via the ferry operations embarking from the Sausalito Ferry Landing. However, the number of returning cyclists is now outstripping the capacity of those ferries. Rather than relieve that overcrowding, we believe a ferry landing at Fort Baker will serve to increase visitors and bicycle traffic in Sausalito and further impact our community while also eroding the visitor experience at both Fort Baker and Sausalito,

After a close review of the DEIS, it is apparent that the Fort Baker Ferry Service project component and NPS's environmental review of it in the DEIS is flawed. The DEIS fails to include essential facts necessary to accurately and completely describe the Fort Baker Ferry Service project component; it fails to provide a factual basis for critical conclusions contained in the DEIS; it relies on misleading assumptions; and it understates substantially the potential impacts of the Fort Baker Ferry Service component of the Project.

The plan is shocking: The City is gravely concerned that the Fort Baker-San Francisco leg of the Project foreshadows a significant increase in the intensity of use at Fort Baker. Once having constructed a ferry landing at Fort Baker at considerable cost, it is simply inevitable that pressure will mount for NPS to expand the service from what is now described as "occasional special events" to "regular" ferry service from Fort Baker to the San Francisco peninsula.

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Indeed, the DEIS admits as much. The DEIS alludes to a staggering 100,000 annual ferry passenger visits to Fort Baker as part of a "circular route that serves multiple Park Service sites in the Bay." (Transportation and Circulation Study, p. 86.) In a seemingly innocuous statement, but in reality a glaring admission, the DEIS sets a baseline for noise at 14 ferry landings per day at Fort Baker resulting in 28 "events." (DEIS, p. 345.)

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

I urge you to NOT approve Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason as an option for the Alcatraz ferry embarkation. This location would severely negatively affect bay swimming, rowing, sailing races and sailing practice for many local students, extend heavy waterfront tourism from Fishermans Wharf into the Marina district, and raises serious questions about the effects on water quality and the acceleration of the structural deterioration of Muni Pier. Below are deficits that I see in the DEIS:

I believe that the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) submitted with the proposal is incorrect in some areas and incomplete in addressing major areas of concern as related to recreational activities in the area, namely recreational boating and the growing sport of open water swimming, and potential impacts to the degrading Municipal Pier.

I believe that the authors of the EIS did not fully investigate the intensive recreational use of the area surrounding Fort Mason, that the proposed site of Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason will have significant long-term negative effects on water-based recreation, especially swimming; expose the NPS to greater liability; and is in conflict with some of its own stated goals and those of the San Francisco General Plan.

I fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41/ Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fisherman's Wharf.

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I fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41/ Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fisherman's Wharf.

Here are some of the areas that I believe the EIS has not properly addressed:

• Aquatic Park as a cultural resource: While the EIS recognizes the historic and cultural significance of Aquatic Park, it does not address the long-term negative impacts on accessibility, water quality, and continued recreation to the area and its function as a recreational and cultural resource. Here residents and visitors of all ages, from multiple neighborhoods, gather to enjoy access to the Bay. This area has intense and growing use by swimmers, rowers, runners, bicyclists, sea scouts, seniors (at the Maritime Museum), and students from neighboring Galileo High School, Francisco and Marina Middle

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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School, and Yick Wo and Garfield Elementary schools, as well as families. And of course tourists.

• Recreational Impacts: the EIS Conclusion states "The Pier 3 Alternative would result in short- term, minor, adverse impacts on recreational resources due to construction. During operation, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from increased visitor travel time to the site from primary parking locations at Fisherman's Wharf; long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from the change in use of the Pier 3 shed; long-term, major, beneficial impacts from accommodating increased visitors and providing connections to other GGNRA parklands; and no impact on recreational swimming and rowing opportunities compared to the No Action Alternative."

This is flat out wrong.

Establishing Alcatraz Ferry service embarkation from Fort Mason will have a serious and long-term negative effect on longestablished recreational swimming and rowing opportunities. It would also place the NPS and ferry operators at greater risk and liability for potential injuries and death to recreational users.

The EIS fails to recognize that recreational swimming and rowing are not limited to the waters of Aquatic Park Cove. In fact, the entire area between Fisherman's Wharf and Yacht Harbor to the west of Fort Mason provides a critical recreation area to a growing number of open water swimmers and recreational rowers, kayakers, paddleboarders and boaters based out of Aquatic Park. Recreational usage continues to grow each year and users are swimming and rowing all year round.

The Dolphin Swimming and Boating Club (established at Aquatic Park in 1878) currently supports an active member base of roughly 1,400 members and has been adding 15 - 30 new members each month for the past several years. The South End Rowing Club has a highly active base of 1,000 recreational Bay users and membership is also growing. Together, these clubs host more than 50 organized competitive swims and/or rows each year. Each swim has roughly 60-90 participants plus accompanying pilot rowboats, kayaks, paddleboards and motorized craft. For example, the Dolphin Club has several annual swims from Gas House Cove, Yacht Harbor, and Coghlan Beach (Wave Organ beach), all west of Ft. Mason, back to Aquatic Park. There are also many additional swims that are private outings or large ones organized by other groups, such as the Leukemia & Lymphoma Society's Team In Training, The San Francisco Triathlon Club, The Golden Gate Triathlon Club, and Water World Swim, which actively use the waters between west of Lower Fort Mason and Fisherman's Wharf to recreate.

Alcatraz swims: Currently swimmers enjoy the safety and security of recreating west of the ferry service traffic lanes. The swim from Alcatraz to San Francisco is world renowned. Some 5,000 swimmers travel here each year to participate in large organized swims. In addition, both clubs have several Alcatraz swims each year and host numerous private swims from the island to Aquatic Park. These occur year round. Bringing high density ferry traffic to a widely used recreational area exposes the NPS to significant risk through heightened potential of injury and death to recreational boaters, swimmers, and first responders plus the potential negative impact on water quality standards.

• Water quality and wake action: The EIS fails to address the true conditions of currents and water quality in Aquatic Park by stating that any ferry wake-generated wave action or water quality issues would be mitigated by the Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters. The Municipal Pier is in an advanced state of decay, but even so its unique design allows currents (and pollution) to flow through the pier and into Aquatic Park. Swimmers and rowers feel the tide in the cove and would certainly be subjected to any wake activity from ferry service.

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• Conflict with SF General Plan: the proposal to move ferry service to Pier 3/Ft. Mason is in conflict with the city's General Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Plan, policy 2.4 on page 25, which refers to the City's strong commitment to passive and water-oriented recreation, views, and habitat. Throughout the General Plan, the area between Fort Mason and Fisherman's wharf is consistently cited as one of the city's most valued recreational access locations. The SF General Plan also places a clear emphasis on ensuring the economic vitality of the Fisherman's Wharf area. Relocating the ferry embarkation location to Fort Mason would likely result in 1) economic loss to Fisherman's Wharf merchants and businesses and 2) overall economic loss to the City because commercial development opportunities to replace those lost at Fisherman's Wharf would not be possible given the zoning in the area surrounding Fort Mason.

• Historic Streetcar: The EIS Transportation and Circulation Study does not address the environmental impacts of the proposed extension of the historic streetcar. Pedestrian foot traffic and recreational use of the area between Fisherman's Wharf and Lower Fort Mason increases significantly each year and a Ft. Mason Alcatraz ferry site would add another 1.5 million annual visitors to that track and surrounding area.

I urge you to save bay swimming, rowing, canoeing and recreation in this area- -one of the few along the waterfront that is easily accessible- -and locate the ferry service elsewhere.

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
Notes:	

(b) (6)

Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service,

I am a long time member of the Dolphin Club and a former employee of Save San Francisco Bay Association.

Save the Bay visited Angel Island around 2004 to have some time for reflection and planning. Three of us camped overnight. It was wonderful and very peaceful. Recently someone told me that all the eucalyptus trees had been cleared so I decided to read about it on the internet only to find out that the island had been turned into a huge three ring circus. WTF. What was the National Park Service thinking? Do we really want more of this kind of thing in the future?

Why hasn't park planning/NPS included the two historic swimming and boating clubs in the assessment? We are stakeholders. We are guardians of the bay. After reading the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Draft EIS _ February 2015 I did a word search for Dolphin Club and South-End Rowing Club. I received NO HITS.

There is too much congestion in the City and the waterfront. I find it very difficult these days to penetrate San Francisco for a simple row or swim. Why would I want to encourage even more density to fisherman's wharf or more ferry traffic on the bay. Leave things alone. We want tranquility.

Let's restore, protect and celebrate San Francisco Bay. This is an estuary for heavens sake.

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Correspondence Text

I have read the impact and you are expecting 100,000 passengers annually. Really? Sausalito is crowded now with tourist traffic and bikers. This would make it unacceptable. Also, will the park service pay for what is required to keep all this traffic safe? Fire, police, increased traffic, street maintenance, etc.

If not, do not build it.

John Kassar.

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Correspondence Text

I fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41/ Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fisherman's Wharf.

I urge you to NOT approve Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason as an option for the Alcatraz ferry embarkation. This location would severely negatively affect bay swimming, rowing, sailing races and sailing practice for many local students, extend heavy waterfront tourism from Fishermans Wharf into the Marina district, and raises serious questions about the effects on water quality and the acceleration of the structural deterioration of Muni Pier. Below are deficits that I see in the DEIS:

I believe that the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) submitted with the proposal is incorrect in some areas and incomplete in addressing major areas of concern as related to recreational activities in the area, namely recreational boating and the growing sport of open water swimming, and potential impacts to the degrading Municipal Pier.

I believe that the authors of the EIS did not fully investigate the intensive recreational use of the area surrounding Fort Mason, that the proposed site of Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason will have significant long-term negative effects on water-based recreation, especially swimming; expose the NPS to greater liability; and is in conflict with some of its own stated goals and those of the San Francisco General Plan.

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Here are some of the areas that I believe the EIS has not properly addressed:

• Aquatic Park as a cultural resource: While the EIS recognizes the historic and cultural significance of Aquatic Park, it does not address the long-term negative impacts on accessibility, water quality, and continued recreation to the area and its function as a recreational and cultural resource. Here residents and visitors of all ages, from multiple neighborhoods, gather

to enjoy access to the Bay. This area has intense and growing use by swimmers, rowers, runners, bicyclists, sea scouts, seniors (at the Maritime Museum), and students from neighboring Galileo High School, Francisco and Marina Middle School, and Yick Wo and Garfield Elementary schools, as well as families. And of course tourists.

• Recreational Impacts: the EIS Conclusion states "The Pier 3 Alternative would result in short- term, minor, adverse impacts on recreational resources due to construction. During operation, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from increased visitor travel time to the site from primary parking locations at Fisherman's Wharf; long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from the change in use of the Pier 3 shed; long-term, major, beneficial impacts from accommodating increased visitors and providing connections to other GGNRA parklands; and no impact on recreational swimming and rowing opportunities compared to the No Action Alternative."

This is flat out wrong.

Establishing Alcatraz Ferry service embarkation from Fort Mason will have a serious and long-term negative effect on longestablished recreational swimming and rowing opportunities. It would also place the NPS and ferry operators at greater risk and liability for potential injuries and death to recreational users.

The EIS fails to recognize that recreational swimming and rowing are not limited to the waters of Aquatic Park Cove. In fact, the entire area between Fisherman's Wharf and Yacht Harbor to the west of Fort Mason provides a critical recreation area to a growing number of open water swimmers and recreational rowers, kayakers, paddleboarders and boaters based out of Aquatic Park. Recreational usage continues to grow each year and users are swimming and rowing all year round. The Dolphin Swimming and Boating Club (established at Aquatic Park in 1878) currently supports an active member base of roughly 1,400 members and has been adding 15 - 30 new members each month for the past several years. The South End Rowing Club has a highly active base of 1,000 recreational Bay users and membership is also growing. Together, these clubs host more than 50 organized competitive swims and/or rows each year. Each swim has roughly 60-90 participants plus accompanying pilot rowboats, kayaks, paddleboards and motorized craft. For example, the Dolphin Club has several annual swims from Gas House Cove, Yacht Harbor, and Coghlan Beach (Wave Organ beach), all west of Ft. Mason, back to Aquatic Park. There are also many additional swims that are private outings or large ones organized by other groups, such as the Leukemia & Lymphoma Society's Team In Training, The San Francisco Triathlon Club, The Golden Gate Triathlon Club, and Water World Swim, which actively use the waters between west of Lower Fort Mason and Fisherman's Wharf to recreate.

Alcatraz swims: Currently swimmers enjoy the safety and security of recreating west of the ferry service traffic lanes. The swim from Alcatraz to San Francisco is world renowned. Some 5,000 swimmers travel here each year to participate in large organized swims. In addition, both clubs have several Alcatraz swims each year and host numerous private swims from the island to Aquatic Park. These occur year round. Bringing high density ferry traffic to a widely used recreational area exposes the NPS to significant risk through heightened potential of injury and death to recreational boaters, swimmers, and first responders plus the potential negative impact on water quality standards.

• Water quality and wake action: The EIS fails to address the true conditions of currents and water quality in Aquatic Park by stating that any ferry wake-generated wave action or water quality issues would be mitigated by the Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters. The Municipal Pier is in an advanced state of decay, but even so its unique design allows currents (and pollution) to flow through the pier and into Aquatic Park. Swimmers and rowers feel the tide in the cove and would certainly be subjected to any wake activity from ferry service.

• Municipal Pier: the NPS is well aware of the rapidly deteriorating condition of Muni Pier. The EIS fails to reflect this fact and how wake generated wave action will also accelerate its decay. This pier is essential to the protection of Aquatic Park Cove for recreation uses as well as the historic fleet of ships at Hyde Street Pier.

• Conflict with SF General Plan: the proposal to move ferry service to Pier 3/Ft. Mason is in conflict with the city's General Plan, policy 2.4 on page 25, which refers to the City's strong commitment to passive and water-oriented recreation, views, and habitat. Throughout the General Plan, the area between Fort Mason and Fisherman's wharf is consistently cited as one of the city's most valued recreational access locations. The SF General Plan also places a clear emphasis on ensuring the

economic vitality of the Fisherman's Wharf area. Relocating the ferry embarkation location to Fort Mason would likely result in 1) economic loss to Fisherman's Wharf merchants and businesses and 2) overall economic loss to the City because commercial development opportunities to replace those lost at Fisherman's Wharf would not be possible given the zoning in the area surrounding Fort Mason.

• Historic Streetcar: The EIS Transportation and Circulation Study does not address the environmental impacts of the proposed extension of the historic streetcar. Pedestrian foot traffic and recreational use of the area between Fisherman's Wharf and Lower Fort Mason increases significantly each year and a Ft. Mason Alcatraz ferry site would add another 1.5 million annual visitors to that track and surrounding area.

I urge you to save bay swimming and recreation in this area- -one of the few along the waterfront that is easily accessible- - and locate the ferry service elsewhere.

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

After reviewing the Draft Environmental Impact Statement, I would suggest that all further Alcatraz ferry embarkation should be done from Pier 3. The selection of Pier 3 makes the most sense considering that NPS already owns the historic pier and can build upon it without concern of third party woes. It does seem that renovations to Pier 3 may appear costly, however, if the goal is to have a long-term embarkation site, these costs can be seen as a solid investment while environmental, socioeconomic, aesthetic, and other concerns should be viewed as essential short-term costs to ensure the success of the project.

Thank you,

Ricardo Magallon

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Correspondence Text

I would like to comment that in terms of public transportation the Pier 3 alternative has the closest proximity to BART in comparison to the other alternatives.

Author Information

Keep Private:	No
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Correspondence Text

To: Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation AreaBuilding 201, Fort MasonSan Francisco, CA, 94123 From: Pauline Yeckley, San Francisco resident and member of South End Rowing Club Re: Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project

As a resident of San Francisco and member of the South End Rowing Club, I strongly urge the NPS to select Pier 31 1/2 or Pier 41 as an alternative to moving the Alcatraz ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Environmentally, Fort Mason piers would not be a positive move. The water quality in the Bay is currently acceptable to wildlife; Crissy Field project has improved the availability of quality shoreline for birds and wildlife.

Currently, I am a volunteer on the Island and see tourists and island visitors in the current location. After the ferry, many of them wander down to Pier 39 or down to the Ferry Building or even the ball park. The current location is excellent for these activities.

I realize that sometime in the future the Fort Mason complex and area will be "developed" but for now, please leave it for the residents of San Francisco to enjoy. Living expenses in San Francisco are high! and one of the delights of the city is the Fort Mason area of the waterfront.

Thank you for these considerations, Pauline Yeckley

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Aquatic Park as a cultural resource: While the EIS recognizes
the historic and cultural significance of Aquatic Park, it does not address
the long-term negative impacts on accessibility, water quality, and
continued recreation to the area and its function as a recreational and
cultural resource. Here residents and visitors of all ages, from multiple
neighborhoods, gather to enjoy access to the Bay. This area has intense and
growing use by swimmers, rowers, runners, bicyclists, sea scouts, seniors
(at the Maritime Museum), and students from neighboring Galileo High
School, Francisco and Marina Middle School, and Yick Wo and Garfield
Elementary schools, as well as families. And of course tourists.
Alternative would result in short- term, minor, adverse impacts on
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> from increased visitor travel time to the site from primary parking

> locations at Fisherman's Wharf; long-term, minor, adverse impacts on

> recreation from the change in use of the Pier 3 shed; long-term, major,

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> connections to other GGNRA parklands; and no impact on recreational

> swimming and rowing opportunities compared to the No Action Alternative."

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> This is flat out wrong.

>

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 > operators at greater risk and liability for potential injuries and death to
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> 1878) currently supports an active member base of roughly 1,400 members and

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> than 50 organized competitive swims and/or rows each year. Each swim has

> roughly 60-90 participants plus accompanying pilot rowboats, kayaks,

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> many additional swims that are private outings or large ones organized by
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> • Conflict with SF General Plan: the proposal to move ferry

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> Study does not address the environmental impacts of the proposed extension

> of the historic streetcar. Pedestrian foot traffic and recreational use of

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>

- > I urge you to save bay swimming and recreation in this area- -one of the
- > few along the waterfront that is easily accessible- -and locate the ferry
- > service elsewhere.

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Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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• Recreational Impacts: the EIS Conclusion states "The Pier 3 Alternative would result in short- term, minor, adverse impacts on recreational resources due to construction. During operation, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from increased visitor travel time to the site from primary parking locations at Fisherman's Wharf; long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from the change in use of the Pier 3 shed; long-term, major, beneficial impacts from accommodating increased visitors and providing connections to other GGNRA parklands; and no impact on recreational swimming and rowing opportunities compared to the No Action Alternative."

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Author Information

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Correspondence Text

Don't do this. Keep the ferry where it is. Don't crowd the quieter neighborhood of the Marina with all the additional traffic. And don't disrespect the swimming and paddling that take place all around Ft. Mason. The failure of your EIS to take into account the extensive current and historic use of the surrounding waters for recreational purposes is offensive, whether intentional or a result of failure to do a thorough job. It makes you come across as a bully, with an agenda that precludes your presenting an honest assessment of the facts. Make your deal with the Port, stop grandstanding, and don't pollute our playground with traffic hazards and fumes.

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Correspondence Text

I am commenting on the Draft EIS for the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project.

It seems like Pier 3 is the best alternative for the Parks Service's relocation of the Alcatraz embarkation site. To me, this new location perfectly serves the Parks Service's needs and allows them to achieve their goals of establishing a permanent site for ferry embarkation and linkages to other parklands, while maintaining the Park Service's identity. I think it's important for visitors to recognize the site as belonging to the Parks Service and appreciate their work and involvement in providing the Alcatraz experience. Since the Parks Service owns this site, it seems most logical for them to relocate Alcatraz services there in order to establish a permanent, branded location for visitors. With all of this said, I am confused whether this site has an appropriate amount of parking available and whether this will have negative impacts on the visitors' experience. I'm also concerned with the distance of Pier 3 from Fisherman's Wharf and Pier 39. I wonder if the Alcatraz experience will become a separate tourism attraction from Fisherman's Wharf and Pier 39. In my experience, tourists try to incorporate all three attractions into one excursion.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this proposed project.

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I oppose the Fort Baker Ferry Service project unless a more detailed and realistic use proposal and EIR is established. Sausalito and Fort Baker simply cannot assume an uncapped increase in tourism. The city and Fort have already seen a considerable increase in development, traffic, tourism and general use in recent years. These increases are not sustainable for a small historic community.

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Correspondence Text

pier 3 is the preferred choice for the Alcatraz embarkation center as it may relieve an already high traffic area. Although it isn't the least environmentally impactful of the 4 scenarios, Pier 3 is a good alternative since all three scenarios include a fort mason intrusion. Using pier 3 minimizes the pier 33 and 41 building construction, which would probably increase the already high traffic areas. The only concern for the pier 3 alternative is creating a new traffic area, but fort mason is adequate to handle such traffic because they already experience large capacities during events. The embarcadero piers are consistently busy during the day therefore keeping the traffic there would just congest it even more.

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Correspondence Text

I appreciate the opportunity to be able to comment on an EIS report for the relocation of the Alcatraz Ferry reembarkation pier. I had just a few comments. One of them is regarding the amount of time it will take to make this transition. Due to the huge amount of traffic that already has occurred from the new cruise terminal and giants stadium, do you think the construction time will cause and further hindrance to the traffic? If so, how will you compensate for that? This will significantly affect the people who live near these potential piers and those who commute in and out? I wouldn't mind having more buses running. Another thing I was concerned about is the amount of pollution from gas that goes into the bay. Are there options for more sustainable boats? Thanks!

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Web Form
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Correspondence Text

May 18, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for number of years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I swim 4 times a week outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in morning swims all year long, support other swimmers training for big world class marathon swims. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Nemanja Spasojevic Member of South End Rowing Club SAN FRANCISCO RESIDENT SINCE 2007

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Correspondence Text

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been an active, enthusiastic member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for the past year. The club is a historic and truly special San Francisco institution, and it has provided me and many others with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. I believe that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on *recreational activities.*

The DEIS states that: "Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative."

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming

in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation quite frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). Given these omissions, the DEIS does *not* take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

As a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities in the San Francisco Bay that I would not be able to otherwise. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park approx. three to four times a week, sometimes more, and on many of these swims, I and my co-swimmers head west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. This part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in regular morning swims and long-distance swims from Alcatraz or elsewhere along the northern San Francisco waterfront. These activities are most definitely not limited to Aquatic Park. In fact, I would say that most SERC swimmers conduct most of their swims *outside* of Aquatic Park- this certainly seems to be the general preference among the majority of the members I've interacted with.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I swim outside of Aquatic Park on a regular, weekly basis, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas in which I swim. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and

other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely, Kim Hedges Member of the South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

May 13, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for one year. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently (daily) swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often going west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in daily morning swims to fort mason and longer weekend swims to Chrissy field or Alcatraz. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Boaz Nur

Member of South End Rowing Club

Russian Hill Resident and resident of San Francisco since birth.

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Correspondence Text

To Whom It May Concern:

As a 25 year old company in tourism on the Bay, we have watched the evolution of Alcatraz concessions and venues very closely. Given the current proposition of 3 potential landing sites, we would like to make the following statements in strong support of moving Alcatraz service to Pier 41:

INCREASED DISTANCE = INCREASED EMISSIONS

Was the physical route calculated into the current analysis? While it may seem small on its face, crunching some initial numbers we see Pier 41 as closest in terms of a ferry route (1.23mi) as opposed to Ft. Mason (1.37mi) or Pier 31.5 (1.63mi).

Looking at the current site versus our proposed Pier 41, at an average of 5,000 trips per year over 50 years, the reduction of 0.4 miles per trip comes out to 100,000 miles of ferry travel and resulting emissions that could instantly be reduced by simply changing to Pier 41.

VISUAL ASPECT = POSITIVE GUEST EXPERIENCE

You can't see Alcatraz from Pier 31.5...and you get a front row seat from Pier 41. We believe this would be a more positive guest experience, and allow for more inclusive land-based experiences for those that can't get to the island in person, being able to see it right off the water. Additionally, this was the site for Alcatraz departures for over 20 years prior to Pier 31.5, clearly it is a logical choice.

WAS THIS DECISION MADE WITH FEDERAL REDUCTION REQ'S IN MIND

The federal government just issued an Executive Order in March 2015 requiring reductions in Greenhouse Gas Emissions by

40% or the next 10 years. We'd like to see concrete evidence of how this decision is being made using that criteria, such as the distance we have previously mentioned. For your review, a summary of the order can be found here: https://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2015/03/19/fact-sheet-reducing-greenhouse-gas-emissions-federal-government-and-acro

Thank you for the opportunity to comment, we look forward to the best decision being made.

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Correspondence Text

Please, please do not re-establish the tram through Aquatic Park. Aquatic Park is a rare gem and so unique to San Francisco! Running the tram through it will disrupt the park activity and endanger those of us who enjoy it on a regular basis as well as the numerous visitors to the city. It will also change the complexition of the neighborhood that will not result in a better standard of living in this already very expensive city. So for safety reasons and maintaining the integrity of a very unique park, please reconsider this development.

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Correspondence Text

May 17, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 15 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 1/2, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and many other recreational groups who use the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim and pilot/escort other swimmers outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in over 15 open water swims a year, all of them outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park. This number of swims does not include the daily "Sunriser" program that takes place most mornings, also outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location. The absence of the wave attenuator currently may also allow waves created by regular ferry service to accelerate the decline of nearby Muni Pier that protects swimmers and boaters in Aquatic Park presently and is sadly in need of repair already.

The DEIS also fails to evaluate the effect of regular ferry service from Ft. Mason to Alcatraz on the large number of public Alcatraz swims other operators schedule each year. Swim routes for these large public swims, some that have over 1,000 participants annually, extend from the east end of Alcatraz to the east end of Crissy Field. Essentially the swimmers path of travel would cut right across where ferry traffic would travel and at a time at which ferries would be operating. These large Alcatraz swims not only favorably showcase the bay and the city of San Francisco to a world-wide audience, they also bring employment to many commercial boats and residents. These events fill many Fisherman Wharf hotels and restaurants and all of this activity would be put at risk through regular ferry service from Ft. Mason to Alcatraz that may force cancellation of these events.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id.

The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming.

The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality.

At a minimum the NPS would need to analyze and create procedures for ferry service and recreational opportunities for area residents to take place in the same way that they do now. We feel we have a historical right to use that area of the bay for recreational purposes, which is as legitimate a right as commercializing the bay through revenue ferry service to Alcatraz. There would have to be some accommodation where recreational activities are given preference, ferry routes altered to allow these regular activities almost all of them conducted under U.S. Coast Guard permits to continue to take place. This may at times require the altering of ferry schedules and paths of travel in order to create a safe environment for everyone that is presently already in place without the presence of regular scheduled ferry service in this heavily used recreation area.

I feel the issues still needing to be addressed are many and as a result I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 1/2 or Pier 41 alternative which has been identified in the DEIS as the environmentally preferred alternative and in the best interest of the entire San Francisco community.

Sincerely,

Bill Wygant President South End Rowing Club San Francisco Resident

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

Alcatraz Ferry Transportation And Circulation Study deals with ground transportation and overcrowding only,(which have to be mitigated), but contains not much about impact on the water activities and existing water traffic. Was Bay Traffic consulted about impact on existing patterns of navigation? There are number of events affected by proposed Alcatraz Ferry at Fort Mason, namely sailing regattas with course directly in front of Fort Mason. Just in month of May: Elnstrom Zelerbach May 2 -3 J 24 Western Regional Championship May 16-17 Phyllis Kleinman Swithsure Regatta May 16-17 SMRC Area GHGH Qualifier May 23-24 Woodies Invitational May 29-31 You can check upcoming events on www.regattadates.com and www.yra.org A new international regatta, the Golden Gate Yacht Racing Challenge will be sailed annually on San Francisco Bay beginning in July 2017 I don't have all the racing events schedule but it can easily reach 35 or more.

There are many boat races of different classes of light boats, wind surfing, outrigger canoe, whale boats, shells. not counting Alcatraz swims both commercial and by South End and Dolphin Clubs. Number of them are international events. And the big one: Rolex Big Boat Series on September 17-20 celebrating 50 years of this race. The turning gate of this race is exactly in front of Fort Mason and boats in this race do not stop for anyone. During regattas sail boats are routinely making turns

30-50 feet close to Piers 2 and 3, and boats are coming from the nearest cove in a very tight formation. I have numerous photos showing sail boats coming very close to Pier 3 during the race. Taken from the row boat it clearly shows how

dangerous the situation can become. Does it mean that during regattas Ferry operation has to be stopped? I am wondering if Golden Gate Yacht Club and San Francis Yacht Club are aware of the future NPS plans. They would need to alter race course for too many events.

Saying that there is always traffic in SF Bay is one thing, but disrupting long established traditions of the boat races, recreational activities, and organized swims going back 50 years and more all as a result of difficulties in financial arrangement with San Francisco Port Authority is not looking good.

Area west of Hyde Pier to Golden Gate Bridge was traditionally a safe sanctuary for sailing, rowing, and swimming. Introducing ferry traffic there will endanger too many people using it. Wind and currents in SF Bay already presenting enough challenges to sailors, rowers and swimmers. We don't need another challenge of dodging ferries.

Existing Location at Pier 31 embarkation for Alcatraz Ferries affords good visibility for both Ferry operators and sail and row boats to avoid collisions. Not so at Pier 3, where row boats and small sail boats are often forced to stay close to shore due to current and wind conditions. Being surprised by outgoing Ferry in a very tight space with little option to avoid collision is a sure recipe for disaster.

People using this area regularly deserve to see how this proposal affect their activities.

Hope NPS will arrive at mutually beneficial agreement with San Francisco Port Authority preserving existing traditions for growing number of peoples and organizations using San Francisco Bay.

Respectfully,

Marcus Auerbuch, Dolphin Club Member

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Correspondence Text

May 18, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 5 years, and a participant in San Francisco recreation activities for 60 years. SERC has provided me and my family with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents

and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in training for open water swimming and long-distance swims to Alcatraz or elsewhere in the northern San Francisco waterfront. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming.. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely, (signed electronically) Dan Nadaner Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 8 years. SERC has provided me and my family with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in:

morning swims, Invitational swims from around the world, birthday celebration swims and learning open water rowing and kayaking These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training/rowing, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

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In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Gigi Trabant Member of South End Rowing Club

No

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123

Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

This is to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 13 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. On behalf of all those who swim in the Bay, SERC, my family and myself, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay. The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 259 of 432

"Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative."

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Sincerely,

Catherine M. Bump Member of South End Rowing Club

cc: Senator Dianne Feinstein Senator Barbara Boxer Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi

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Please do not move the Alcatraz Ferry or an other ferry to Fort Mason.

I am a bay swimmer and swim (along with thousands of other people) in the Fort Mason area and other bay locations each year.

Keep the ferry where it is now.

If you move it to Ft. Mason it definitely will negatively impact the lives of thousands of people.

Thank you.

Rosemary McNally South End Rowing Club Member Swimmer

Author Information

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Correspondence Text

MAY 19 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

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DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in [rowing and/or swimming] activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently [row and/or swim] outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often [rowing and/or swimming] west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in: [insert additional detail as applicable/desired re: use of the Bay; e.g., "training for open water swimming", "morning swims", "long-distance swims to Alcatraz or elsewhere in the northern San Francisco waterfront"]. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water [swim training/rowing], would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently [swim and/or row] outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be [swimming and/or rowing]. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts. In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ¹/₂ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely, Thomas W Linthicum Swimming Commissioner and Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area

Building 201, Fort Mason

San Francisco, CA, 94123

Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS").

I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 6 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason.

The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3

Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that: Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

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As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in rowing and swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge.

Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in: my training for long distance open water swims . I was able to qualify for my English Channel swim by swimming repeatedly to Fort Mason and Back, I trained for my Gibraltor Straits swim using the same area as well as swimming Lake Tahoe and around Pennock Island in Alaska . Moreover participating in club swims all over the bay has been a life changer. At sixty years old I am now healthier and more fit than I have ever been in my life.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

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Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park.

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In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz.

In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely,

Danielle Ruymaker

Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 4 years. SERC has provided me and my family with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

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In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Daniel Jegers

Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

My name is Captain Andy Miller, I have 26 years of experience as a captain of ferries on San Francisco Bay, including 18 years working on the Alcatraz Ferry Service when it was operated by Blue & Gold and prior to that by the Red and White Fleet. I currently am a captain on Blue & Gold excursion and commuter services. I am very familiar with the navigational conditions of travel to Alcatraz from all three proposed sites.

From a navigational perspective, the channel known as the East Bound Lane adjacent to Fort Mason Pier 3 with the severe fog conditions and the very large water based recreational area presents the highest risks and impacts. The DEIS failed to examine these conditions.

The summer fog pattern runs basically thru the Golden Gate Bridge Eastward towards Alcatraz island and onward towards Berkeley, with the range of visibility anywhere from near zero to ½-3/4th of a mile. When transiting the area from Fort Mason to the Southern tip of Alcatraz Island the route enters the fog almost immediately. This can be a very challenging scenario vs entering from the Pier 31 1/2 location that is tucked to the south of the fog pattern and allows time under way before entering the Fog and thus an easier transition into the fog zone en route.

The DEIS' recreation section, states that the Pier 3 alternative will have "no impacts on recreational boating or swimming." From years of experience, I know this is not true. The Fort Mason Location starts inside a water biased recreation area with two boat marinas several launch points and thus in the fog on a busy weekend there will be plenty of close calls. The route from Pier 3 to Alcatraz is filled with conflicts with recreational boaters, windsurfers, and swimmers. To ensure safety, Alcatraz ferries will have to slow down even when there isn't heavy fog. Greater frequency of Alcatraz Ferry crossings will further increase the impact the recreational community.

On the weekends, sailing regattas, swims to and from Alcatraz Island rowboats from the clubs inside of Aquatic park, kayaks, windsurfers, kite boarders along with regular the regular tour boat schedules. The large commercial fishing fleet inside of the Hyde street Pier 45 area is home to a lot of boats, inbound and outbound ships, All of these present a constant navigational

and collision avoidance challenge with meeting, crossing and overtaking situations.

In the summer months this channel can be very challenging to navigate and avoid collisions, with the likelihood of cognitive overload a real possibility due to the infinite number of possible watercraft and the recreational access available in the area as well as challenging weather conditions

The Draft Environmental Impact Statement addresses landside transportation impacts but fails to recognize the waterside impacts to mariners and recreational boaters of locating the Alcatraz Ferry at Pier 3 Fort Mason. These impacts require further study to ensure safety for Alcatraz ferry riders, recreational users and other mariners on the Bay.

Thank you,

Captain Andy Miller, Member International Organization of Masters, Mates & Pilots

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for just one year, but it has already changed my life. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

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The DEIS states that:

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 272 of 432

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Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in rowing and swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently row and swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to row multiple times per week in both directions along the waterfront, swim early morning in and out of Aquatic Park, specifically to Fort Mason and back, and to participate in longer distance swims on the weekends (from Alcatraz or other locations along the northern San Francisco waterfront back to the SERC). Clearly, these activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming and rowing would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

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Sincerely, Tara Sweet Member of South End Rowing Club

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Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in: training for open water swimming, morning swims, and long-distance swims to Alcatraz or elsewhere in the northern San Francisco waterfront. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely,

Steve Sprinkel Member of South End Rowing Club

Bay Area Native and fifth generation Northern Californian

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 277 of 432

Author Information

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Notes: Signed by Jim Diepenbrock, Chairman of the Board, St. Francis Yacht Club and Sean Svendsen, Commodore, St.		
Francis Yacht Club		

Correspondence Text

May 8, 2015

Howard Levitt Director of Communications and Partnerships Golden Gate National Parks howard_levitt@nps.gov 415-561-4730

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation DEIS

Dear National Park Service,

I am writing to oppose the use of Ft. Mason's Piers 1, 2 and 3 and the area between Piers 2 and 3 by the National Park Service (herein NPS) as a ferry dock and passenger embarkation point for service to Alcatraz and for "special service" to Ft. Baker and other NPS sites.

By way of background, NPS has evaluated three possible sites for the Alcatraz ferry'improvements to its existing location at Pier 31 ½, potential alternative site at Pier 41 and potential alternative site at Pier 3'and published the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS). The report recommends that NPS negotiate with the Port of San Francisco to make improvements to Pier 31 ½, which we support. However, we have two concerns. First, if NPS fails to sign that lease, Pier 3 will likely become the back-up plan, given the Port's opposition to the use of Pier 41. Second, NPS has written that regardless which site is chosen for the Alcatraz ferry, it intends to build a visitor's center at Ft. Mason between Piers 1 and 2, from which special ferries will transport visitors to other NPS sites.

I believe the DEIS is legally inadequate under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), whose 42 U.S.C.S. sec. 4321 et seq., requires the lead agency, NPS, to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) that takes a "hard look" at environmental impact before taking major actions. It is the lead agency's responsibility to assess those impacts, whether direct or indirect. The Washington, D.C.-based consultant hired by NPS failed to evaluate this project's impact on boaters, paddlers, kayakers and swimmers. In fact, DEIS pages 78 and 213 erroneously assert that the Pier 3 Alternative will have "no impacts on recreational boating or swimming." The report came to this conclusion by narrowly examining the fact that boaters, paddlers and swimmers do not touch the shore at Ft. Mason. It ignored the area immediately beyond the shore, which is the subject of this letter.

In reality, Alcatraz ferry service and/or special ferry services from Piers 1-3 would create new on-water traffic lanes that would cut directly through the close-to-shore areas frequented by the 15 San Francisco area high school sailing teams that race there on weekends, and that practice in front of Ft. Mason Monday through Friday from 1530 hours to 1900 hours. Perhaps the consultant kicked off for the day before these dozens of kids took to the water?

The consultant obviously failed to visit on a weekend, when recreational swimmers and paddlers seek current relief along the shore, when the race committees of various Bay Area clubs start and finish regattas directly off those piers, and when the Ft. Mason Buoy is frequently used as a waypoint in many races. None of this activity was mentioned in the consultant's report to NPS.

Ferries would cut across the path of boaters entering and leaving SF Marina East Harbor, affecting both berth holders and transients seeking fuel at the City Yachts Gas Dock. Ferry traffic at Ft. Mason would affect kayakers and other paddlers whose right to safe passage is protected by the State of California Bay Area Water Trail Act (Legislation AB 1296) signed by the governor on September 22, 2005.

Given the poor sight lines when entering and exiting these piers, any ferry service from Ft. Mason would make it extremely dangerous if not impossible for recreational boaters and swimmers to cross in front of the piers. Ferry captains would rightly demand an exclusion zone, necessitating new buoys to be dropped off of the piers to restrict access by recreational users.

New routes linking Ft. Mason to Ft. Baker and other sites in Marin will exacerbate this problem, even if NPS is successful in keeping the Alcatraz Ferry at Pier 31 ½. If there is demand for such services, those routes should start and end at Pier 31 ½.

The lack of data or analysis of the current and projected use of the waters in the vicinity of Fort Mason by boaters, paddlers and swimmers makes it virtually impossible for interested agencies and the public to comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative or to propose mitigation measures. The NPS should undertake a Supplemental EIS to thoroughly investigate the impacts on the current and projected recreational use by boaters, paddlers and swimmers of the Pier 3 Alternative and Special Ferry Services, and have a full public comment period thereafter.

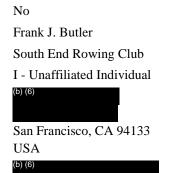
Sincerely,

Jim Diepenbrock Chairman of the Board St. Francis Yacht Club

Sean Svendsen Commodore St. Francis Yacht Club

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015 (Hard copy mailed USPS 5/19/2015)

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent: I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement

("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 11 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay, helping me stay fit and control middle age weight gain. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents

and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming and kayaking activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often heading west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. We have inflatable pilot boats that accompany us weekly outside the Cove. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in Sunriser swims, Club Swims, Long Swims and private training swims with rented inflatables. Indeed, thanks to the open water experiences beyond Aquatic Park, I was able to complete the first circumnavigation of the San Francisco Peninsula, swimming from Daly City in the Ocean, to Brisbane in the Bay! Our activities are obviously not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming and recreational kayaking would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently venture outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts. In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

F. Joseph Butler, AIA

Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

I am writing this email to oppose the Ferry moving from its current location to Fort Mason. As a member of the South End Rowing Club and a swimmer training to swim the English Channel. This would absolutely cause CAOS and be extremely dangerous for the organized swims we do outside the cove. We are always trying to avoid swimming anywhere near where the Ferrys are. Just to Dangerous! For them to move into our backyard is an absolute nightmare! SF Bay is considered the number one place in the world to train for the English Channel. Swimmers come from all over the World to train here. So do there tourist dollars.

Besides the swimmers whose training would be greatly hampered I want you to think about the businesses near where the Ferry is.

You just can't move 1 1/2 million people who ride the ferry down to Fort Mason and think you are not going to Greatly impact the businesses that are located near the current terminal. It is going to be a mess! Have you ever seen an older Center where the Anchor either goes out of business or moves. All those other businesses in that center that count on that foot traffic eventually just wither up and go out of business. That is what you will see happen to the merchants who are currently near the current Ferry terminal. There rent I am sure is based on the huge foot traffic of the ferry's being nearby. San Francisco has always been known as a city who protects its people whether they are swimmers or merchants. So I am asking you to do the right think and keep the Ferry's right where they are. Thanks!

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015 Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent: I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). For almost 22 years I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") and have appreciated the unique access to the San Francisco Bay that SERC has provided me, our club members, and participants in PATHSTAR, a nonprofit program I founded and direct to encourage health within Native American communities.

The DEIS's failure to properly evaluate the negative impact inherent in the Pier 3 alternative is demonstrated by the statement "the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative." The DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service if it were to move to Pier 3- an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay).

By moving the ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into swimming and rowing routes and would interfere significantly with rowing and swimming activities in the San Francisco Bay for any and all swimmers and rowers who do not confine their activities solely to Aquatic Park. Not only is the San Francisco Bay internationally renowned for its contributions to and support of world-class open water swimming but also being an active member of SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in daily morning swims and long-distance swims between Alcatraz and the SF shore and swims west of Aquatic Park toward Chrissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge in a manner that would not be possible if regular Alcatraz ferry service were moved to Pier 3. Furthermore, the Alcatraz Swim is an iconic cornerstone to the PATHSTAR (www.pathstar.org) program, a nonprofit

committed to inspiring healthy lifestyles and nutrition among Native Americans. Without adequate access to the areas that would be impacted by a ferry service move to Pier 3, swimmers and rowers would neither be able to train and/or to support the PATHSTAR participants and a core program would be severely impaired, as such preparing for and participating in the Alcatraz swim would be unacceptably dangerous.

In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS also fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. However, the DEIS does acknowledge that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. By failing to address the impact of these water quality issues to areas outside of Aquatic Park, the DEIS does not demonstrate full evaluation of the ramifications of construction activities on water quality, thus failing to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts and failing to fully inform the citizenry of those particular risks. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Nancy Iverson Member, South End Rowing Club Director, Preservation of Authentic Traditions and Healing (PATHSTAR)

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 17 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the

impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.DEIS at 410.

The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in rowing and swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently row and swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often rowing and swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to train for a number of ultra-marathon swims including crossing the Catalina Channel and many 8 to 12 mile competitive events in the US and internationally. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park as they involve multiple training swims of 4 to 7 hours for weeks in advance of the event. Even when not training for an event I frequently swim outside and west of Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training and rowing, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic

Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim and row outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming and rowing. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely,

Sue Free Member of South End Rowing Club 2012 Catalina Channel Swimmer

No

Kate Howell

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(b) (6)

Correspondence Text

May 19,2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 3 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ¹/₂, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay.

All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in the fantastical exploration of the San Francisco bay coast line while training for open water marathon swimming. Swimming to Fort Mason is such a common occurrence we, at the SERC, refer to it as a "RTFM" (Round trip Fort Mason). These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely,

Kate Howell, Doctor of Physical Therapy Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

1612 Funston Avenue San Francisco, CA 94122

May 19, 2015

VIA ELECTRONIC PUBLIC COMMENT & U.S. MAIL

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry Draft Environment Impact Statement

Re: Comment on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft EIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement prepared by the National Park Service. I been a member of the South End Rowing Club for many years, and have lived in San Francisco for nearly two decades. I am deeply concerned that the Draft EIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay, particularly with regard to the Pier 3 (Fort Mason) alternative.

The draft EIS states that locating ferry options at Pier will have a "negligible" impact on existing recreational uses of the Bay, including swimming, rowing and boating. This is not true. In making this assumption (based solely on the fact that ferries will not enter Aquatic Park itself) the NPS has failed to take into account the full scope of recreational use of the San Francisco waterfront. This serious omission means that the draft EIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at the impact on

recreation in this area.

Open-Water Swimmers Swim Far Beyond The Boundaries of Aquatic Park.

The waterfront area around Aquatic Park and Fort Mason has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and is the only such area in the San Francisco Bay). As a member of the South End Rowing Club, I am currently able to swim in the San Francisco Bay, and my enjoyment of this unique natural resource is not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, swimming west toward Crissy Field, or making other long-distance swims to and/or from Alcatraz, or to/from other points along waterfront. Waterfront swimming is also enjoyed by members of the Dolphin Club, various triathlon clubs (such as the Golden Gate Triathlon Club, for which I was a former swim director), and other Bay Area residents who otherwise only have access to pool swimming. In addition, the San Francisco Bay is internationally renown as a training ground for marathon swimmers from around the world.

Ferry Traffic At Pier 3 Will Jeopardize The Safety Of Open-Water Swimmers

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the move will introduce a high level of ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. This will make swimming and rowing here extremely dangerous. The result will be to effectively stop all swimming and rowing along the waterfront, confining it to Aquatic Park.

In addition, the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. (Note that the Port used to require a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at Fort Mason.) The draft EIS omits critical details about past requirements imposed on uses at Fort Mason operations, or to consider the valid reasons that such requirements were in effect.

By failing to recognize the extent of current recreational uses (particularly swimming and rowing) along the San Francisco waterfront, and by refusing to acknowledge that relocation of ferry services to Pier 3 at Fort Mason will make swimming and rowing so unsafe as to be impossible, the EIS fails to take the necessary "hard look" at the impact this change would have on recreation users.

Pier 3 Ferry Service Would Degrade Water Quality In Popular And Active Swimming and Rowing Locations.

The draft EIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. It blithely states that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." The draft EIS fails to properly analyze this issue as well.

First, the draft EIS' insufficient and cursory evaluation only addresses water quality inside Aquatic Park. As noted above, there is a significant volume of recreational activity that occurs outside Aquatic Park.

Second, even the draft EIS acknowledges that construction activities at Fort Mason, including pile driving, might result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column," and that these effects might be increased if ferry services are brought to Pier 3, because additional pile driving would be required. This would certainly affect those of us who swim by and around Fort Mason on a frequent basis.

Third, the increase in fuel, oil and other discharges from large vessels docking and departing many times a day from Fort Mason will render the water quality unpleasant - - if not downright unsafe - - for open water swimmers and rowers.

I am disappointed that the draft EIS has failed to give consideration to these issues. It is also further evidence that the draft EIS has not truly taken a "hard look" at the impact on recreational users of this area.

The Inadequacies Of The Current Draft EIS Requires Significant Supplementation And Public Comment. Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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The draft EIS fails to take the requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, specifically with regard to the effects on recreation and water quality. Accordingly, the NPS should supplement the EIS and then to provide opportunity further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative. It should do so before any consideration is given to this option.

Position On The "Pier 3 Alternative"

The South End Rowing Club has provided me and many other residents and visitors with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. To significantly curtail the ability of recreational users to enjoy the San Francisco waterfront in this area would destroy one of the most special aspects of San Francisco for both residents and visitors. Regardless of whether the Port requires the NPS to supplement the

draft EIS, I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely,

/signed/

Kristin E. Hutchins South End Rowing Club Member Former Swim Director of the Golden Gate Triathlon Club San Francisco Resident

cc: Bill Wygant, President, South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

May 13, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for two years. SERC has provided me [and my family] with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swim activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim and row outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often [rowing and/or swimming] west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in Thee most amazing swims around the bay. Training sessions for swim around the world. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water [swim training/rowing], would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently [swim and/or row] outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be [swimming and/or rowing]. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts. In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative. PLEASE don't destroy this amazing Club and take away these amazing swim experiences that are world class.

Orla O'Malley Daly Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a resident of the Presidio since I moved to San Francisco three years ago, and in spite of my matured age (66), I have enjoyed the many athletic activities this location has offered to me without the need to get into my car.

1. I run often, and like many other runners, I enjoy the Crissy Feld/Marina/Fort Mason path, not just because it is flat, but also because of its views of the bay. I stay away from the area East of Aquatic Park because of the crowds of tourists enjoying our commercial Fisherman Wharf and Embarcadero. Moving the Alcatraz Ferry to Fort Mason would cause a migration of these crowds onto this very popular running route, and make it very difficult to continue our activity on this path.

2. I also bike often, and the same can be said about this activity.

3. I also swim often in the Bay, as a member of the South End Rowing Club. I have invited like-minded visitors from overseas and other parts of the country to swim in the bay. Moving the Ferry to Fort Mason would mean an end to all swimming activities West of Aquatic Park.

4. I sometimes kayak too, and the same can be said about this activity

So, please leave the Ferry Embarkation where is has been for the past decade. Respectfully Willy Wak

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 8 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

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would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in:training for long distance swims and morning swims. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Don Honigman

Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

The City of Sausalito (City) submits these comments on the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) for the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project (Project) proposed by the National Park Service (NPS). The DEIS largely addresses the selection of three alternative embarkation sites on the San Francisco waterfront to serve the Parks ferry operations to Alcatraz Island. NPS proposes, as a mandatory component of the three Project alternatives, Special Ferry Service at Fort Baker (hereafter, Fort Baker Ferry Service). According to the DEIS, the Fort Baker Ferry Service component will involve the development of a ferry berth at Fort Baker and the operation of a ferry for special events, occasional excursions, or special occasional service between other NPS parks and the San Francisco waterfront.

No qualification is provided as to what occasional means in terms of number of annual excursions, and no upper limit is provided. Occasional is later characterized in the DEIS as intermittent with trip numbers apparently at a low level relative to existing activity in the San Francisco] Bay. (DEIS, p. 375.)

Development of the Fort Baker Ferry Service will also involve the virtual re-construction of the existing 1930s era, 400-foot long concrete pier at Fort Baker, which the DEIS describes as having significant damage and deterioration. (DEIS, p. 62.) The first step in any such development is adequate review under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Unfortunately, after a close review of the DEIS, it is apparent that the Fort Baker Ferry Service project component and NPSs environmental review of it in the DEIS is flawed. The DEIS fails to include essential facts necessary to accurately and completely describe the Fort Baker Ferry Service project component; it fails to provide a factual basis for critical conclusions contained in the DEIS; it relies on misleading assumptions; and it understates substantially the potential impacts of the Fort Baker Ferry Service component of the Project.

The City urges NPS to carefully review the comments below and correct the deficiencies identified before moving forward with any further consideration of the Fort Baker Ferry Service component of the Project. NPS, in particular, must carefully weigh the relative benefits of the Project-based on a full and accurate understanding of the scope and effects of the Project before committing potentially millions of dollars in federal subsidies for water-based transportation from Fort Baker to the San Francisco waterfront. Before irreversibly committing resources to such a project component, NPS owes the public a full, accurate and well-supported analysis of its environmental impacts on Fort Baker and the surrounding environment.

THE CITY, AS A CRITICAL STEWARD OF THE RICHARDSON BAY, HAS A STRONG BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN ENSURING COMPLIANCE WITH NEPA

The City of Sausalito has had a long record of support for the recreational use of Fort Baker. In 1998, the City informed then Superintendent Brian ONeil of its support for the transfer of Fort Baker from the Army to the National Park Service. However, that support has also been balanced with the concern that Fort Baker retains its historic heritage. We have urged the NPS to be sure the Forts facilities are sized in a way that preserves its historic resources and enhances sensitive environmental resources. In turn, NPS substantially reduced the originally proposed size of the conference center/lodge from 350 rooms to a maximum of 225 rooms.

The Project DEIS largely concerns itself with determining which of three piers on the San Francisco waterfront would be the best location for the NPSs ferry operation to Alcatraz Island. However, each of these alternatives includes, without exception, ferry operation from Fort Baker to the San Francisco waterfront and other potential stops at NPS facilities located in San Francisco Bay.

Simply put, we were shocked at this component of the Project. The City is gravely concerned that the Fort Baker-San Francisco leg of the Project foreshadows a significant increase in the intensity of use at Fort Baker. Once having constructed a ferry landing at Fort Baker at considerable cost, it is simply inevitable that pressure will mount for NPS to expand the service from what is now described as occasional special events to regular ferry service from Fort Baker to the San Francisco peninsula.

Indeed, the DEIS admits as much. The DEIS alludes to a staggering 100,000 annual ferry passenger visits to Fort Baker as part of a circular route that serves multiple Park Service sites in the Bay. (Transportation and Circulation Study, p. 86.) In a seemingly innocuous statement, but in reality a glaring admission, the DEIS sets a baseline for noise at 14 ferry landings per day at Fort Baker resulting in 28 events. (DEIS, p. 345.)

As you know, the City is the nearest urban center to Fort Baker. Currently, the Citys streets, parking lots and public amenities are under mounting pressure from regional, national and international visitors traveling to Sausalito. The City continues to experience a staggering level of vehicles, bicycles and pedestrian traffic flowing into the Bridgeway corridor. Weekend bicycle traffic, largely arriving via the Golden Gate Bridge, has proved to be especially vexing, making many of our pedestrian walkways nearly impassable. In turn, cyclists often return to San Francisco via the ferry operations embarking from the Sausalito Ferry Landing. However, the number of returning cyclists is now outstripping the capacity of those ferries. Rather than relieve that overcrowding, we believe a ferry landing at Fort Baker will serve to increase visitors and bicycle traffic in Sausalito and further impact our community while also eroding the visitor experience at both Fort Baker and Sausalito.

For nearly 15 years since the transfer of Fort Baker to the NPS, the City has continued to invest in maintaining itself as one of the nations most visited waterfront communities, drawing two million visitors annually. We believe that maintaining our communitys quality of life directly benefits NPS, providing significant nearby amenities to lodge and conference guest at Cavallo.

Accordingly, we believe NPS and the City share a strong mutual interest in the economic vitality of the Citys downtown waterfront, and we continue to support responsible use of Fort Baker that will sustain this treasured resource. But the Project proposes a substantial change to Fort Baker with the re-construction of the pier as a ferry landing and the inevitable advent that Fort Baker will become a destination for some 100,000 new visitors each year as one of the other park sites within the Bay. (DEIS, pp. vii, viii, 48, 56, 61, 305, 309, 314.)

The City and Fort Baker stand to be significantly affected by the proposed Fort Baker Ferry Service component of the Project. Accordingly, the City is vitally interested that the environmental impacts of the Projects Fort Baker components are fully considered and actually mitigated to the fullest extent feasible.

THE DEIS FAILS TO ADEQUATELY AND COMPLETELY COMPLY WITH NEPA

1. The Project Description Does Not Adequately and Completely Describe the

Actual Project

An accurate and complete project description, as required by NEPA, enables the public to understand the full scope of the Project and its potential effects on the environment. Here, the Project Description concerning Fort Baker Ferry Service component is incomplete, misleading and under-developed. As a result, it improperly minimizes the potential environmental impacts and artificially narrows the reasonable range of alternatives of the Project.

The Projects description improperly constrains the scope of the actual Project by narrowly defining the Fort Baker Ferry Service component as [d]eveloping a ferry berth at Fort Baker for special service that could operate for special events,

occasional excursions, or special occasional services between other parklands and the primary ferry embarkation site in San Francisco. (DEIS, p viii.)

However, as we drill down into the DEIS and its supporting studies, we learn the DEISs mantra of occasional is seriously misleading. While the DEIS attempts to suggest that regular daily ferry service to Fort Baker is foreclosed, the DEIS actually sets the stage for just that level of service (without any attempt to identify or analyze the environmental impacts of such regular service).

Each of the primary alternatives for the San Francisco embarkation site includes a third berth component that will be used for cross-bay ferry service to other NPS Parklands - including Fort Baker. According to the DEIS,

The Alcatraz ferry embarkation site may provide a valuable opportunity for cross-bay ferry service to other GGNRA parklands. Convenient transit connections to other GGNRA parklands, such as Fort Baker, are currently unavailable from the existing ferry embarkation site. NPS policy promotes alternative transportation access that is energy conserving and convenient, and that provides multiple travel options for visitors. Increasing numbers of park visitors choose to use transit, do not have an automobile, and perceive travel by ferry as an enjoyable experience. The potential to add another (third) berth and promote additional special-event services to the ferry embarkation site would further enhance this opportunity. (DEIS, p. v.)

While seemingly consistent with the occasional Fort Baker ferry service portended in the bulk of the DEIS, this fa ade simply crumbles when we review the DEISs technical studies. Buried within the technical study concerning transportation and circulation, the NPS discloses that its San Francisco waterfront embarkation sites third berth is expected to accommodate 100,000 annual passengers as part of a circular ferry route that takes visitors to a series of NPS parklands, including Fort Baker:

Although the ultimate use of this third berth is yet undefined, the additional ferry service could be a water taxi or a circular route that serves multiple Park Service sites in the Bay, for example. The Park Service has forecasted that this service would add up to 100,000 additional visitors annually &.

(Transportation and Circulation Study, p. 86.)

The forecasted 100,000 passenger visits per year to Fort Baker via the circular route is, it appears, inadvertently confirmed in the DEIS discussion on noise and vibration. In analyzing noise and vibration impacts at Fort Baker, the DEIS specifically states that a future (with Project) noise levels analysis was performed based on a conservative estimate of 14 ferries per day. (DEIS, p. 345, emphasis added). The DEIS further states that [t]he Fort Baker element of the Project is assumed to accommodate approximately 14 ferry trips, or 28 events per day. (DEIS, p. 324.)

We are compelled to agree with the author. We concur that 14 ferries per day at Fort Baker is a conservative estimate and, to be fair, probably represents the outer limit of daily ferry service to Fort Baker. The technical study estimates that the third berth circular route service will generate 390 ferry passengers, on average, each day. However, this is only part of the story. NPS sponsored ferry excursions are subject to substantial peak demand on weekends, particularly Saturdays where demand appears to be more that twofold the average daily rate. Based on these peak demands, it is likely that ferry passenger visits to Fort Baker on a peak Saturday will exceed 1,000 passengers. The NPSs current ferry concessionaire, Alcatraz Cruises, LLC, utilizes a ferry with capacity of 110 passengers for cocktail styled excursions which would appear to be consistent with the DEISs special event criteria accorded the circular route ferry service envisioned for Fort Baker and other NPS parklands. Assuming 80% t 90% pssenger utilization during peak periods, 14 ferry landings during peak days at Fort Baker certainly appears to be in the reasonable range.

Summarizing our review, we believe that the DEIS fails to adequately describe the Project because it falsely characterizes the Fort Baker Ferry Service component as occasional when in fact the Fort Baker Ferry Service contemplates 100,000 passenger visits to Fort Baker with ferry service during peak days at as many as 14 ferry landings and 28 events. (DEIS, p. 324 and p. 345.) The DEIS should be revised to reflect this correction to the Project description.

2. The DEIS Improperly Piecemeals and Segments the Project, Thus Minimizing

Impacts and Avoiding Necessary Mitigation

At the core of the DEISs inadequacy is its surgical-like attempt to carefully characterize Project components as undefined when they will occur at Fort Baker and yet, simultaneously evaluate specific aspects of those same so-called undefined components when it comes to impacts on the San Francisco waterfront. The third berth with its 100,000 annual passengers is fully evaluated for its environmental impacts on the San Francisco peninsula. But two miles away across the San Francisco Bay, the DEIS posits that there are virtually no Fort Baker impacts from these very same ferry operations emanating from the

third berth. Indeed, the third berth component with its 100,000 passengers and circular route impacts in Marin County has been piecemealed out of the Project, hiding behind the DEISs phraseology of occasional and intermittent ferry service at Fort Baker. Does NPS seriously contend that 100,000 passengers are going someplace other than Fort Baker as these ferries embark on a circular route of the San Francisco Bay visiting every other NPS parkland? Simply put, NPS cannot leave analysis of such impacts to future review.

3. The DEIS Fails to Analyze a Reasonable Range of Feasible Alternatives

The purpose of the alternatives discussion in an EIS is to identify ways to reduce or avoid significant environmental effects. (42 U.S.C. 4332(C)(iii).) NEPA requires the lead agency to [r]igorously explore and objectively evaluate all reasonable alternatives, and for alternatives which were eliminated from detailed study, briefly discuss the reasons for their having been eliminated. (40 C.F.R. 1502.14(a).)

Here, the DEISs Alternative analysis fails in its attempt to address NEPA requirements because it makes no attempt to analyze a Project alternative that does not include the proposed Fort Baker Ferry Service. Because such an alternative would eliminate at least some of the environmental impacts of the Project while still fulfilling NPSs primary Project objective for a landing along the San Francisco waterfront, the DEISs mandated embrace of the Fort Baker Ferry Service component for every alternative is improper and deprives the public and decision-makers of vital information required for an informed analysis.

An alternative that eliminates the Fort Baker Ferry Service is a feasible alternative that would meet the Projects primary objectives, while assuaging the concerns of the City that Fort Baker is taking a critical (and misguided) first step towards daily commercial and heightened weekend ferry operations. Yet the DEIS completely ignores this feasible alternative. The DEIS must be revised to include a reasonable range of alternatives, not just a binary choice between the Fort Baker Ferry Service or No Project.

4. The DEIS Fails to Properly Analyze Cumulative Impacts

Under NEPA, an adequate EIS may not consider a proposed action in isolation, but must consider its cumulative impacts, including the impact on the environment which results from the incremental impact of the action when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions. (40 C.F.R. 1508.7.)

Here, the DEIS purports to follow this approach but utterly fails to tie the new ferry landing at Fort Baker to the probable but undefined future project identified in the DEIS as the circular route generating 100,000 additional passenger visits to NPS parklands, including Fort Baker.

By failing to logically link the Fort Baker Ferry Service component to the circular route component, the DEIS fails to include major developments in and around Marin County in its cumulative impact analysis. These omissions must be remedied and the analysis revised to fully address the cumulative impacts of the Project.

5. The DEIS Does Not Properly Identify or Describe Significant Impacts of the Project

NEPA requires a full and fair discussion of significant environmental impacts. (40 C.F.R. 1502.1; see also 42 U.S.C. 4332 (C); 40 C.F.R., 1508.7.) This includes analysis of both direct and indirect environmental impacts of the proposed action. (40 C.F.R. 1508.8.) Direct effects are caused by the action and occur at the same time and place. (40 C.F.R. 1508.8(a).) Indirect effects are those caused by the action and are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonably foreseeable. (See 40 C.F.R 1508.8(b).) Both include effects on natural resources and on the components, structures, and functioning of affected ecosystems, as well as aesthetic, historic, cultural, economic, social, or health [effects]. (Id.)

Because the DEIS relies on the demonstrably false premise that ferry service to Fort Baker will be occasional, the DEIS fundamentally fails to address the impacts of the Fort Baker Ferry Service and the surrounding area, thereby ignoring significant environmental, economic and public trust impacts.

a. Land Use

The Fort Baker Ferry Service component would include development of a ferry landing, which will include an extension of the existing pier and includes additional development of landside facilities. As a starting point, the DEISs land use analysis claims the proposed Fort Baker Ferry Service is consistent with the general goals of the Fort Baker Plan. (DEIS, p. 247.) At best, this is misleading. NPS promised that ferry service to Fort Baker would be subject to full environmental review when it wrote in the FEIS for the Fort Baker Plan:

Detailed information on the type of service (i.e., size of boats, frequency of trips, land-side facilities, etc.) and subsequent environmental effects are unknown at this time. Future plans for ferry service at Fort Baker would be subject to environmental review in accordance with NEPA, and mitigation would be developed as needed to reduce or avoid significant effects. Because that analysis has not been prepared, the effectiveness of mitigation measures in reducing potential impacts is

also unknown and could be considered potentially significant. Individually, the Proposed Action would have a less-thansignificant, and in some instances beneficial, effect on water quality and biological resources. As a result, the Proposed Action would incrementally but not substantially contribute to this potentially significant impact. The NPS would, however, mitigate the effects of ferry service to the greatest extent possible. Use of a ferry would provide alternative transportation options for visitors of Fort Baker and would provide beneficial effects on traffic conditions.

(Fort Baker Plan FEIS, October 1999, p. 5-3, emphasis added.)

By making the Fort Baker Ferry Service a mandatory component of the three Project alternatives, the full environmental alternative analysis to such ferry service has been completely short circuited. Indeed, development of a ferry landing at Fort Baker was a central component to the now replaced 1980 General Management Plan for the Golden Gate Recreation Area. The FEIS to the Fort Baker Plan, in describing the Waterfront/Fishing Pier amenities offered under the then existing 1980 General Management Plan, stated:

Wood bulkhead and riprap removed; new sandy beach and urban landscape created (6 acres). Development of ferry landing and improvements including railings, benches, comfort stations and fish cleaning stations on pier. Boat launching ramp repaired and resurfaced.

(Fort Baker Plan FEIS, October 1999, p. 2-4, emphasis added.)

Under this same heading, the FEIS to the Fort Baker Plan described the amenities offered by the 1999 Fort Baker Plan by stating:

Wooden bulkhead and riprap removed; beach created; road relocated; 6-acre natural landscaped meadow; boardwalk; picnic area. Boat ramp retained; fishing pier improved (fish cleaning stations, railings, benches, information), restrooms provided. 170 parking spaces in three locations to serve waterfront users.

(Fort Baker Plan FEIS, October 1999, p. 2-4)

It is ironic that the Alcatraz Embarkation DEIS would now embrace the Fort Baker Ferry Service as being consistent with the Fort Baker Plan approved in 2005 when in fact the Fort Baker Ferry Service with 100,000 passenger visits is actually more consistent with the former 1980 General Management Plan it superseded. Indeed, in a November 23, 2004 letter to the San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission titled Revised Consistency Determination for the Fort Baker Plan, NPS does not even mention ferry service at Fort Baker. The letter does, however, repeatedly reference the fishing pier as part of the many critical recreational features at Fort Baker.

In 2005, the NPS pledged to mitigate the effects of ferry service to the greatest extent possible. The DEIS dishonors this pledge. The DEIS should have honestly evaluated the Fort Baker Ferry Services consistency with the goals and policies of the Fort Baker Plan and discussed the impacts of losing the pier as a visitor-friendly fishing pier with benches and railing. This use, which we have long considered a community asset and gathering place, will now be converted to another crowded ferry terminal. This intensity of use is simply not consistent with the Fort Baker Plan and the DEIS. b. Traffic

Because the DEIS has cleverly separated the Fort Baker Ferry Service component of occasional ferry service from the 100,000 annual ferry passenger traveling on the circular route of NPS parklands including Fort Baker, the DEIS assures us the Project will not have substantial traffic and circulation impacts in Marin County. We disagree. These Project components will generate short-term, construction related traffic. Long-term traffic effects are also inevitable. However, the DEIS fails to even discuss the major roadways near Fort Baker that may be affected when these two Project elements are implemented. Why has this been glossed over? Because the DEIS simply hides behind the implicit vagueness of occasional, intermittent and special event. The DEIS discussion of traffic must be revised to take into account the 100,000 passenger visits to Fort Baker.

c. Air Quality

Air Quality is an important resource issue in the San Francisco Bay Area and is related to multiple factors, including transportation and circulation. The DEIS should have included an assessment of ambient air quality conditions as well as short-term (i.e., construction) air quality impacts and long-term (i.e., operational) regional air pollutant emissions from the ferry operation at Fort Baker that appears poised to include 100,000 annual visitors. The analysis should have identified sensitive receptors within and in the vicinity of Horseshoe Bay, discuss potential emissions of odors and/or hazardous air pollutants generated by stationary and area sources in the area. Instead, the DEIS simply skipped Fort Baker. d. Noise and Vibration.

The DEIS appears to correctly analyze noise impact but does so because it explicitly acknowledges the actual level of ferry Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

service to Fort Baker otherwise hidden in the veil of occasional. The DEIS specifically states that the future (with Project) noise levels analysis was performed based on a conservative estimate of 14 ferries per day. (DEIS, p. 345, emphasis added). As a point of reference, 14 ferry landings a day actually exceeds the number of daily ferry landing at the commercial Sausalito Ferry Landing.

e. Geology, Soils and Seismicity

The proposed Fort Baker Ferry Service component includes landside improvements that currently include a pedestrian walkway but could ultimately include parking and transit connections to accommodate the conservative estimate of 14 ferry landings per day. The EIS should include a discussion of topographic alteration, land capability and coverage, dredging, soil stability, geologic/geomorphologic hazards and erosion potential and propose adequate mitigation measures (both temporary and permanent) for the eventual landside development components necessary to accommodate peak passenger disembarkments of as many as 1,000 passengers on peak days.

f. Water Quality and Hydrology

The Fort Baker Ferry Service component includes re-construction of the pier at the mouth of Horseshoe Bay and landside facility improvements adjacent to the bay. These project components could also affect existing drainage features in this area. Both pre- and post-construction impacts to these features should have been identified and analyzed in the DEIS. This will include non-point pollution sources from the component of the Project, potential contaminants, proposed source control methods, and proposed temporary and permanent BMPs to address potential impacts on water quality within Horseshoe Bay. The analysis of water-related impacts should have also considered potential motorized watercraft pollutants (e.g., fuel constituents, combustion products) within the bay.

g. Biological Resources: Aquatic and Terrestrial

The DEIS section on aquatic and terrestrial biological resources fails because of the DEISs insistence that the Fort Baker Ferry Service will be intermittent and low level relative to existing vessel activity in the Bay. Federal and State endangered wildlife species, which include the Mission Blue Butterfly and host species lupine, among other species and their habitat, are known to inhabit coastal scrub areas at Fort Baker. The City respectfully submits that 14 daily ferry landings, 100,000 annual passengers and the associated development of Fort Baker should be thoroughly analyzed for its impact on Federal and State endangered wildlife species.

h. Recreation and Visitor Use

The Fort Baker Ferry Landing Project component would, we acknowledge, provide a new tourist amenity at Fort Baker. However, once fully implemented with up to 14 ferry landings during peak days and 100,000 new visitors annually, it will inevitably push aside the fishing use on the pier that is a notable feature of the current Fort Baker Plan. This loss should be disclosed and its impacts evaluated

i. Public Services and Utilities

The public services and utilities section of the DEIS should have evaluated the potential effects of the Fort Baker Ferry Service component on power, solid waste collection and disposal, police services, emergency response (including U.S. Coast Guard) and fire protection services, water treatment and distribution, and wastewater collection using the proper baseline of 14 ferry landings per day and 100,000 additional visitors via the ferry service.

j. Hazardous Materials

The proposed project would involve the transportation of hazardous materials (e.g., fuel, paint) to the project site during construction and operation. The potential for these materials to be released into the environment at Horseshoe Bay should have been evaluated in the DEIS. The potential for site contamination should have been documented in the DEIS, and areas of potential soil or water contamination in the bay should have been described. In addition, the DEIS should have analyzed the potential effects on emergency response plans and fire hazard risks. The DEIS should have included a discussion of safety of passengers, crew, and other users of Horseshoe Bay resulting from the operation of a ferry service at Fort Baker along with proposed mitigation measures.

RECIRCULATION OF A SUBSTANTIALLY REVISED DRAFT EIS IS REQUIRED

For the reasons stated herein, the required analysis of the Project is defective under NEPA, undermining reasoned judgment on the Project and failing the required purposes of that law. (See Robertson v. Methow Valley Citizens Council, 490 U.S. 332, 349 (1989) [noting NEPAs purposes are to ensure the agency will have detailed information on significant environmental impacts when it makes its decisions and to guarantee that this information will be available to a larger audience]; 40 C.F.R. 1502.1, 1502.14.) Indeed, the Project DEIS so fundamentally fails to provide the necessary and accurate information required for informed decision-making under NEPA that no reasonable conclusions as to the soundness and

value of the Project may be drawn from that document.

An EIS must be recirculated if a draft statement is so inadequate as to preclude meaningful analysis.(40 C.F.R. 1502.9 (a).) The DEIS fails because the Project description fails. We must insist that the DEIS be based on a Project description that explicitly acknowledges the 100,000 new visitors at Fort Baker and 14 ferry landings on peak days rather than resorting to vagueness with the use of the word occasional to avoid doing the hard work of analyzing impacts at Fort Baker. The additional data and information that NPS must provide to correct the deficiencies in the DEIS, are significant. The new information may show that previously unanalyzed significant environmental impacts would result from the Project, or that the severity of the identified environmental impacts would be substantially increased unless mitigation measures are adopted. These are all grounds for recirculation. (See 40 C.F.R. 1502.9 (a).) The City looks forward to an opportunity to review a substantially revised and recirculated DEIS.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment on the DEIS and the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project.

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 8 years. SERC has provided me and my wife with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Josh Sale Member of South End Rowing Club (0)(0) Mill Valley CA 94941-3100

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Correspondence Text

I write this letter as a disabled athlete and U.S. Army veteran (1986-1992). I will not repeat what my fellow Dolphin Club and South End Rowing Club members have already written, but I do support their comments.

I was born in the City of San Francisco. I have always considered it home, even though I now live in Burlingame, CA, where I have been a public school board trustee since 1999. I have seen the City transform from a Port to a tourist mecca. I love the waterfront and I am concerned for its future.

I am managing to live with multiple sclerosis where swimming in the Bay is the ONE physical activity I can still do in the outdoors (outside of chlorine pools). The open swim events are my one chance to experience the outdoors the way I used to do by hiking in our National Parks. Please do NOT take away a disabled person's opportunity to experience the Bay in a healthy and naturally connected way.

I urge you to NOT approve Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason as an option for the Alcatraz ferry embarkation. This location would severely negatively affect bay swimming, rowing, sailing races and sailing practice for many local students, extend heavy waterfront tourism from Fishermans Wharf into the Marina district, and raises serious questions about the effects on water quality and the acceleration of the structural deterioration of Muni Pier.

I fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41/ Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fisherman's Wharf.

Establishing Alcatraz Ferry service embarkation from Fort Mason will have a serious and long-term negative effect on longestablished recreational swimming and rowing opportunities. It would also place the NPS and ferry operators at greater risk and liability for potential injuries and death to recreational users.

The EIS fails to recognize that recreational swimming and rowing are not limited to the waters of Aquatic Park Cove. In fact,

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the entire area between Fisherman's Wharf and Yacht Harbor to the west of Fort Mason provides a critical recreation area to a growing number of open water swimmers, including me, and recreational rowers, kayakers, paddle boarders and boaters based out of Aquatic Park. Recreational usage continues to grow each year and users are swimming and rowing all year round.

I urge you to save bay swimming and recreation in this area- -one of the few along the waterfront that is easily accessible- - and locate the ferry service elsewhere.

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Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123

Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

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The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

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Page 313 of 432

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative. DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in long distance swims along the northern San Francisco waterfront, and also swims to and from Alcatraz. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry

service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Bryce Goeking Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 8 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in rowing and swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently row and swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often rowing or swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in: training for open water swimming, morning swims, long-distance swims to Alcatraz, Angel Island, or elsewhere in the northern San Francisco waterfront. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training and rowing, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

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Ranie C. Pearce Member of South End Rowing Club English Channel Catalina Channel Manhattan Marathon Island Swim

Gibraltar Straits SCAR International Winter Swimming, Siberia Russia, and Patagonia Argentina

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Correspondence Text

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

I would like to comment regarding the Alcatraz Ferry proposals. I strongly recommend leaving the Ferry at its existing Pier 31 location.

The long-standing existing location has all the facilities and acommodations (commercial, public, transportation) needed for access by the large number of visitors.

Additionally, moving the Ferry service to Fort Mason would drastically alter the on-water traffic in that portion of the Bay. I am a regular swimmer and rower in the Bay, as a member of the South End Rowing Club in Aquatic Park. Frequently I participate in swims (to Alcatraz, or Crissy Field, or Fort Mason) that cross the potential new path of Ferry traffic. I also row frequently in the same area.

I urge you to take a much closer look at the aquatic impact of any changes to the Ferry Program.

Sincerely,

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Page 319 of 432

Jim Ruppert

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Susan Petro (5) (6) San Francisco, CA 94112 (5) (6)

May 19, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 11 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation

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site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

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Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in training for open water swimming, morning swims, and long-distance swims to Alcatraz and elsewhere in the northern San Francisco waterfront. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

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The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Susan Petro

Member of South End Rowing Club and San Francisco resident

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Correspondence Text

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project

Dear Superintendent:

We are writing to add our comments on the proposed relocation of the Alcatraz ferry service from its current location to the Fort Mason piers.

We are out of town members of the South End Rowing Club and as such, frequent tourists to San Francisco, visiting the city from Humboldt County up to 10 times a year. We travel primarily to participate in club swims organized by SERC, but also visit family and enjoy many of the other attractions that Fisherman's Wharf, the Presidio and Fort Mason have to offer. On recent trips we toured Alcatraz to view the Ai Wei Wei exhibit, biked across the Golden Gate Bridge and enjoyed meals at Green's Restaurant in Fort Mason.

As tourists, our experience of these activities was enhanced by the unique character that each of these very distinct portions of the waterfront has to offer. The current location of the ferry service at pier 31 1/2 is well suited to the surrounding atmosphere of Fisherman's Wharf. There is ample parking, numerous restaurants and gift shops able to accommodate the large number of visitors. Relocating the traffic, bustle, and congestion associated with the ferry to the more tranquil area of Fort Mason and the surrounding residential neighborhoods would detract tremendously from the distinct character and appeal

of those places.

As open water swimmers, we travel to San Francisco specifically to swim in the bay. Over the past 4 years, we have participated and assisted with dozens of swims from Aquatic Park to Alcatraz and Angel Island, the Golden Gate Bridge, Pt. Bonita and many points in between. Many of these swims, as well as daily training swims pass by Fort Mason. Frequent ferry crossing so close to Aquatic Park would put numerous swimmers, rowers, and other water enthusiasts at increased risk and dramatically reduce their ability to safely utilize this resource.

For these reasons we strongly urge you to maintain the ferry service embarkation at its current location.

We appreciate you taking the time to read our comments and consider our perspectives as both swimmers and tourists.

Respectfully,

Sarah Green Bill Wood



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We paddle small outrigger canoes and use the the aquatic park frequently. Please DO NOT move this to Ft. Mason.

I urge you to NOT approve Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason as an option for the Alcatraz ferry embarkation. This location would severely negatively affect bay swimming, rowing, sailing races and sailing practice for many local students, extend heavy waterfront tourism from Fishermans Wharf into the Marina district, and raises serious questions about the effects on water quality and the acceleration of the structural deterioration of Muni Pier. Below are deficits that I see in the DEIS:

I believe that the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) submitted with the proposal is incorrect in some areas and incomplete in addressing major areas of concern as related to recreational activities in the area, namely recreational boating and the growing sport of open water swimming, and potential impacts to the degrading Municipal Pier.

I believe that the authors of the EIS did not fully investigate the intensive recreational use of the area surrounding Fort Mason, that the proposed site of Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason will have significant long-term negative effects on water-based recreation, especially swimming; expose the NPS to greater liability; and is in conflict with some of its own stated goals and those of the San Francisco General Plan.

I fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41/ Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fisherman's Wharf.

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Here are some of the areas that I believe the EIS has not properly addressed:

• Aquatic Park as a cultural resource: While the EIS recognizes the historic and cultural significance of Aquatic Park, it does not address the long-term negative impacts on accessibility, water quality, and continued recreation to the area and its function as a recreational and cultural resource. Here residents and visitors of all ages, from multiple neighborhoods, gather to enjoy access to the Bay. This area has intense and growing use by swimmers, rowers, runners, bicyclists, sea scouts, seniors (at the Maritime Museum), and students from neighboring Galileo High School, Francisco and Marina Middle School, and Yick Wo and Garfield Elementary schools, as well as families. And of course tourists.

• Recreational Impacts: the EIS Conclusion states "The Pier 3 Alternative would result in short- term, minor, adverse impacts on recreational resources due to construction. During operation, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from increased visitor travel time to the site from primary parking locations at Fisherman's Wharf; long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from the change in use of the Pier 3 shed; long-term, major, beneficial impacts from accommodating increased visitors and providing connections to other GGNRA parklands; and no impact on recreational swimming and rowing opportunities compared to the No Action Alternative."

This is flat out wrong.

Establishing Alcatraz Ferry service embarkation from Fort Mason will have a serious and long-term negative effect on longestablished recreational swimming and rowing opportunities. It would also place the NPS and ferry operators at greater risk and liability for potential injuries and death to recreational users.

The EIS fails to recognize that recreational swimming and rowing are not limited to the waters of Aquatic Park Cove. In fact, the entire area between Fisherman's Wharf and Yacht Harbor to the west of Fort Mason provides a critical recreation area to a growing number of open water swimmers and recreational rowers, kayakers, paddleboarders and boaters based out of Aquatic Park. Recreational usage continues to grow each year and users are swimming and rowing all year round.

The Dolphin Swimming and Boating Club (established at Aquatic Park in 1878) currently supports an active member base of roughly 1,400 members and has been adding 15 - 30 new members each month for the past several years. The South End Rowing Club has a highly active base of 1,000 recreational Bay users and membership is also growing. Together, these clubs host more than 50 organized competitive swims and/or rows each year. Each swim has roughly 60-90 participants plus accompanying pilot rowboats, kayaks, paddleboards and motorized craft. For example, the Dolphin Club has several annual swims from Gas House Cove, Yacht Harbor, and Coghlan Beach (Wave Organ beach), all west of Ft. Mason, back to Aquatic Park. There are also many additional swims that are private outings or large ones organized by other groups, such as the Leukemia & Lymphoma Society's Team In Training, The San Francisco Triathlon Club, The Golden Gate Triathlon Club, and Water World Swim, which actively use the waters between west of Lower Fort Mason and Fisherman's Wharf to recreate.

Alcatraz swims: Currently swimmers enjoy the safety and security of recreating west of the ferry service traffic lanes. The swim from Alcatraz to San Francisco is world renowned. Some 5,000 swimmers travel here each year to participate in large organized swims. In addition, both clubs have several Alcatraz swims each year and host numerous private swims from the

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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island to Aquatic Park. These occur year round. Bringing high density ferry traffic to a widely used recreational area exposes the NPS to significant risk through heightened potential of injury and death to recreational boaters, swimmers, and first responders plus the potential negative impact on water quality standards.

• Water quality and wake action: The EIS fails to address the true conditions of currents and water quality in Aquatic Park by stating that any ferry wake-generated wave action or water quality issues would be mitigated by the Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters. The Municipal Pier is in an advanced state of decay, but even so its unique design allows currents (and pollution) to flow through the pier and into Aquatic Park. Swimmers and rowers feel the tide in the cove and would certainly be subjected to any wake activity from ferry service.

• Municipal Pier: the NPS is well aware of the rapidly deteriorating condition of Muni Pier. The EIS fails to reflect this fact and how wake generated wave action will also accelerate its decay. This pier is essential to the protection of Aquatic Park Cove for recreation uses as well as the historic fleet of ships at Hyde Street Pier.

• Conflict with SF General Plan: the proposal to move ferry service to Pier 3/Ft. Mason is in conflict with the city's General Plan, policy 2.4 on page 25, which refers to the City's strong commitment to passive and water-oriented recreation, views, and habitat. Throughout the General Plan, the area between Fort Mason and Fisherman's wharf is consistently cited as one of the city's most valued recreational access locations. The SF General Plan also places a clear emphasis on ensuring the economic vitality of the Fisherman's Wharf area. Relocating the ferry embarkation location to Fort Mason would likely result in 1) economic loss to Fisherman's Wharf merchants and businesses and 2) overall economic loss to the City because commercial development opportunities to replace those lost at Fisherman's Wharf would not be possible given the zoning in the area surrounding Fort Mason.

• Historic Streetcar: The EIS Transportation and Circulation Study does not address the environmental impacts of the proposed extension of the historic streetcar. Pedestrian foot traffic and recreational use of the area between Fisherman's Wharf and Lower Fort Mason increases significantly each year and a Ft. Mason Alcatraz ferry site would add another 1.5 million annual visitors to that track and surrounding area.

I urge you to save bay swimming and recreation in this area- -one of the few along the waterfront that is easily accessible- - and locate the ferry service elsewhere.

___,__._,_

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Correspondence Text

May 20, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have served as a kayak pilot for over 100 swims for members of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") over the past 12 years. SERC has provided me and my family with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the

impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC voluteer, I am currently able to engage in kayaking activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently kayak outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often travelling west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in a tremendous variety of water based activities and to be part of a community of bay users, swimmers and enthusiasts. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park and in fact nearly always allow us to immerse ourselves throughout the bay.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming and kayaking, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently kayak outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be kayaking. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry

of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Karl G. Van Orsdol, PhD. Volunteer Kayak Pilot of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

May 20, 2015

Dear NPS Park Superintendent,

Moving the Alcatraz Ferry to Pier 3 at Fort Mason Center would put at-risk kids into harm's way in the Bay Area. For 69 years The Guardsmen has run its charity Christmas Tree Lot at Fort Mason, raising money to send at-risk kids to summer camp.

The Guardsmen makes life-changing differences in the lives of at-risk youth by raising funds for Scholarship, Campership and other youth programs. We mobilize the talents, energy and resources of our members, friends, families, and professional colleagues, and in so doing strengthen our entire community. The Guardsmen also structures its philanthropy to provide flexible and immediate support to educational and outdoor programs experiencing unforeseen financial challenges that may undermine their crucial, ongoing services to disadvantaged youth. The Guardsmen is committed to making sure that fundraising dollars are spent wisely, with the greatest need and highest returns always in mind. In fact, approximately 95 cents of every dollar raised goes directly to support programs for kids.

For the last 42 years, that event has been at Pier 3 in Fort Mason Center. Losing that space could jeopardize over \$300,000 that would get kids off the streets and into a safe environment during the summer months. If the Tree Lot were closed all together, the additional costs of having to relocate after 42 years could make it impossible to even raise money, leaving more than 600 kids out of luck every summer.

Please see this brief overview of the importance of the Christmas Tree Lot to the kids we support and the community overall.

http://guardsmen.org/merry-christmas-from-the-guardsmen/

Fort Mason is critical to The Guardsmen Tree Lot and ultimately the kids. We strongly encourage you to keep the Alcatraz Ferry out of Fort Mason Center, and allow the continued use of the space for non-profit and educational programs to better the community around this beautiful space. Thank you for your consideration.

Regards,

Kevin W. Murray, 69th President

The Guardsmen

San Francisco, CA 94129

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Correspondence Text

I am the President & CEO of PIER 39.

The selection of the embarkation site for Alcatraz is of significant consequence to the neighbors and existing tenants of the proposed sites. For the sites under consideration, I offer the following comments:

Pier 31 1/2: This site, when originally selected, was controversial. There was concern that pedestrian traffic patterns would change as a result of moving the site from Pier 41, a fear that fortunately was unfounded. The new sites proximity to PIER 39 and Fishermans Wharf allowed visitors to continue to park and shop in the Wharf area while easily accessing the new embarkation site. Based on historical sales data provided to the Port of San Francisco, sales for both PIER 39 and the merchants in the immediate Pier 41 vicinity were unaffected by the 2006 relocation. The current site provides the NPS with a single-purpose facility exclusive to the Alcatraz ferry, a desire stated by the NPS in the 2004 Alcatraz RFP. The site is also located next to several large shed/warehouse spaces inside Piers 31 and 33 that should make the redevelopment/entitlement process significantly less complicated than the alternative sites. This is the best long-term site for the Alcatraz ferry.

Pier 41: This site is currently the home of Blue & Gold Fleet, an affiliate of PIER 39. Blue & Gold Fleet uses Pier 41 as its homeport to provide public ferry service throughout the Bay to locals and visitors to destinations such as Sausalito, Tiburon, Oakland, Alameda, Vallejo and Angel Island. Being the current contractor for the Water Emergency Transportation Authority, Blue & Gold Fleet has a long-term need to remain at the site to fulfill its current and future contractual obligations. Importantly, unlike Alcatraz, the ferry service that Blue & Gold Fleet provides at Pier 41 serves locals as well as visitors. The site contains a 10,000 gallon fuel tank that is an important public emergency response facility that needs to remain 100% aailable to the public ferry system in the event of an earthquake or other local disaster. Additionally, from a redevelopment standpoint, Pier 41 will be difficult to redevelop into the NPSs desired 20,000 to 30,000 square foot visitor destination facility due to height and other dimensional constraints at the site. This site currently is now, and should remain, a public ferry terminal location.

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Fort Mason: the Alcatraz ferry service was born at Fishermans Wharf, and it should remain on Port property moving forward. Many private businesses have been established in the 40 years that Alcatraz has been running, and these businesses rely on visitor attractions for their livelihoods. The northern waterfront is a very important economic engine for the City, and keeping attractions like Alcatraz within this commercial district is important for both the City and private enterprise. Moving the Alcatraz ferry to the well-manicured confines of San Franciscos marina district runs against the wishes of residents there, as flies in the face of the NPS being a socially and economically responsible citizen of San Francisco.

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Correspondence Text

Dear Superintendent,

Regarding the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS prepared by the NPS, I have the following comments.

My husband and I are active members of the South End Rowing Club (SERC) and have been for 14 years. The joy and good health that SERC affords us - - specifically because of its unique access to the San Francisco Bay, where we swim, row, kayak and paddleboard - - is immeasurable. Not surprisingly then, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: 1) Pier 31 ½, 2) Pier 41, and 3) Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, but I am concerned that there are legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of it to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that: "Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative."

The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." (DEIS at 410)

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

As SERC members, my husband, fellow club members, and I currently are able to engage in swimming, rowing, kayaking and paddleboarding on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that we would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that our activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently row and swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often west towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge (in fact, I celebrated my most recent birthday rowing with friends around the Golden Gate Bridge south tower). This part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. In fact, if it weren't for the Bay access we currently enjoy, my husband would not have been able to train sufficiently for his successful English Channel swim in 2010 (one of only a dozen Brazilians to have ever done it), and I would lose my morning rows, which is the one thing that has consistently kept me in good health. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members swim, row, kayak, paddleboard and other activities, such as Dragon boat racing. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming and rowing, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers.

The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason, such as the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." (DEIS at 410.) As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id.: The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." (DEIS at 356.) These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. (DEIS at 358.) However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim and row outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming and rowing. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational

impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz.

In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit and parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely, Kimberly Howard Member of South End Rowing Club

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(b) (6)

Correspondence Text

Attention:

National Park Service Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA 94123

I am writing you on behalf of hundreds of sailors who are using the San Francisco Marina Harbor frequently and as boat owner who keep my boat at the San Francisco Marina Small Craft Harbor, East Marina adjacent to to Ft. Mason.

I have read the GGNRA's report 'Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation - Draft Environmental Impact Statement Summary Report of January 2015 and I am concerned about the lack of consideration for the existing community of boaters, paddlers, swimmers in the report. The study ignored the activity offshore the piers. True nobody tie up at Ft. Mason - it is not practical, the piers are far too high for boaters to use them. They do host a lot of tourists, serves as vista points and recreational fishing.

Specifically, I worry that that ferries, whether to Alcatraz or to other locations in Marin, would create a restricted zone offshore Ft. Mason as sight lines are bad coming in and out of the marina, and we'd not be able to sail, paddle, and swim past the piers like we do now. Regattas that often start just offshore of Ft. Mason or use the Ft. Mason buoy as a turning mark would have to go elsewhere.

Kids often practice sailing in the same location on Monday through Friday, and compete on weekends. They would have to stay far away as their dinghies do not have motors to avoid ferries. Many of my fellow users of the marina and waters surrounding Ft. Mason, namely neighboring yacht clubs, as well as the Dolphin Club, and local SF government officials, share my concern.

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The shore side area is already very populated during the week and on weekends and it can be hard to find parking. Kids are using the Marina fields for soccer, organizations are launching running events in this area, and how you would manage to allow for more taxis, shuttles, buses to transit in and out of the neighborhood is not clear from the report. The congestion would interfere with the regular use of Ft. Mason, people enjoying the park area or attending to one of the many cultural events in the area.

It would be a mistake to disrupt the Marina area, one of few places we have left in the city for the boating community to keep and launch their boats and use the water around it.

I hope you will consider my feed-back.

Thank you in advance.

Sincerely,

Kurt Hemmingsen Owner of "Josephine" sail boat at San Francisco Marina Small Craft Harbor



San Carlos, CA 94070

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Correspondence Text

May 20, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS. Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for one year. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

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The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in long distance open water swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in my weekly tradition of Friday morning swims with anywhere from 6 - 30 others swimmers, numerous Alcatraz crossings per year, swims from the Golden Gate Bridge and beyond to Aquatic Park, and numerous weekend swimming adventures that allow me to be in the open water instead of in the pool. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Additionally, since having taken up residence outside of San Francisco, I frequently come to San Francisco to swim in the bay, which is always followed by some sort of purchase in a shop or restaurant. If my swims were limited to Aquatic Park, it would not be worth the drive and I would not only miss my swims, but the city would miss the income from my expenditures while here.

Sincerely, Brooke Krohn Dougherty Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

Regards the ferries at pier $31 \frac{1}{2}$.

Like old saying "If it ain't broke, don't fix it". Keep the port where it is. It works best for business, the public, home owners and the environment.

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Correspondence Text

Dear Superintendent,

I have the following to say about the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS prepared by the NPS.

My wife and I are active members of the South End Rowing Club (SERC) and have been for 14 years. Because we swim, row, kayak and paddleboard on the Bay, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: 1) Pier 31 ½, 2) Pier 41, and 3) Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, but I am concerned that there are legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of it to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

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the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." (DEIS at 410)

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As SERC members, my wife and I currently are able to engage in swimming, rowing, kayaking and paddleboarding on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that we would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that our activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim, kayak and paddleboard outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often west towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. This part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. If it weren't for the Bay access we currently enjoy, I would not have been able to train sufficiently for my English Channel swim in 2010, and my wife would lose her morning rows, which is the one thing that has consistently helped keep her in good health. These activities are NOT limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members swim, row, kayak, paddleboard and do other activities, like Dragon boat racing. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swimming and kayaking, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers.

The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason, such as the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." (DEIS at 410.) As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id.: The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." (DEIS at 356.) These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. (DEIS at 358.) However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist OUTSIDE of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim and kayak outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming and kayaking. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz.

In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit and parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely,

Edison Martos Peinado, Jr. - Member of South End Rowing Club

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Correspondence Text

I urge you not to move the ferry to Fort Mason. This will adversely impact all recreational use in the waters from Aquatic Park, and negatively impact water quality. The additional tourists and cars will also adversely affect traffic, and all the residents in the Marina district. I think it is far better to leave the ferries at Pier 31 where it is already a large tourist area, and also has the infrastructure to accommodate tourists and locals.

In addition, I am concerned about the plan for a ferry stop at Fort Baker in Sausalito. Please review the endangered Mission Blue Butterfly. It's habitat is at Ft Baker. Additional traffic and people are going to adversely affect that area as well.

Thank you for listening, L. Newlin

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Correspondence Text

Letter also sent via mail, today ...

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 8 years. SERC has provided me and my husband with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities. The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the

distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in trainings for open water swims in other places and long-distance swims to/from Alcatraz (respecting the sensitive area around Alcatraz with the nesting bird populations, of course). These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I love to swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative. Sincerely,

Bonnie Brown

Member, South End Rowing Club

Marina district resident for 7 years

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Correspondence Text

Dear National Park Service,

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this project.

The Bay Trail Project is a nonprofit organization administered by the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) that plans, promotes and advocates for the implementation of a continuous 500-mile bicycling and hiking path around San Francisco Bay. When complete, the trail will pass through 47 cities, all nine Bay Area counties, and cross seven toll bridges. To date, slightly more than half the length of the Bay Trail alignment has been developed.

As you are aware, the Bay Trail would be impacted by each of the three Alcatraz Ferry embarkation sites-Pier 31 ½, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The Bay Trail on the northern waterfront in San Francisco is the most heavily-used segment in our nine-county system. If embarkation is moved to Pier 41, queing should be carefully studied. This is an area that is already heavily impacted by large numbers of visitors, and the Bay Trail faces one of the last remaining gaps on the Northern waterfront in this area. The National Park Service should work with the City of San Francisco to expedite construction of the Jefferson Street redesign should Pier 41 be selected for this project.

If Pier 3 at Fort Mason is selected, it is important that the National Park Service recognize that the "Fort Mason Squeeze" at the intersection of Laguna Street, Marina Boulevard, and the Fort Mason path, remains substandard despite the improvements that were made in 2010. Additional widening of this pinch point can be achieved by further cutting back the train tunnel wall. A twelve to fifteen foot clearance would be appropriate for this heavily traveled segment of Bay Trail. Alternatively, if the F Line Historic Streetcar Project has still not advanced, serious consideration should be given to opening the Fort Mason tunnel to cyclists and pedestrians.

In the event that service is expanded to Fort Baker, it is important the National Park Service complete the unfinished segment of Bay Trail at Horseshoe Cove.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Thank you for your consideration of our comments. If you have any questions about the San Francisco Bay Trail, or these comments, please do not hesitate to contact me at (510) 464-7909.

Sincerely,

Maureen Gaffney Bay Trail Planner

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Correspondence Text

Dear Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area,

I would like to comment on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) prepared by the National Park Service.

I have been associated with the South End Rowing Club (SERC) for 8 years and with San Francisco my whole life, as has my family for generations. The club has provided me with unique and personally valuable access to the San Francisco Bay and our family values the Bay and all it has to offer a great deal.

While I appreciate the resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I believe it has failed to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities in the immediate area.

The DEIS states that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." This, and other statements in the DEIS, indicate that there has been a failure to recognize that these recreational activities are NOT confined to Aquatic Park and that they frequently occur in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay).

As a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming and rowing activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. This part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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swimming.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers.

The DEIS does not consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." The DEIS fails to properly analyze this issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." These effects may be increased for the

Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. As I and many others frequently swim and row outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in these areas. The DEIS does not inform the citizenry of those risks and impacts.

The DEIS has failed to take the requisite in-depth consideration of the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. It does not adequately consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz.

In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 ½ or Pier 41 alternative.

Sincerely,

Imogene Bump South End Rowing Club, former Environmental and Oceanographic Engineer and EIS/EIR preparer

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Correspondence Text

May 20, 2015

Dear National Park Service:

The Marina Community Association (MCA) opposes the use of any Ft. Mason's Piers by the National Park Service (NPS) as a ferry dock and passenger embarkation point for service to Alcatraz and for "special service" to Ft. Baker and other NPS sites.

As previously stated by the MCA, we strongly support improvements to Pier 31 ¹/₂ as outlined in the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Environmental Impact Statement.

We feel that the EIS does not adequately evaluate the impact on recreational boaters, paddlers, kayakers, swimmers, and surrounding residential and commercial neighbors at Ft. Mason.

It has been noted that the East Harbor next to the Pier at Ft. Mason is contaminated with Manufactured Gas Plant residues, which would require an independent EIS. The study does not adequately evaluate the impact of the sediment that would be disturbed for the construction of a new Pier at Ft. Mason.

Most importantly, the Marina neighborhood surrounding Ft. Mason is completely incapable of handling the thousands of people taking the ferry from a parking standpoint as well as visitors to the immediate area. We do not feel that the impact of this influx of visitors has been adequately studied in the EIS and thus the findings are incomplete and inadequate.

Respectfully submitted,

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Brian Davis President, Marina Community Association Marina Community Association

San Francisco, CA 94123

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Correspondence Text

As a swimmer in the bay for approximately 33 years, I have adventured everywhere along the San Francisco waterfront between the two bridges, and sometimes beyond to Ocean Beach, or across the Golden Gate, from Kirby Cove, and of course, Alcatraz. If you were to relocate the Alcatraz Ferry Service to Fort Mason, you would ruin many people's health and happiness, as that is our prime exercise and peace of mind swimming and rowing area, and has been since before there even were any bridges. Most of us swim at least once a week, some more than once a day. We come to free our minds and bodies of stress, and luxuriate in the ever-changing beauty of the water, sky and city scape, and to feel the water on our skin, and to enjoy the wildlife we share the space with. By moving to this part of the water front, you would be invading a wilder area, apart from the bustle of Downtown and Fisherman's Wharf. Black Point, the rocky outcropping just east of Fort Mason, is the last undeveloped bit of land going east from the Golden Gate. There you will find many species of birds and other wildlife. some of which are rarely seen so close to civilization, and I'm afraid they would be rudely disrupted and polluted by the activities related to moving the ferry to Fort Mason. Certainly there would be more trash, much of which would end up in the water, at least as bad, there would be pollution from the fuel and fumes, and the stirring up of old toxic wastes that are settled in the sediment at Fort Mason. It would be very stressful for the people who have spent their lives, sometimes going back several generations in a family, having this free and beautiful place to use responsibly for wholesome recreation, to have that taken and ruined by this enterprise. We feel an obligation to protect that which has given us so much, and you should have an obligation to protect the water quality and recreational area which is a jewel in the nation's open spaces, and a spectacle for the world's visitors and even over the internet, because people all over the world can hear and dream about swims from the Farallones, or from Alcatraz, they can train in the unrivaled and unique bay water conditions for swims in Chile, the Bering Strait, the English Channel, Catalina Channel, ice swims in Russia, the Straits of Gibraltar, Manhattan, river swims, Lake Tahoe and any other water adventure one can imagine. People truly come from all over the world to swim here, and the area west of Pier 39 is prime for wild swimming free from the ferry traffic and big ships. Please keep it where it is. Thank you!

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Correspondence Text

May 20, 2015

Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 94123 Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS.

Re: Comments on Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project DEIS

Dear Superintendent:

San Francisco and the National Park both have shown creative ability to provide stewardship of cultural and natural resources for public enjoyment that provide a "sense of place" unique to this community. Places that set it apart and make it special to both visitors and locals. I am writing today, as a member of a small community within this beautiful city to ask for preservation of use - for a place that is unique and VERY special. And endangered. A place that, for now, provides meaning to many and supports the continued good health and well-being of its members.

The shoreline waters that form a common cord of communion between Aquatic Park, Golden Gate, and Alcatraz have provided a safe and unique natural resource and a place of meaning for our community of swimmers and rowers. It has been a place of meaning for this community for many generations. During the quiet mornings, often starting at dawn, our community slips into that liquid place to rejuvenate and reconnect with the natural environment. Some have only a swim suit and a joy filled heart when they enter; others lower the dock and launch old heavy wooden boats - some with the same lines and profiles of those used back in whaling days. Each group can enjoy and support each other in this liquid place of meaning.

This place is internationally recognized by the open water community of swimmers as one of the few on the mainland that can provide year round training and recreation to a very wide range of age groups. Open water swimmers travel to this area to

use these waters for training. I did. I used them to train for swims that lasted up to 4 hours. I was able to swim across Maui Channel because of the active open water swimming community support here. Others in our community have been able to leverage their training here to cross the English Channel. This is a VERY unique open water area. This is the training ground used by both the young (some Alcatraz swimmers as young as 9 years old) and the old (some rowers that skull to the golden gate are in their late 70s/early 80s). You have the authority to support the preservation of safe use for open water sports in this place for us.

This rare and unique place of meaning will become dangerous and unsafe for the open water community if the Ferry enterprises that serve to support Alcatraz divert their daily and numerous revenue generating paths through it - I see this as analogous to putting a highway back in front of the Ferry Building. The building would still be there, but it would not be the same unique and beautiful asset it is now.

It may be that upkeep for the antique jails on Alcatraz may require a great and sustaining amount of revenue. But, I am hoping that creative minds will balance the books in a way that allows the old wooden boats, skulls, and open water swimmers to continue to enjoy safe, clean, and quiet waters while they pursue life-long enjoyment of the waters around Aquatic Park, the shoreline to Golden Gate, and out to Alcatraz.

Please keep the ferry terminal at its current location. Please preserve our use of the quiet and safe waters in and around Aquatic Park. Please reject relocation to Fort Mason area. These waters provide a special place of meaning for us.

South End Rowing Club Member (I both row & swim),

Virginia Waik

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Correspondence Text

May 20, 2015

Aaron Roth, Acting General Superintendent Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason San Francisco, CA, 9412

Submitted electronically.

RE: Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project (ID: 41352) Potential Impacts to SF Marina are not addressed by Draft EIS (ID: 64026)

Dear Acting Superintendent Roth,

Thank you for providing the City of San Francisco's Recreation and Parks Department (SFRPD) with the opportunity to review the Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project.

The SFRPD is supportive of the NPS's goal to create an identifiable and well-functioning facility to serve Alcatraz and GGNRA visitors. The selection of Fort Mason Pier 3 has the potential to achieve these goals for the NPS as well as provide long term security for the ferry embarkation site. We understand that the NPS plans to provide increased Alcatraz ferry service in the future as well as special ferry service from Fort Mason, regardless of the selected Alcatraz embarkation site. The SFRPD is concerned about the potential impact to SFRPD recreational assets that could result from ferry operations at Fort Mason. Specifically, new ferry wake-generated wave action will accelerate the deterioration of the San Francisco Marina dock infrastructure and the existing seawall located near the East Harbor and Fort Mason Pier 1. The EIS did not evaluate this impact and the resulting interruption of the existing recreational opportunities at the marina. In addition, SFRPD is concerned

about increased demand for parking within the vicinity of Fort Mason generated by the popular Alcatraz ferry service.

The SFRPD recently renovated the West Harbor of the marina at a cost of \$27,800,000. The renovation included replacement of the floating docks and construction of two new breakwaters/wave attenuating structures to protect the harbor from wave action. Wave action within the harbor causes boats to rock within the slips, which causes damage both to the boats and the slips and over time creates unsafe conditions. As part of the West Harbor renovation project, SFRPD used computer wave modeling to study current velocities and wave energy to ensure the breakwaters would perform as intended. This analysis did not incorporate the potential increase in wake-related wave action resulting from the proposed new Fort Mason ferry. With the introduction of the Fort Mason ferry embarkation site, the conditions studied for the West Harbor renovation design have changed. Over time new ferry wake-generated wave action may cause deterioration of the new West Harbor infrastructure, which should be addressed in the EIS.

SFRPD is currently planning a renovation of the East Harbor. The estimated renovation cost is \$30,500,000. The design is based on existing wave conditions. Increased wave action from ferries going to and from Pier 3 will have an even greater impact on East Harbor infrastructure than West Harbor due to the close proximity of Pier 3 to the East Harbor. Effects of the wake-generated waves include increased movement of the floating docks and movement of boats within the boat slips. Avoiding future damage would require more robust construction than currently budgeted, such as adding piles to the finger piers. Additionally, the existing East Harbor breakwater/seawall is in poor condition and in need of repair or replacement. The deterioration of this existing infrastructure will be accelerated by the ferry wake waves and could case the breakwater to fail. Loss of this breakwater would accelerate deterioration infrastructure within the East Harbor. The EIS should evaluate and address the impact of wake-generated waves on the East Harbor breakwater and docks.

New harbor infrastructure is designed to last at least 30 years. Increased wave action resulting from ferry wake will accelerate the deterioration of the dock infrastructure and reduce the life span of the docks. This could case unsafe conditions that necessitate removal of boat berths, thereby reducing recreational opportunities. Currently, there are 36 daily arrivals and departures for service to Alcatraz. With an anticipated increase of 20 percent by 2036, this could become 42 or more daily ferry boat arrivals and departures. The resulting ferry-generated wave action will increase maintenance cost beyond that anticipated by the department and thus reduce the department's ability to provide recreational services. This will eventually result in an interruption of existing recreational opportunities at the SF marina.

SFRDP requests that EIS identify the potential impact on SF marina infrastructure resulting from ferry-generated wake based on computer modeling of wave action, evaluate the effect of this wave action on the longevity of SF marina infrastructure, specifically the harbor docks and protective breakwaters, and identify appropriate mitigation options for reducing the impacts.

With regard to traffic impacts to the Fort Mason area, the EIS concluded that the Pier 3 Alternative would result in a longterm, major, adverse cumulative parking impacts, even with implementation of a shuttle between Fisherman's Warf and Pier 3. If the Fort Mason embarkation site is selected, SFRPD strongly encourages the GGNRA to incorporate a shuttle service between Fisherman's Warf and Fort Mason in order to reduce parking demand in the Fort Mason area. Additionally, this shuttle service will encourage Alcatraz visitors to continue to visit Fisherman's Warf, an important tourist destination providing local jobs and businesses. SFRPD encourages GGNRA to consider expanding the shuttle service to include a BART station stop and offering service to employees of the Fisherman's Warf area in order to reduce overall vehicle trips to the area and thus increase parking availability for patrons of Fisherman's Warf and Fort Mason.

Thank you for taking these comments into consideration. Sincerely,

Dawn Kamalanathan Director of Planning and Capital Division City of San Francisco, Recreation and Parks Dawn.Kamalanathan@sfgov.org (415) 581-2544 Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

we write to strongly support the Pier 31 1/2 alternative and to strongly disagree with the Pier 3 alternative. ... we are a long time marina family. when the military left this area, we followed developments in the presidio and fort mason with keen interest. we saw fort mason transformed into a vibrant cultural and educational center with museums, non-profits, theater groups, a farmers market, community meeting space and exhibit halls. ... we became very concerned when we heard of a proposal to move the alcatraz ferry embarkation point to pier 3. thereafter we sought to educate ourselves on this issue. on april 2, 2015, we took the NPS tour of the three proposed site alternatives. we also studied the draft environmental impact statement. ... the Pier 3 alternative would have long term negative effects on all that is valuable in this site area. most significantly, it would extend the commercialization of san francisco's northern shoreline. it would bring thousands of people into a limited area where the accompanying traffic congestion, noise and never ending arrival of tour buses for pick up and delivery. it would adversely impact the fort mason pier area as a cultural and educational center available to all san francisco citizens,... but none of this is necessary. Pier 31 1/2 serves as an ideal embarkation center now. most importantly, it is where the tourists are. it is near fisherman's wharf, near pier 39, near bay cruises, near the aquarium, near the exploratorium, near the ferry building, near the historic ships and world war two vessels, near ghirardelli square, near the cable car, and near the new cruise ship terminal.... to move from an ideally situated location to one that creates numerous adverse impacts does not make sense. it would be foolhardy and destructive of an existing treasure. any financial benefit to the NPS is greatly offset by the loss of a san francisco jewel....we strongly recommend keeping Pier 31 1/2 as the embarkation point to alcatraz and keeping the Pier 3 area as the cultural and educational center that it is, we hope that you agree and act accordingly.

sincerely, al and tracy brandi

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Correspondence Text

May 20, 2015

Christine Lehnertz Superintendent, Golden Gate National Recreation Area Building 201, Fort Mason Attn: Alcatraz Ferry DEIS

Dear Superintendent Lehnertz:

Thank you for the opportunity to review the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Draft Environmental Impact Statement dated January 2015. We have read the document carefully and have found it very helpful in assisting the Fort Mason Center in evaluating how an Alcatraz point of embarkation at Pier 3 would impact us. We are providing these comments in the spirit of cooperation as a Park Partner with the National Park Service. The comments are provided in the order they appear in the DEIS. Direct quotations from the DEIS are provided in italics, followed by our responses. For reasons of simplicity, we have organized the comments around the Summary chapter, including Table ES-1, and Purpose and Need. We only reach deeper into the document in discussing Transportation, where it was necessary to understand and supplement Table ES-1.

INTRODUCTION, page iii

Each of the alternative sites are in dense urban locations, directly adjacent to high density residential and commercial districts. These sites are characterized by high visitation rates, high pedestrian and automobile traffic volumes, and intense recreational and commercial use.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

Response: All three alternative sites are located in San Francisco, and as such can correctly be characterized as dense urban locations. However, thinking more deeply about this density characterization, it does not usefully differentiate among the three sites. Piers 31 and Pier 41 are located in the midst of a very active retail and tourist strip along the northern waterfront. "Pier 31 is located near the eastern end of the Fishermans Wharf tourist district, and the nearby landside uses are predominantly office uses.

" Pier 41 is in the midst of Fishermans Wharf tourist district, and the nearby landside uses are predominantly tourist-serving retail, restaurants and hotels.

" Pier 3 is located in the Golden Gate National Recreation Area, with parkland and park facilities to both the east and the west. Rather than being in a dense area, it is separated from urban development by 1500 aerial feet from the nearest public road, Bay Street to the South or alternatively the intersection of Marina Boulevard and Buchanan. With the exception of the commercial Safeway and the smaller retail uses on Buchanan, the nearest land uses are residential. We would suggest a possible rewording:

Pier 31 and Pier 41 are located in the active retail-tourist area that may be broadly described as the greater Fishermans Wharf area. These sites are characterized by high tourist visitation rates, high pedestrian and automobile traffic, and intense recreational and commercial use during the daytime. The Pier 31 area especially is further characterized by high tourist pedestrian and pedicab traffic during the 80 /- days when a cruise ship is in port at Pier 27. The Pier 41 area is further enlivened evenings by the presence of numerous tourist hotels in the area.

Pier 3 is quite isolated from the intense tourist visitation and pedestrian and automobile traffic experienced in the other two sites, because it is located in national parklands, and separated from urban uses by both 1500 aerial feet distance and a large change in elevation. Pier 3 can be either empty or intensely visited depending on the programming managed by the Fort Mason Center. The visitation of Pier 3 is normally quite different from the tourist visitation of the other two piers, as most events held there are not general tourist events but rather specific uses such as exhibitions or conferences geared to the general public rather than tourists.

p. v

The Alcatraz Ferry embarkation site and associated facilities should serve as a gateway to the GGNRA, reflecting the Park Services identity and providing a quality experience for visitors.

Agree. There are numerous vacant or underutilized structures along the northern waterfront, particularly around Pier 31 that could be a part of the designated Alcatraz Ferry embarkation site that again could be taken care of in the lease negotiations.

ACTIVITIES COMMON TO ALL ACTION ALTERNATIVES, pp. viii

As part of enhancing the opportunities for visitors to Alcatraz and the GGNRA, the National Park Service is also proposing an occasional special ferry service from Fort Mason separate from the service provided to and from the primary embarkation site as an activity that is common to all action alternatives evaluated in this DEIS.

We applaud the proposal to provide occasional special ferry service to and from Fort Mason. The history of Fort Mason is as a port of embarkation, and its location on the waterfront is incomplete without maritime service.

In addition, there are currently two private companies providing water taxi service on the Bay. We believe such a transportation service would enhance the visitation of Fort Mason Center.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES, pp. xi - xxi

Table ES-1. Potential Impacts of Alternatives

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Land Use (page one of Table ES-1)

The DEIS correctly states that there would be minor or no land use impacts to the Pier 31 and the Pier 41 Alternative.

However, we question the characterization of no impacts or minor impacts to the Pier 3 alternative. The DEIS projects 7,790 visitors per day (2,843,000 per year) visitors per year to the Pier 3 Alcatraz embarcation site. While the entire Fort Mason Center currently attracts 1,200,000 visitors per year and Pier 3, 300,000 visitors per year to its permanent tenant spaces and the special uses (that characterize Pier 3), we believe that those visitors would be not only vastly more but quite different in character and intensity than the typical visitor to Alcatraz.

Pier 3 is used for such events as:

" Art, antique and design shows which attract exhibitors from nationwide destinations, patrons who are generally from West coast locations, with a preponderance from San Francisco and the Bay Area. These events typically have and evening social gathering, and several days of day-time exhibits and lectures, and several days of load-in and load-out time. Patrons are overwhelmingly arrive by private auto or taxi-type service.

" Company events, such as the recent Salesforce and Apple private conferences for employees. Patrons tend to arrive by charter bus as well as private auto, and arrive and depart at the same time.

"Wine tastings and other commercial events, in the evening, where patrons arrive by private auto or taxi-type service, and arrive and depart over a short period of time.

Without attributing any value as to which is a better use pattern for Fort Mason, gateway communities to National Parks are typically characterized by:

" Large number of families, arriving by private automobile. (San Francisco is of course somewhat different in terms of use of group transit, with Alcatraz visitors coming by local transit. However, the fact remains that there is a high percentage of family visitors).

" Demand for extensive tourist-serving commercial, including food service venues at many price points, tourist-serving souvenir shops of a variety of qualities, nearby hotels and motels, and so on. Issues experienced by both the National Park Service and by gateway communities are well known and documented. Since only a portion of Pier 3 would be needed by the Park Service for the embarkation and educational and interpretive retail activities, some of the more education, food service, and commercial activities will undoubtedly occupy the remainder of Pier 3. And since the Park Service owns and ultimately controls all of Fort Mason, they can control surrounding land uses, despite what will undoubtedly be enormous economic pressure to lease to additional tourist-serving uses.

As Fort Mason Centers lease prohibits such commercial uses in lower Fort Mason, the lease and likely the mission of the Fort Mason Center would need to be re-evaluated to make way for these tourist serving uses. Any such evaluation should consider not only the placement of new services to serve Alcatraz tourists, but also the displacement of the existing arts and cultural users of Fort Mason Center.

To the extent that this market demand is not satisfied on National Park Service property there will be tremendous demand to satisfy this demand in the adjoining city neighborhoods. Areas such as the Safeway, Laguna Street, Van Ness Avenue, Chestnut Street, and Lombard Street, among others, can be expected to come under intense economic and political pressure for development of additional tourist-serving uses. While this is under the purview of the San Francisco Planning Department and Planning Commission, and ultimately Board of Supervisors, and not the NPS, it will be a subject of considerable public discussion and a lengthy period of planning. There can be expected to be intense political pressure to disallow these land use changes. Issues such as these may be expected to take a number of years to resolve and could affect the timing and resolution of the EIS should Pier 3 be selected.

We would suggest that minor impacts to land use be reworded to Major impacts on Fort Mason proper and Possible major impacts on surrounding commercial streets and areas.

Visual Resources (page seven of Table ES-1)

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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The DEIS correctly identifies both beneficial and adverse impacts due to rehabilitated infrastructure, gangways and lighting, and water views. However, it does not recognize that there will be additional features needed to service a facility with 2,843,000 unique visitors per year. Like the acknowledged features, some of these additional features may have positive impacts and some may be negative, which will only be known when they are located and designed. There will have to be appropriate signage both on National Park service property and at appropriate places along the city access routes to direct the anticipated volume of traffic and alert touristic visitors as to the location and access points of the embarkation point. On Fort Mason itself, the circulation patterns, parking patterns, and general ground plane will need to be reorganized and redesigned. Access to and opportunities available to the visitors in other buildings and spaces at Fort Mason will need to be appropriately thought out and signed.

We would suggest adding a bullet:

Moderate to major beneficial or adverse impacts to design of ground plane, circulation patterns, and signage within Fort Mason itself. and

Unknown impacts to surrounding streets due to directional signage, traffic controls, and the like.

Transportation and Circulation (page one of Table ES-1)

Operation: long-term, moderate adverse impacts on parking for Fort Mason Center tenants; and long-term, moderate adverse impacts from the loss of Pier 3 event space to the Fort Mason Center and users. Mitigation Measures: MM-5. (a transit connection between Fishermans Wharf and Lower Fort Mason).

Special Pier 3 Analysis: Effects of the F-Line Street Car Extension&.(pp 291, 287).

Implementation of mitigation measure Transportation-MM-5 may reduce this alternatives impacts on parking facilities. However, the effectiveness and feasibility of these measures cannot be guaranteed at this time. Therefore, the impact would be considered to remain moderate with mitigation in the long-term.

Mitigation. Transit. (p. 289)

Implementation of mitigation measure Transportation-MM-5, as described below, was considered as a way to reduce this alternatives impacts on transit capacity by providing an alternative method of transportation. However, further analysis found that implementation of a shuttle may increase transit impacts.

The Fort Mason Center believes that if the point of embarkation is moved to Pier 3, the transportation problem must be solved. Lack of public transportation to Lower Fort Mason continues to be a major problem today in attracting arts and cultural uses. Fort Mason is almost entirely dependent on automobiles and consequently parking. The addition of 5,686,000 trips per year cannot take place without providing adequate transportation.

Discussions of level-of-service changes at key intersections in the DEIS is meaningless when the issue is lack of access. Reliance on shuttles from Fishermans Wharf is not credible without identification of their capital and operational funding. Further, to the extent that existing parking for existing daily Fort Mason employees and patrons is eliminated, shuttles from Fishermans Wharf will not substitute for adequate MUNI transportation serving Fort Mason from throughout the city.

In addition, the DEIS fails to identify capital funding, operational funding, political feasibility or a timetable for the F-Line extension.

Unless the NPS can provide evidence of funded feasible transportation improvements, we believe this impact should be rewritten:

Operation: long-term, severe immitigable impacts.

Recreation (page eight Table ES-1)

Operation: long-term, minor, adverse impacts from the loss of Pier 3 for large events; long-term, minor, adverse impacts from increased travel time from parking areas; long-term, major beneficial impacts from enhanced recreational opportunities;&.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

First, since no new patrons are to be served, but merely relocated from another Pier, there are not long-term major beneficial impacts from enhanced recreational opportunities; there are not new major recreational opportunities, but rather the relocation of those opportunities from Pier 31 to Pier 3. To the extent that there are improvements in and expansion of the physical characteristics of the facilities at the point of embarkation, those could be provided at any point of embarkation and are not limited solely to Pier 3.

Further, it is hard to understand how displacing the current uses of Pier 3, which serves 300,000 patrons per year and generates \$1,500,000 per year in revenues to support the historic preservation and subsidization of non-profit arts and cultural organizations throughout Fort Mason Center, can be characterized as minor. With the leasing of Pier 2 to the San Francisco Art Institute, Pier 3 constitutes 100% o the large leasable space at Fort Mason. It is also makes it increasingly valuable in the tight San Francisco real estate market for the cultural activities it holds. Viewed in conjunction with the long-term displacement of large event spaces like the Concourse and the proposed shuttering of Pier 48 as event space, eliminating Pier 3 represents a significant cultural loss for San Francisco.

We believe this is a major adverse recreation impact.

We suggest rewording this item to:

Operation: long-term, major adverse impacts from elimination of the long-term established recreation use of Pier 3 for large events; major beneficial recreation impacts to touristic uses from construction of new and expanded recreational facilities. We believe that the same major beneficial recreation impacts to touristic uses could also occur at both the Pier 31 and Pier 41 alternatives.

Socioeconomics (page nine, Table ES-1)

Operation: long-term, moderate adverse impacts on parking for Fort Mason tenants, and long-term moderate adverse impacts from the loss of Pier 3 event space to the Fort Mason Center and users.

In line with our comments above on Land Use, Transportation, and Recreation, we believe this should be reworded: Operation: long-term severe immitigable impacts.

NEED FOR THE PROJECT, pp. 6-7

Federal law generally limits the maximum term of concession contracts to 10 years, and requires that a competitive process be used to select new concessions&.For any site at the Port, that selection would also need to be coupled with the execution of agreements with the Port specifying the long-term availability of and conditions under which the ferry embarkation sites would be made available to any ferry services concessioner&.

We agree that long term availability and conditions are a requirement for any site selected. And while Pier 3 is on National Parks property, the site is leased to the Fort Mason Center. The current lease, dated December 1, 2005, allows for the Park Service to remove Pier 3 from the lease. The lease states that the uses of Fort Mason shall be for cultural, recreational or educational purposes&and for no other purpose. While the embarkation for the Alcatraz ferry can be broadly described as recreational, it is a very different use than the typical uses at Fort Mason. We believe the Park Service and the Fort Mason Center will want to reconsider some provisions of the current lease should Pier 3 be the chosen alternative. Introduction of 7,400 touristic visitors/day will fundamentally change the character of at least a portion of Lower Fort Mason. We suggest adding a statement along the lines of:

For Pier 3, that selection would also need to be coupled with a reexamination of the existing lease between the Park Service and Fort Mason Center, considering uses of the remainder of Pier 3, parking and access areas, transportation planning, and uses of other nearby areas such as the Firehouse, developing the long-term land use and management strategies to best serve the touristic visitors.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Lack of formal authority, in combination with changing adjacent commercial uses and developments hinders the Park Services ability to create a clear sense of identity and quality visitor support services at the Alcatraz ferry embarkation site. It is also important that the embarkation site be compatible with adjacent land uses.

Agree. There are numerous vacant or underutilized structures along the northern waterfront, particularly around Pier 31, that were either emptied for the Americas Cup or that have historically been underutilized, that could be a part of the designated Alcatraz Ferry embarkation site. Any lease for the embarkation site should include areas and a plan for the complete services the Park Service desires.

PARK PURPOSE AND SIGNIFICANCE Fort Mason, p. 10

Fort Mason is separated from SF Maritime NHP and Fishermans Wharf by a steep bluff that forms the eastern edge of Fort Mason and limits access between SF Maritime NHP and Fort Mason.

We suggest adding something like:

This bluff also serves to isolate Lower Fort Mason from Upper Fort Mason, and from the city itself, as it blocks both physical access and views of Lower Fort Mason when approaching from the south or east.

RELEVANT POLICIES AND PLANS FORT MASON CENTER LONG-TERM LEASE, p. 20

The objectives (of the lease) are to create and preserve a cultural, educational, and recreation center, which reflects the unique history, talents, and interests of the people of the Bay Area in partnership with the Park&. This lease is relevant to the Project because Pier 3 is currently used as an event space by the Fort Mason Center.

While the words cultural, educational, and recreation center might be used to describe a heavily used tourist site such as any Alcatraz embarkation site, the way that the National Park Service and the Fort Mason Center have interpreted cultural, educational, and recreation center up to now is quite different in character from such sites as Pier 31 or Pier 41. This is not to say that Lower Fort Mason, or Pier 3 and its surrounding areas, could not be used as a tourist site, but that the National Park Service and the Fort Mason Center would need to jointly reexamine how Fort Mason Center is used, the kinds of institutions and activities it houses, the types of patrons it serves, and the ways in which it creates and preserves the center. We suggest changing the This lease is relevant sentence to something like the following:

This lease is relevant to the Project because Fort Mason Center is operated as an arts and culture center. Pier 3 itself is currently used as an event space. Introduction of 2,843,000 tourists a year, passing through Fort Mason twice, might suggest a different mix of uses in the entirety of Lower Fort Mason. In addition, today leasing of Pier 3 for events brings in \$1,500,000 per year which subsidizes low rentals for a number of other arts and cultural tenants at the Center.

In conclusion, thank you very much for the opportunity to comment on this DEIS. We look forward to continued discussions with the National Park Service as together we work to make Fort Mason, Alcatraz, and the entire GGNRA the best they can be.

Sincerely,

Rich Hillis Executive Director

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The operation for the length of the lease has been listed as one of the key project components, therefore it should be considered part of the stable project description. Analysis timeframes should be the life of the project as described, fifty years. Please list the impacts for this project over the course of the lease (50 years).

Please clarify if a combonation of alternatives has been analyzed. If such combinations are being considered, please list the cumulative impacts.

When listing impacts, please list the current and projected project impacts over the life of the project description (50 years).

Rather than peak hour observations for water activity impacts, it should be recalculated using 24hr 7day observations due to biological activity (including human) within the San Francisco Bay. Current EIS observations may have underestimated the biological activity; therefore the EIS may have underestimated the biological impacts that would occur during construction and during the span of operation. Please list observation locations, times, and calculations to determine activity, including human activity (i.e. swimming, rowing and windsurfing).

A final determination should not be made until this information is readily available to the public. Additional time to comment should also be provided once the information above has become available.

Thank You

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Correspondence Text

The NPS Alcatraz Embarkation Pier should remain at pier 31-1/2. The existing infrastructure can support the flow of visitors, has adequate transportation options, and surrounding businesses to enhance the visitor's experience. The claim by the DEIS that "In its current configuration, space is unavailable at Pier 31½ to provide appropriate interpretive exhibits or an orientation to Alcatraz Island and GGNRA for visitors prior to departing for the island" is inconclusive, as the site could be easily reconfigured to provide for additional exhibits. What isn't needed at any boarding area is additional gift shops, as that is adequately handled on Alcatraz. The DEIS finds that remaining at Pier 31-1/2 has the least environmental impact and is the preferred choice. Those findings should be followed.

The Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation point should NOT be moved to Pier 3 at Fort Mason. This site is inadequately serviced by parking and public transit options, and the influx of over one million visitors a year to a bottlenecked site would be disastrous physically, culturally and environmentally. Creating cross ferry traffic within the existing travel paths of two yacht harbors and rowing and swimming clubs, not to mention one of the Bay Area's most heavily used windsurfing and kiteboarding zones, would be dangerous for all users.

It is imperative that you abide by the findings of the DEIS, and keep the Alcatraz Embarkation Point at Pier 31-1/2, either with the No Action Alternative or the Pier 31-1/2 Alternative.

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Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Letter from the Fisherman's Wharf Restaurant Association attached. Will also submit through the website. Thank you!

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Correspondence Text

Aquatic Park is the starting point for many marathon training swims for us including the English and Catalina Channels. We have several swims outside of Aquatic Park and an Alcatraz ferry path so close would greatly endanger our lives. Additionally ferry boats deposit large amounts of exhaust into the water along with potential oil leaks that are very harmful to swimmers even in the cove.

Fort Mason is between 2 parks where families come to relax and enjoy the bay views. Adding an Alcatraz freeway kills the view and laid back feel of the area.

I have attended parking during those events (marathon training swims) is already an issue. Adding 1.7 million people to the area would make it a complete disaster! Parking is already difficult in the area. The proposed idea of extending the rail cars to Fort Mason also makes the area along Aquatic Park even more congested as several cyclists and pedestrians use this walkway. It is a walkway not a street. Tourists currently have Fisherman's Wharf, Pier 39 and Pier 33 all together and is very convenient for them. It is also already easily accessible by the rail cars.

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Correspondence Text

I feel the EIS is inaccurate in implying our boating and swimming activities are limited to being inside Aquatic Park. We swim and boat daily in the bay and have since 1873. Ferry service at Fort Mason would create a safety concern for us.

Bruce Frager

No

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The historic aspect of the Maritime Museum will be inspected. The move to Pier 3 will create more noise, pollution, congestion, decrease the value of our property. We don't believe we need to increase commercialism in this quaint park setting.

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Would be interested in understanding the impact to working historic boats based in and rowing out of the historic on-water Maritime Museum (largest in us).

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Correspondence Text

Every year there are thousands of swimmers, rowers and kayakers in/on the water behind Fort Mason. There are multipleprobable dozens- of swimming events every year involving swims from Alcatraz to Aquatic Park or Chrissy Field. There are sailing events from the Saint Francis Yacht Club and Golden Gate Yacht Club. The Draft EIS DID NOT analyze those conflicts and incorrectly assumed these activities would not be affected. The Draft EIS assumed swimmers only stay in Aquatic Park. They don't, they swim behind Fort Mason Piers every day of the year.

Plus, Municipal Pier is old and crumbling and all the waves from the new ferry traffic will accelerate its demise.

Thanks for considering my comment.

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Correspondence Text

As a daily swimmer and rower in the Bay, outside of Aquatic Park, I am deeply concerned over the proposed placement of the Alcatraz ferries at Fort Mason/Pier 3. This area of the Bay is heavily used for recreational activities- and has been for over 100 years. Ferry traffic and resulting pollution would seriously impact the abilities to use this portion of the water for swimming and boating.

Additionally, it's doubtful Municipal Pier could withstand the increased wave action. It's already falling apart.

Our preference is for the embarkation to remain at Pier 31¹/₂, as recommended by the DEIS.

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Correspondence Text

Keep the Alcatraz ferry on Fisherman's Wharf.

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please do not have a ferry terminal at Fort Mason.

Our swimmers and rowers go to Fort Mason and beyond every day. The Alcatraz ferry terminal would make rowing and swimming very difficult, not to mention turn the area into a Fisherman's Wharf extension.

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Please do not turn Fort Mason into Fisherman's Wharf. Fort Mason is for everyone, not just tourists.

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent:	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Stop the ferry move to Fort Mason!

The ferry serves its customer base fine at its current location, Pier 33, near Wharf hotels and shops. This move [to Pier 3] means more traffic, more pollution, more crowds, and more noise in this historic area.

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Do not pollute or disturb our swimming area of Aquatic Park and the Fort Mason area. We do mock swimming along shore from the Golden Gate Bridge to the Bay Bridge and manage it all but ferries at Fort Mason will seriously and badly impact us.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

We in the South End Rowing Club are disappointed that the Draft EIS fails to recognize the potential impact of moving the ferry embarkation to Pier 3 on the swimming and boating activities in this part of the waterfront. The EIS says this change would trigger no impacts to recreational boating or swimming. This is patently false. Many, many people swim in the area around Pier 3, as well as between Aquatic Park and Pier. In fact, a Round-Trip Fort Mason or RTFM is a favorite swim for our club. As well, thousands of visitors swim in that area, including from Alcatraz to shore, every year. All of these swims would be jeopardized, including by virtue of the severe safety issues raised, because of ferries crossing out swim paths. In addition, the EIS does not appear to address the health impact on swimmers of extensive renovations to Pier 3, which would inherently stir up likely dangerous sediments, in close proximity to where we swim.

Finally, the EIS does not appear to address the incremental wear and year, due to increased proximate wave action, on what is conceded to be the currently Municipal Pier.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent:	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The Pier 3 Fort Mason area is currently in an area that supports outdoor sports activities for the public, sports groups, schools, sea scouts and at least two historic clubs, the South End Rowing Club 1873 and the Dolphin Club 1878. The Aquatic Park area and its surroundings are used for boating, swimming, biking, running etc. by public. Encroachment of this open air park setting by commercial interests is anti-environment and not in the best interests if providing public space in which to enjoy the estuary.

Author Information

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent:	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The ferries should remain at Pier 31½. By relocating the ferries we are impacting parking in an already congested area (Fort Mason and Aquatic Park). These alternatives are putting tourists before the residents. People (residents and tourists) come to Aquatic Park to enjoy outdoor sporting activities- cycling, swimming. This move will make it more challenging and create obstacles for everyone.

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent:	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

The Fort Mason alternative would adversely impact our many regattas which have a reward mark positioned right off Fort Mason. We do over 40 major regattas per year in this area and cannot have constant commercial traffic crossing the race course (established 1927).

Author Information

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Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent:	Date Received: 03/31/2015
Number of Signatures: 2	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

Alcatraz Cruises are the hottest attraction for San Francisco and has been for many years- this is extremely important for all successful businesses.

۲

Official Rep.

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent:	Date Received: 04/14/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am writing in response to the recent SF Chronicle article regarding moving the Alcatraz Cruises to the Marina District. I would like to make a few comments on why I feel this is a terrible move for everyone concerned, except perhaps for the National Park Service.

I worked for the tourism industry in San Francisco for 30 years and have recently retired. My first position was Vice-President of Marketing at Gray Line Sightseeing Tours and most recently in the same position at PIER 39. Having worked in the transportation business for so long I understand the logistics of moving buses through the city. In fact, many years ago Gray Line was trying to do a large event at Fort Mason and the residents were 100% against any buses going down Laguna Street to enter fort Mason. To this day I believe there is a ban on buses in that area.

Since the 1989 earthquake and the destruction of the overhead freeway to Chinatown, the Embarcadero has slowly risen to become a popular destination for tourists and locals alike. I believe that having Alcatraz Cruises on the Embarcadero has helped other businesses to set up shop there, including the Exploratorium. The area of interest on the Embarcadero now begins at Pacific Bell Park and continues all the way to the Maritime Museum. Its a wonderful walk for some and a lovely ride aboard the F-line trolleys for others, without bothering a single resident of the city. All tourists are on a very tight schedule to fit in as much as they can during their short stay in any city. Moving Alcatraz Cruises to a neighborhood without any amenities to serve the tourists would be detrimental to both the tourists and residents alike. It is not well served by public transportation and there is not enough parking there for those who want to drive. I am sure you are well aware of the fact that you will have a fight on your hands with the neighbors.

Since I believe that Alcatraz Cruises attracts so many people to the current location you, the National Park Service, should be able to come to a fair agreement with the Port of San Francisco in order for them to keep the SF Port property tenants that benefit from the Alcatraz Cruises patrons.

Please let me know if there are any meetings regarding this issue since I would like to attend. My email is

Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

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Correspondence Information

Status: Reviewed	Park Correspondence Log:
Date Sent:	Date Received: 05/19/2015
Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: Yes (Master)
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
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Correspondence Text

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for more than 15 years . SERC has provides me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations

would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative .

I and other SERC members and other individuals use the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative .

As a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in swimming & rowing activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden

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Gate Bridge.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would introduce boat traffic directly into my swimming path when I am outside of Aquatic Park. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training/rowing, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 or Pier 41 alternative.

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Correspondence Information

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Correspondence Text

We write to oppose the proposal to develop Pier3/Lower Fort Mason as the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation site.

We believe that the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) submitted with the proposal is incorrect in some areas and incomplete in addressing major areas of concern as related to recreational activities in the area, namely recreational boating and the growing sport of open water swimming, and potential impacts to the degrading Municipal Pier.

We believe that the authors of the EIS did not fully investigate the intensive recreational use of the area surrounding Fort Mason, that the proposed site of Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason will have significant long-term negative effects on water-based recreation, especially swimming; expose the NPS to greater liability; and is in conflict with some of its own stated goals and those of the San Francisco General Plan.

We fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41I Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fisherman's Wharf.

Here are some of the areas that we believe the EIS has not properly addressed:

• Aquatic Park as a cultural resource: While the EIS recognizes the historic and cultural significance of Aquatic Park, it does not address the long-term negative impacts on accessibility, water quality, and continued recreation to the area and its function as a recreational and cultural resource. Here residents and visitors of all ages, from multiple neighborhoods, gather to enjoy access to the Bay. This area has intense and growing use by swimmers, rowers, runners, bicyclists, sea scouts, seniors (at the Maritime Museum), and students from neighboring Galileo High School, Francisco and Marina Middle School, and Yick Wo and Garfield Elementary schools, as well as families. And of course tourists.

• Recreational Impacts: the EIS Conclusion states "The Pier 3 Alternative would result in short- term, minor, adverse impacts on recreational resources due to construction. During operation, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in long-term, minor,

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adverse impacts on recreation from increased visitor travel time to the site from primary parking locations at Fisherman's Wharf; long-term, minor, adverse impacts on recreation from the change in use of the Pier 3 shed; long-term, major, beneficial impacts from accommodating increased visitors and providing connections to other GGNRA parklands; and no impact on recreational swimming and rowing opportunities compared to the No Action Alternative ."

This is flat out wrong.

Establishing Alcatraz Ferry service embarkation from Fort Mason will have a serious and long-term negative effect on longestablished recreational swimming and rowing opportunities. It would also place the NPS and ferry operators at greater risk and liability for potential injuries and death to recreational users.

The EIS fails to recognize that recreational swimming and rowing are not limited to the waters of Aquatic Park Cove. In fact, the entire area between Fisherman's Wharf and Yacht Harbor to the west of Fort Mason provides a critical recreation area to a growing number of open water swimmers and recreational rowers, kayakers, paddleboarders and boaters based out of Aquatic Park. Recreational usage continues to grow each year and users are swimming and rowing all year round. The Dolphin Swimming and Boating Club (established at Aquatic Park in 1878) currently supports an active member base of roughly 1,400 members and has been adding 15 - 30 new members each month for the past several years. The South End Rowing Club has a highly active base of 1,000 recreational Bay users and membership is also growing. Together, these clubs host more than 50 organized competitive swims and/or rows each year. Each swim has roughly 60-90 participants plus accompanying pilot rowboats, kayaks, paddleboards and motorized craft. For example, the Dolphin Club has several annual swims from Gas House Cove, Yacht Harbor, and Coghlan Beach (Wave Organ beach), all west of Ft. Mason, back to Aquatic Park. There are also many additional swims that are private outings or large ones organized by other groups, such as the Leukemia & Lymphoma Society's Team In Training, The San Francisco Triathlon Club, The Golden Gate Triathlon Club, and Water World Swim, which actively use the waters between west of Lower Fort Mason and Fisherman's Wharf to recreate.

Alcatraz swims: Currently swimmers enjoy the safety and security of recreating west of the ferry service traffic lanes. The swim from Alcatraz to San Francisco is world renowned. Some 5,000 swimmers travel here each year to participate in large organized swims. In addition, both clubs have several Alcatraz swims each year and host numerous private swims from the island to Aquatic Park. These occur year round. Bringing high density ferry traffic to a widely used recreational area exposes the NPS to significant risk through heightened potential of injury and death to recreational boaters, swimmers, and first responders plus the potential negative impact on water quality standards.

• Water quality and wake action: The EIS fails to address the true conditions of currents and water quality in Aquatic Park by stating that any ferry wake-generated wave action or water quality issues would be mitigated by the Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters. The Municipal Pier is in an advanced state of decay, but even so its unique design allows currents (and pollution) to flow through the pier and

into Aquatic Park. Swimmers and rowers feel the tide in the cove and would certainly be subjected to any wake activity from ferry service.

• Municipal Pier: the NPS is well aware of the rapidly deteriorating condition of Muni Pier. The EIS fails to reflect this fact and how wake generated wave action will also accelerate its decay. This pier is essential to the protection of Aquatic Park Cove for recreation uses as well as the historic fleet of ships at Hyde Street Pier.

• Conflict with SF General Plan: the proposal to move ferry service to Pier 3/Ft. Mason is in conflict with the city's General Plan, policy 2.4 on page 25, which refers to the City's strong commitment to passive and water-oriented recreation, views, and habitat. Throughout the General Plan, the area between Fort Mason and Fishennan's wharf is consistently cited as one of the city's most valued recreational access locations. The SF General Plan also places a clear emphasis on ensuring the economic vitality of the Fisherman's Wharf area. Relocating the ferry embarkation location to Fort Mason would likely result in 1) economic loss to Fisherman's Wharf merchants and businesses and 2) overall economic loss to the City because commercial development opportunities to replace those lost at Fisherman's Wharf would not be possible given the zoning in the area surrounding Fort Mason.

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• Historic Streetcar: The EIS Transportation and Circulation Study does not address the environmental impacts of the proposed extension of the historic streetcar. Pedestrian foot traffic and recreational use of the area between Fisherman's Wharf and Lower Fort Mason Increases significantly each year and a Ft. Mason Alcatraz ferry site would add another 1.5 million annual visitors to that track and surrounding area.

Again, we believe that the EIS does not capture the reality of the intensive recreational use of the area surrounding Fort Mason, that the proposed site of Pier 3/Lower Ft. Mason will have significant long-term negative effects on water-based recreation, especially swimming; will expose the NPS to greater liability; and is in conflict with some of its own stated goals and those of the San Francisco General Plan.

We fully support keeping the ferry service at its current location at Pier 41/ Ferry Building or at its previous location at Pier 31/33 at Fishermans' Wharf.

Please keep us informed of any and all developments related to this project.

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Notes:	

Correspondence Text

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for 5 years. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines cursorily that the Pier 3 Alternative would cause "no impact" to recreational opportunities. The DEIS fails to address the severe impact ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason would have on swimmers and other small craft

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recreators using the San Francisco Bay in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to swim in the Bay in a manner that I would not enjoy were ferry service to depart from Fort Mason Pier 3. The risk of a fatal collision, and the release of even trace amounts of diesel fuel, in the immediate vicinity of my preferred swim venue would effectively end my swimming at SERC, which may be the most pleasurable recreation in which I engage. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. Ifsuch ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas that I frequent.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 or Pier 41 alternative.

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Correspondence Information

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: No
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
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Correspondence Text

This letter is to oppose ANY ferry service considered by the National Park Service (herein NPS) at Fort Mason. The areas at Piers at 1, 2, 3 as a ferry dock and passenger embarkation point for service to Alcatraz and/or for "special service" to Fort Baker and other NPS sites should not be allowed. That proposal is simply NOT safe.

Three sites were evaluated for the Alcatraz ferry: Improvements to the existing location at Pier 31 and potential alternative sites at Pier 41 and Pier 3. An Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) was published. DEIS recommends that NPS negotiate with the Port of San Francisco to make improvements to Pier 31. However, whatever the outcome for the Alcatraz Ferry Service, the NPS still wants to build a visitor's center and operate special ferries from a new base at Fort Mason at Pier 3.

The DEIS is totally wrong to assert that there would be "no impact" in recreation boating and swimming. In fact there would be several negatives. The report ignores and fails to evaluate the impact on boaters, paddlers, kayakers and swimmers. Also, there is a sizeable backwash coming from under Fort Mason. This will be substantially increased due to wave action from proposed ferries and could cause property damage to boats and the Marina. The report also fails to recognize the negative impact on increased traffic and general congestion in the area.

There is no mention that a special ferry service would create new water traffic lanes that cut right through the close-to-shore areas used by the 15 San Francisco area high school sailing teams that race there on weekends and practice in front of Fort Mason on

Mondays through Fridays from 3:30 pm to 7:00 pm. There is no mention that race committees of various Bay Area clubs start and finish regattas right off those piers and the Fort Mason buoy is used as a turning point for many races.

The proposed ferry service would also be cutting across the path of boaters entering and leaving SF Marina East Harbor, affecting berth holders and transients seeking fuel at the gas dock and visiting City Yachts. Their rights of safe passage would

be affected (State of California Bay Area Water Trail Act (Legislation AB 1296) September 22, 2005.

As a tenant in the SF Marina since 1987 and a sailor in the Bay Area since 1968, I am well aware of the logistics of the Fort Mason location. Due to the very serious safety concerns about ANY ferry service from Fort Mason, it would certainly be advisable that ferry service should ONLY start and finish at Pier 31.

The NPS should undertake a Supplemental EIS to thoroughly investigate all the safety issues on the current and projected recreational use by boaters, paddlers and swimmers and the possible property damage to berths and boats. The NPS should have a full public comment period thereafter.

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Number of Signatures: 1	Form Letter: Yes (Master)
Contains Request(s): No	Type: Letter
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Correspondence Text

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for nearly 30 years. SERC has provided me and my family with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 %, er 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake

generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does aQ1 take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in open water swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swim west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned for its importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me access and the ability to participate in many early morning sunriser swims for over 30 years besides open water training for my English Channel, Catalina and Maui channel besides around Manhattan. Training in the Bay for trans Tahoe and other local open water competitions has been critical for my keeping in condition. These activities are limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities\ including open water swims would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing. DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases In turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment. increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These efforts may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as I frequently swim outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be swimming. The DEIS falls to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the

impacts of this alternative on recreation and water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking). I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 or Pier 41alternative. Fort Mason neighborhood is a unique residential area of San Francisco, and dumping the tourists that take the ferry to Alcatraz would change irreparably the character of the neighborhood.

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Correspondence Text

We are sailboat owners and racers berthed at the SF Yacht Harbor; we also have recently visited Alcatraz when we had German visitors'and of course, took the Ferry to Alcaraz. First, we'd like to say we are happy the National Park Service (hereafter NPS) has a popular tourist attraction in Alcatraz; the National Parks need the money to keep up a valuable asset for all Americans.

However, the NPS should NOT move to Ft. Masons Piers 1,2 and 3'and the areas between Piers 2 and 3'as a ferry dock and passenger embarkation point for service to Alcatraz and for "special service" to Ft. Baker and other NPS sites. We can't believe you are even considering such a move. The tremendous impact on the boaters and on paddlers and swimmers will be destructive.

We who use the City Front regularly have not been informed of an Environmental Impact Statement that address the actual uses of the City Front Area. The proposed Ferry Services would create new water traffic lanes that would cut close-to-shore areas that are used by many San Franciscans and appreciated by tourists'high school sailing teams that race on weekends, weekend and weekday sailors in regattas directly off Piers 1-3, paddlers and kayakers. Imagine the dangers created.

It is the lead agency's responsibility to accurately reflect the use of the City Front in its Environmental Impact Statement, yet none of the these popular activities were considered. Perhaps the result of hiring an East Coast firm.

Because the report does not mention these popular uses of the areas to be changed by moving the Alcatraz Ferry, it is inadequate and illegal.

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From what we can see, the routes should start and end at Pier 31-1/2.

The NPS needs to undertake a Supplemental EIS to investigate the impact of any move on recreational users'current and future'and have a full public comment period.

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Correspondence Text

I am writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS"). I have been a member of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC") for two years, and before that a member of the Dolphin Club. SERC has provided me with unique access to the San Francisco Bay. As a result, I am concerned that the DEIS fails to properly evaluate impacts to recreation in the San Francisco Bay, especially open water swimming and rowing.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 %, er 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS.

While I appreciate the effort, time, and resources involved with preparing the DEIS and its consideration of alternatives, I write to express serious concern regarding the legal deficiencies in the DEIS stemming from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the San Francisco Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to

Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the San Francisco Bay for recreation frequently do so In the area that would be traversed by Alcatraz ferry service - an area that has been set aside by the United States Coast Guard for recreation (and indeed Is the only area so designated in the San Francisco Bay). As a consequence of these omissions, the DEIS does not take the requisite "hard look" at impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative.

Indeed, as a SERC member, I am currently able to engage in both swimming and rowing activities on the San Francisco Bay in a manner that I would not otherwise be able to participate. SERC ensures that my activities are not limited to Aquatic Park. I frequently swim and row outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, often swimming and rowing west from Aquatic Park towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Indeed, this part of the San Francisco Bay is internationally renowned forits importance to, and development of, open water swimming. Specifically, SERC grants me Bay access and the ability to participate in: training for long-distance open water swimming, Our "Sunriser" morning swims, "long distance swims to Alcatraz or elsewhere in the northern San Francisco waterfront, such as swims from Kirby Cove, Fort Point, or Point Bonita. These activities are not limited to Aquatic Park.

If the ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would be introducing a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where I and other club members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, my ability to use the San Francisco Bay for recreational opportunities, including open water swim training/rowing, would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous. In addition, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service in this portion of the waterfront would have on recreational opportunities and omits critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason; in particular, the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the mil tary conducted regular operations at that location.

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative." Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment, increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. These effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park.

Indeed, as I frequently swim and row outside of Aquatic Park, I am seriously concerned about the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where I will be both swimming and rowing. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and. as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take a requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the impacts of this alternative on recreation and

water quality. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement and provide further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 alternative on recreation and other resources (e.g., transit, parking), I strongly urge the NPS to select the Pier 31 or Pier 41 alternative.

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Correspondence Text

On behalf of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC"), we are writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS") in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA"). SERC was founded in 1873, and has been located in Aquatic Park on the northern San Francisco waterfront since the early 1900's. SERC is a multi-generational club that promotes and encourages the recreational use of the San Francisco Bay (the "Bay"). SERC has provided unique recreational access to the Bay for over 130 years and is recognized as a vital resource for hundreds of rowers and swimmers, including world-class open water swimmers who use the Bay's historic training grounds as an indispensable part of their training regimen.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 !-'2, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. Because the analysis of the Fort Mason Pier 3 Alternative fails to consider the significant impacts of this proposal on recreational use of the Bay and inadequately evaluates impacts on other resources, SERC submits that NPS cannot select this alternative.

GENERAL COMMENTS

We appreciate and commend the NPS for the extensive amount of effort, time, and resources spent during the planning process to meet with stakeholders and prepare the DEIS. Notwithstanding this investment, the following core components of the DEIS suffer from critical legal deficiencies:

• The DEIS does not fulfill its basic legal function to fully inform the public of the environmental impacts of the proposed action

• The DEIS fails to accurately describe and analyze the impacts on recreation associated with regular ferry service under the Pier 3 Alternative

• The DEIS fails to fully characterize and analyze the impacts that changed water quality associated with regular ferry service under the Pier 3 Alternative would have on recreation

• The DEIS falls to identify or consider mitigation measures for impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative

• The DEIS fails to consider impacts or mitigation measures for impacts on recreation associated with the special ferry service departing out of Fort Mason

• The DEIS fails to identify or consider the impacts on cultural resources associated with the Pier 3 Alternative

• NPS failed to include the United States Coast Guard ("USCG") as a cooperating agency

These legal deficiencies all stem from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. If NPS intends to carry this alternative forward, supplemental review must be conducted to remedy these deficiencies.

Alternatively, given the significant impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on recreation and other resources, including transit, parking, and socioeconomics, we urge the NPS to select either the Pier 31 or Pier 41 Alternative. More specifically, given those two options, we strongly support the selection of Pier 31 as the long-term ferry embarkation point. Not only is Pier 31 the environmentally preferred alternative, but adopting the Pier 31 Alternative is undoubtedly the best alternative for the City of San Francisco, its residents, and tourists, as critical infrastructure, including parking, transit, and other services, is already in place, presently supporting ferry service at Pier 31 Yz. The Pier 31 Yz Alternative furthermore does not currently impact the unique recreation options currently limited to a small sliver of the Bay that would be substantially, if not totally, ruined by conflicting regular ferry service.

SPECIFIC COMMENTS

1. The DEI S is Inadequate as an Informational Document

The DEIS fails to fulfill the basic legal function of an EIS, which is to fully inform the public about the impacts of a project so that the public can provide informed input. An agency preparing an EIS must take a "hard look" at the potential environmental consequences of the action. League of Wilderness Defenders - Blue Mountain Diversity Project v. U.S. Forest Serv., 689 F.3d 1060 (9th Cir. 2012). In order to satisfy its obligations, an agency must consider all foreseeable direct and indirect impacts, including a discussion of adverse impacts. Id. The EIS must "foster both informed decision-making and informed public participation." Half Moon Bay Fishermans' Mktg. Ass'n v. Carlucci, 857 F.2d 505, 508 (9th Cir. 1988).

The DEIS fails to provide sufficient information to enable the public to fully understand the implications of the Pier 3 Alternative at Fort Mason. The DEIS does not facilitate informed decision-making or informed public participation, as it denies significant impacts without explanation and glosses over significant issues that should be addressed. In particular, and as described more fully below, the DEIS does not provide meaningful information to enable the public to evaluate issues associated with the impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on recreation in the San Francisco Bay. The DEIS also fails to include discussion of reasonable mitigation measures for these impacts. These infirmities must be addressed in a supplemental environmental review if NPS intends to proceed with this proposal.

2. The I mpacts on Recreation Associated with Regular Ferry Service Under the Pier 3 Alternative are Significant and Require Analysis

The DEIS is legally deficient as a result of its failure to describe and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 Alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion and without further discussion or consideration, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities in general, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by the regular Alcatraz ferry service.

SERC members and other individuals using the Bay for recreation frequently engage in rowing and swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay that are not limited to Aquatic Park. SERC rowers do not remain in Aquatic Park; rowers typically exit Aquatic Park and row west towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Similarly, swimmers frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, especially when training for significant open water swims. Attached to this letter as Attachment A ls a photograph of a map posted at SERC's clubhouse that depicts the various training routes that are regularly undertaken by club members. While some of SERC's routes traverse the middle of the Bay (e.g., Alcatraz, Point Bonita)1 most of the training swims begin in Aquatic Park and travel west, past Fort Mason, along Crissy Field towards the Golden Gate Bridge and the Pacific Ocean.

If the regular Alcatraz ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would introduce a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where SERC members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, recreational opportunities, including open water swimming and rowing would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous.

1 SERC coordinates with, and holds permits issued by, the United States Coast Guard for such activities

Furthermore, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service creates in this portion of the waterfront. As a result, the DEIS fails to take the requisite "hard look" and supplemental environmental review of the Pier 3 Alternative is required.

3. The DEIS Fails to Analyze the Impacts Changed Water Quality Would Have on Recreation Associated with Regular Ferry Service Under the Pier 3 Alternative

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of changes in water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative."

Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment. increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. In fact, these effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur when compared to other of the identified alternatives. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as SERC members frequently swim and row outside of Aquatic Park, the DEIS fails to seriously consider and analyze the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where people swim and row. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

4. DEIS Fails to Consider Mitigation Measures for Impacts on Recreation for the Pier3 Alternative

As part of the "hard look" analysis required by NEPA, the DEIS must also consider mitigation measures as a means of reducing the significant environmental impacts of the proposed action. 40 C.F.R. § 1502.14(f). If the analysis relies on proposed mitigation to justify the selection of an alternative, the DEIS must also ensure that means to implement the proposed mitigation are incorporated into the action or required as a condition of approval. 40 C.F.R. § 1502.16(9)-(h).

The DEIS fails to fulfill these requirements. As described above, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in significant adverse impacts on recreation. Indeed, regular and frequent ferry service out of Pier 3 would create substantial safety concerns, as ferry service would traverse portions of the waterfront that are heavily used by recreational users. Some of these operations will require the ferries to operate in reverse. Accordingly, ferry service would significantly hamper rowing and open water swimming, resulting

in the degradation of treasured and historic swimming areas. Given these significant, adverse Impacts, the DEIS has a duty to consider associated mitigation measures.

In particular, the DEIS omits the need for and means to accomplish mitigation for impacts on recreation and other resources due to the waves created by commercial operations. NPS failed to consider critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason that would be instructive on mitigation matters. Specifically, the DEIS omits the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at Fort Mason. The DEIS fails to identify, let alone discuss, whether a wave attenuator should be used to mitigate impacts due to ferry wake-generated and other wave action at Pier 3.

Similarly, the DEIS fails to consider safety protocols that would need to be implemented under the Pier 3 Alternative if recreational uses and ferry service are to coexist. The cost and feasibility of these measures also must be examined in the DEIS.

While we are confident that any proposed mitigation measures would be insufficient to reduce adverse impacts posed by regular ferry service at Pier 3, the DEIS must at least attempt to identify some measures. In failing to do so, the DEIS has not taken the requisite "hard look" at the Pier 3 Alternative. Before preparing a final EIS that properly informs the public of the consequences of the proposed action, NPS must accordingly undertake supplemental environmental review of these issues.

5. DEIS Fails to Consider Impacts or Mitigation Measures for Impacts on Recreation for the Special Ferry Service at Fort Mason

Under each of the alternatives identified in the DEIS, the NPS would implement additional "special ferry service" at Fort Mason. DEIS at 67. The DEIS states that the special ferry service would be for "special events, such as conferences, occasional excursions, or special occasion service" that would be "in addition to and separate from the primary embarkation site." ld. The DEIS further specifies that the service "would not provide daily or regular service to Alcatraz. Island, but it could be used for special occasion trips to Fort Baker or other GGNRA sites and NPS units." Id. The DEIS apparently "assumes" that the special ferry service at Fort Mason would operate at off-peak hours with a single 220-passenger ferry

loading and unloading outside of peak transportation periods.

The DEIS determines that the special ferry service at Fort Mason "would not displace any existing recreational opportunities" and "the Project element's incremental contribution to any cumulative impacts on recreational resources would not be major." DEIS at 411. The DEIS fails to consider whether the special ferry service would interfere or create impacts on recreational opportunities for rowers and swimmers outside of Aquatic Park. So too, the DEIS proposes no mitigation measures for impacts to recreation. Id.

We acknowledge that, given that the special ferry service at Fort Mason would occur only on rare occasions and during "offpeak" hours, the impacts to recreation in the Bay are likely to be minor in nature. However, the potential for impacts and conflicts between the special ferry service and recreational swimmers and boaters using the historic waters between Aquatic Park and Crissy Field remains. The Final EIS must describe the nature of these operations in greater detail (e.g., timing, frequency) to ensure that the impacts of any routes to Fort Baker and other locations authorized by the NPS's action are, in fact1 minor. Such potential impacts should be studied further in the Final EIS ("FEIS").

SERC has a long history of working collaboratively with the USCG to ensure that SERC's training swims that head north across the Bay (e.g., to Alcatraz or Sausalito) are done safely and in accordance with the terms of SERC's permit. SERC wishes to be a partner in the long term management of the northern waterfront and is eager to work together with NPS to ensure that, on dates when the special ferry service at Fort Mason is active, the service is announced in advance such that the ferry can be operated without conflict or danger to recreational users of the Bay. However, because the DEIS did not include such mitigation measures, they must be analyzed and incorporated into the FEIS.

6. The DEIS Failed to Consider Impacts to Cultural Resources Associated with the Pier 3 Alternative

The DEIS describes a variety of cultural resources on the northern San Francisco waterfront. and, in general, considers how the selection of a long-term ferry embarkation point would impact those resources. For example, the DEIS identifies Aquatic Park as part of the "cultural setting", noting that it is part of the San Francisco National Maritime Park. DEIS at 198-99. The DEIS further notes that Aquatic Park is of national significance for architecture and landscape architecture, and is a "designed cultural landscape that was specifically designed for passive recreation. DEIS at 204-205. The DEIS then evaluates the potential impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on historic structures, archeological resources, and cultural landscapes. DEIS at 401-402. The DEIS concludes that there will be "no major impacts on cultural resources." DEIS at 402.

The DEIS fails to adequately identify cultural resources affected by the Pier 3 Alternative and, as a result, fails to properly inform the public of the impacts of the proposed alternative. The northern San Francisco waterfront is viewed by the local, national, and international communities as historic and culturally important training waters that are vital to the sports of rowing and open water swimming. For example, Roz Savage trained for her row across the Pacific on the northern San Francisco waterfront and launched her boat for her journey from SERC's dock. Additionally, many internationally-renowned open water swimmers, including Trent Grimsey (current world-record holder for swimming the English Channel), Kimberley Chambers (recently completed the "Oceans Seven", open water swimming's version of the Seven Summits), and Lynne Cox (renowned open water swimmer) are SERC club members who have trained for long distance swims on the Bay. The DEIS fails to identify these historic training waters as part of the cultural setting or landscape.

Because such cultural resources are not included in the DEIS, the DEIS fails to properly identify, evaluate, and analyze impacts on cultural resources as a result of the Pier 3 Alternative. As described above, operating long-term ferry services out of Pier 3 in Fort Mason will result in severe impacts to the ability of recreational users to swim and row safely in the Bay. Not only do those impacts restrict recreational opportunities, but the impacts also would severely restrict the use of historic training waters that continue to be of vital importance to the sports of open water swimming and rowing.

Furthermore, the DEIS fails to analyze the impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative to important cultural institutions. As described above, SERC has been providing access to the northern San Francisco waterfront for rowing and swimming activities since the early 1900's. SERC is one of the only multi generational clubs in San Francisco, with members' ages ranging from

children to senior citizens. As a result, SERC is an important cultural touchstone not only to the sports of rowing and open water swimming, but to the community at large. Because long-term ferry service at Pier 3 in Fort Mason would severely impact recreational opportunities in the Bay, it also imperils SERC's ongoing viability. The DEIS fails to identify or analyze such cultural impacts and, as a result, did not take the required "hard look" at the issues. NPS must accordingly undertake supplemental environmental review of these issues.

NPS Failed to Consider USCG Regulations or Include USCG as a Cooperating Agency

The San Francisco Bay constitutes a Regulated Navigation Area ("RNA") pursuant to USCG regulations. See 33 C.F.R. § 165.1181(c)(1)(i). As a result, NPS should have included the USCG as a cooperating agency. A "cooperating agency" is defined to be any federal agency that "has jurisdiction by law or special expertise with respect to any environmental impact involved In a proposal (or a reasonable alternative) ". 40 C.F.R. § 1508.5 (emphasis added). NPS, as the lead agency, should have requested that the USCG lend its special expertise regarding maritime activities and vessel traffic management on the Bay. See 40 C.F.R. § 1501.6(a) (indicating that the lead agency should request the participation of cooperating agencies). The failure to include the USCG as a cooperating agency to provide expertise on the management of vessels on the Bay is a critical oversight.2

Indeed, the regulations constituting the RNA on San Francisco Bay specify various vessel traffic lanes, including westbound and eastbound traffic, traffic separation zones, precautionary areas, and two-way traffic lanes. See 33 C.F.R. § 165.1181(c)(1). The remaining areas are designated as recreation areas. By establishing different zones, the USCG's Vessel Traffic Service ("VTS") coordinates the safe, secure, and efficient transit of vessels in San Francisco Bay.

USCG maps designate the area immediately surrounding Aquatic Park and extending westward along Crissy Field and the waterfront to the southern footing of the Golden Gate Bridge as a "recreation area". Attached to this letter as Attachment B is a map of the various zones within the RNA The USCG1s Vessel Traffic Service's User Manual specifies that "chartered recreation areas within the VTS Area shall be avoided by commercial vessels." USCG Vessel Traffic Service San Francisco User's Manual, available at: http://www.uscg.mil/d11/Vtssf/vtssfum.asp. Furthermore, the User Manual states that "the recreational boating public have a legitimate expectation that ships will adhere to the traffic routing system." Id.

The regular ferry service proposed at Pier 3 conflicts with the recreation area set forth on USCG maps and the expectations created by the VTS. The Pier 3 Alternative in Fort Mason would introduce ongoing daily commercial activities directly into a recreation area that, pursuant to the VTS, is to be avoided by commercial vessels. Introducing commercial activities into the recreation zone represents a drastic impact that alters the character of waters that the USCG has left for recreation activities. The DEIS does not identify, consider, or evaluate this impact, or consider how locating the regular ferry service at Pier 3 would ultimately impact and undermine the USCG's regulatory scheme for safely organizing vessel traffic in San Francisco Bay. Contrary to the representations in the DEIS, "all ferry operations [cannot-and will not-] occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts." DEIS at 410. Supplemental review. including coordination and collaboration with the USCG, must be conducted to correct these material oversights in and omissions from the DEIS.

2 We note that the USCG was a co-lead agency alongside NPS in developing the Environmental Assessment for the 34th America's Cup because activities were to 1ake place on waters managed by the USCG. While the Alcatraz ferry routes will also traverse waters managed by USCG, the NPS apparently made no such effort to Include the USCG here.

CONCLUSION

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take the requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the negative impacts of this alternative on rowers and swimmers with long-standing, legitimate interests In recreational opportunities, water quality, and cultural resources in the area surrounding the proposed Pier 3 embarkation. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement the EIS

and provide for further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative before it could even consider selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. The NPS would also need to request that the USCG participate as a cooperating agency with special expertise on the potential impacts to the vessel traffic management scheme set forth in the RNA for ensuring the safe and efficient transit of vessels on the Bay.

In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on recreation and other resources, we encourage the NPS to select Pier 31 Y2 as the long-term ferry embarkation point. The Pier 31 Y2 Alternative is the environmentally preferred alternative and can be chosen with minimal edits to the DEIS that would not trigger an obligation to supplement.

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Correspondence Text

On behalf of the South End Rowing Club ("SERC"), we are writing to provide comments on the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project Draft Environmental Impact Statement ("DEIS") prepared by the National Park Service ("NPS") in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA"). SERC was founded in 1873, and has been located in Aquatic Park on the northern San Francisco waterfront since the early 1900's. SERC is a multi-generational club that promotes and encourages the recreational use of the San Francisco Bay (the "Bay"). SERC has provided unique recreational access to the Bay for over 130 years and is recognized as a vital resource for hundreds of rowers and swimmers, including world-class open water swimmers who use the Bay's historic training grounds as an indispensable part of their training regimen.

The DEIS was prepared to evaluate impacts associated with establishing a long-term ferry embarkation site for passenger service between the northern San Francisco waterfront and Alcatraz Island, as well as special ferry service between the Alcatraz ferry site, Fort Baker, and Fort Mason. The DEIS identifies three alternatives for the long-term ferry embarkation site: Pier 31 !-'2, Pier 41, and Pier 3 in Fort Mason. The NPS declined to identify a "preferred alternative" in the DEIS. Because the analysis of the Fort Mason Pier 3 Alternative fails to consider the significant impacts of this proposal on recreational use of the Bay and inadequately evaluates impacts on other resources, SERC submits that NPS cannot select this alternative.

GENERAL COMMENTS

We appreciate and commend the NPS for the extensive amount of effort, time, and resources spent during the planning process to meet with stakeholders and prepare the DEIS. Notwithstanding this investment, the following core components of the DEIS suffer from critical legal deficiencies:

• The DEIS does not fulfill its basic legal function to fully inform the public of the environmental impacts of the proposed action

• The DEIS fails to accurately describe and analyze the impacts on recreation associated with regular ferry service under the Pier 3 Alternative

• The DEIS fails to fully characterize and analyze the impacts that changed water quality associated with regular ferry service under the Pier 3 Alternative would have on recreation

• The DEIS falls to identify or consider mitigation measures for impacts on recreation associated with the Pier 3 Alternative

• The DEIS fails to consider impacts or mitigation measures for impacts on recreation associated with the special ferry service departing out of Fort Mason

• The DEIS fails to identify or consider the impacts on cultural resources associated with the Pier 3 Alternative

• NPS failed to include the United States Coast Guard ("USCG") as a cooperating agency

These legal deficiencies all stem from the failure of the DEIS to fully characterize and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. If NPS intends to carry this alternative forward, supplemental review must be conducted to remedy these deficiencies.

Alternatively, given the significant impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on recreation and other resources, including transit, parking, and socioeconomics, we urge the NPS to select either the Pier 31 or Pier 41 Alternative. More specifically, given those two options, we strongly support the selection of Pier 31 as the long-term ferry embarkation point. Not only is Pier 31 the environmentally preferred alternative, but adopting the Pier 31 Alternative is undoubtedly the best alternative for the City of San Francisco, its residents, and tourists, as critical infrastructure, including parking, transit, and other services, is already in place, presently supporting ferry service at Pier 31 Yz. The Pier 31 Yz Alternative furthermore does not currently impact the unique recreation options currently limited to a small sliver of the Bay that would be substantially, if not totally, ruined by conflicting regular ferry service.

SPECIFIC COMMENTS

1. The DEI S is Inadequate as an Informational Document

The DEIS fails to fulfill the basic legal function of an EIS, which is to fully inform the public about the impacts of a project so that the public can provide informed input. An agency preparing an EIS must take a "hard look" at the potential environmental consequences of the action. League of Wilderness Defenders - Blue Mountain Diversity Project v. U.S. Forest Serv., 689 F.3d 1060 (9th Cir. 2012). In order to satisfy its obligations, an agency must consider all foreseeable direct and indirect impacts, including a discussion of adverse impacts. Id. The EIS must "foster both informed decision-making and informed public participation." Half Moon Bay Fishermans' Mktg. Ass'n v. Carlucci, 857 F.2d 505, 508 (9th Cir. 1988).

The DEIS fails to provide sufficient information to enable the public to fully understand the implications of the Pier 3 Alternative at Fort Mason. The DEIS does not facilitate informed decision-making or informed public participation, as it denies significant impacts without explanation and glosses over significant issues that should be addressed. In particular, and as described more fully below, the DEIS does not provide meaningful information to enable the public to evaluate issues associated with the impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on recreation in the San Francisco Bay. The DEIS also fails to include discussion of reasonable mitigation measures for these impacts. These infirmities must be addressed in a supplemental environmental review if NPS intends to proceed with this proposal.

2. The I mpacts on Recreation Associated with Regular Ferry Service Under the Pier 3 Alternative are Significant and Require Analysis

The DEIS is legally deficient as a result of its failure to describe and analyze the impacts associated with the Pier 3 Alternative. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider the impacts that the Pier 3 Alternative and its associated ferry operations will have on recreational activities.

The DEIS states that:

Any ferry operations at Pier 3 would be negligible when considered in the context of existing recreational uses of the Bay. All ferry operations would occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts. Therefore, the Pier 3 Alternative would have no effect on recreational boating compared to the No Action Alternative.

DEIS at 410. The DEIS further notes that the Pier 3 Alternative would have "no effect on rowing and recreational swimming in the Aquatic Park area" because the "ferries would not enter the Aquatic Park area commonly frequented by rowers and swimmers, and the existing Aquatic Park Pier jetty and adjacent breakwaters would protect these areas from ferry wake generated wave action." DEIS at 410.

The DEIS determines, in a cursory fashion and without further discussion or consideration, that there will be "no impact" to recreational opportunities. While the DEIS appears to consider the Bay to be a busy environment for recreational activities in general, it neglects to consider the distributional effects that would be created by moving ferry service to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. More specifically, the DEIS fails to consider that SERC members and other individuals using the Bay for recreation frequently do so in the area that would be traversed by the regular Alcatraz ferry service.

SERC members and other individuals using the Bay for recreation frequently engage in rowing and swimming activities on the San Francisco Bay that are not limited to Aquatic Park. SERC rowers do not remain in Aquatic Park; rowers typically exit Aquatic Park and row west towards Crissy Field and the Golden Gate Bridge. Similarly, swimmers frequently swim outside the boundaries of Aquatic Park, especially when training for significant open water swims. Attached to this letter as Attachment A ls a photograph of a map posted at SERC's clubhouse that depicts the various training routes that are regularly undertaken by club members. While some of SERC's routes traverse the middle of the Bay (e.g., Alcatraz, Point Bonita)1 most of the training swims begin in Aquatic Park and travel west, past Fort Mason, along Crissy Field towards the Golden Gate Bridge and the Pacific Ocean.

If the regular Alcatraz ferry service is moved to Pier 3 in Fort Mason, the NPS would introduce a significant quantity of regular and frequent ferry traffic directly into the path where SERC members often swim and row. If such ferry service is introduced, recreational opportunities, including open water swimming and rowing would be severely impaired, as such activities would become extremely dangerous.

1 SERC coordinates with, and holds permits issued by, the United States Coast Guard for such activities

Furthermore, the nature of the recreational opportunities would be altered by the introduction of commercial operations that will create waves and other obstacles for swimmers and rowers. The DEIS does not even attempt to consider the impacts additional ferry service creates in this portion of the waterfront. As a result, the DEIS fails to take the requisite "hard look" and supplemental environmental review of the Pier 3 Alternative is required.

3. The DEIS Fails to Analyze the Impacts Changed Water Quality Would Have on Recreation Associated with Regular Ferry Service Under the Pier 3 Alternative

The DEIS similarly fails to consider the effects of changes in water quality on recreation. The DEIS states that the "Aquatic Park Pier partially shields the Aquatic Park swim area from Bay currents originating to the west, and the San Francisco waterfront is subject to frequent tidal flushing." DEIS at 410. As a result, the DEIS determined that there will be "no impact on recreational rowing and swimming opportunities associated with water quality as compared to the No Action Alternative."

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Id. The DEIS fails to properly analyze the issue.

The DEIS acknowledges that construction activities, including pile driving, may result in "temporary localized increases in turbidity, releases of chemicals in the sediment. increases in dissolved oxygen (DO), and changes to pH in the water column." DEIS at 356. In fact, these effects may be increased for the Pier 3 Alternative, as additional pile driving must occur when compared to other of the identified alternatives. DEIS at 358. However, the DEIS fails to consider how these impacts may affect the recreational opportunities that exist outside of Aquatic Park. Indeed, as SERC members frequently swim and row outside of Aquatic Park, the DEIS fails to seriously consider and analyze the impacts that such construction activities may have on water quality in the areas where people swim and row. The DEIS fails to inform the citizenry of those particular risks and, as a result, fails to take the required "hard look" at the possible impacts.

4. DEIS Fails to Consider Mitigation Measures for Impacts on Recreation for the Pier3 Alternative

As part of the "hard look" analysis required by NEPA, the DEIS must also consider mitigation measures as a means of reducing the significant environmental impacts of the proposed action. 40 C.F.R. § 1502.14(f). If the analysis relies on proposed mitigation to justify the selection of an alternative, the DEIS must also ensure that means to implement the proposed mitigation are incorporated into the action or required as a condition of approval. 40 C.F.R. § 1502.16(9)-(h).

The DEIS fails to fulfill these requirements. As described above, the Pier 3 Alternative would result in significant adverse impacts on recreation. Indeed, regular and frequent ferry service out of Pier 3 would create substantial safety concerns, as ferry service would traverse portions of the waterfront that are heavily used by recreational users. Some of these operations will require the ferries to operate in reverse. Accordingly, ferry service would significantly hamper rowing and open water swimming, resulting

in the degradation of treasured and historic swimming areas. Given these significant, adverse Impacts, the DEIS has a duty to consider associated mitigation measures.

In particular, the DEIS omits the need for and means to accomplish mitigation for impacts on recreation and other resources due to the waves created by commercial operations. NPS failed to consider critical details about the requirements of the historic operations at Fort Mason that would be instructive on mitigation matters. Specifically, the DEIS omits the fact that the port required a wave attenuator when the military conducted regular operations at Fort Mason. The DEIS fails to identify, let alone discuss, whether a wave attenuator should be used to mitigate impacts due to ferry wake-generated and other wave action at Pier 3.

Similarly, the DEIS fails to consider safety protocols that would need to be implemented under the Pier 3 Alternative if recreational uses and ferry service are to coexist. The cost and feasibility of these measures also must be examined in the DEIS.

While we are confident that any proposed mitigation measures would be insufficient to reduce adverse impacts posed by regular ferry service at Pier 3, the DEIS must at least attempt to identify some measures. In failing to do so, the DEIS has not taken the requisite "hard look" at the Pier 3 Alternative. Before preparing a final EIS that properly informs the public of the consequences of the proposed action, NPS must accordingly undertake supplemental environmental review of these issues.

5. DEIS Fails to Consider Impacts or Mitigation Measures for Impacts on Recreation for the Special Ferry Service at Fort Mason

Under each of the alternatives identified in the DEIS, the NPS would implement additional "special ferry service" at Fort Mason. DEIS at 67. The DEIS states that the special ferry service would be for "special events, such as conferences, occasional excursions, or special occasion service" that would be "in addition to and separate from the primary embarkation site." ld. The DEIS further specifies that the service "would not provide daily or regular service to Alcatraz. Island, but it could be used for special occasion trips to Fort Baker or other GGNRA sites and NPS units." ld. The DEIS apparently "assumes" that the special ferry service at Fort Mason would operate at off-peak hours with a single 220-passenger ferry

loading and unloading outside of peak transportation periods.

The DEIS determines that the special ferry service at Fort Mason "would not displace any existing recreational opportunities" and "the Project element's incremental contribution to any cumulative impacts on recreational resources would not be major." DEIS at 411. The DEIS fails to consider whether the special ferry service would interfere or create impacts on recreational opportunities for rowers and swimmers outside of Aquatic Park. So too, the DEIS proposes no mitigation measures for impacts to recreation. Id.

We acknowledge that, given that the special ferry service at Fort Mason would occur only on rare occasions and during "offpeak" hours, the impacts to recreation in the Bay are likely to be minor in nature. However, the potential for impacts and conflicts between the special ferry service and recreational swimmers and boaters using the historic waters between Aquatic Park and Crissy Field remains. The Final EIS must describe the nature of these operations in greater detail (e.g., timing, frequency) to ensure that the impacts of any routes to Fort Baker and other locations authorized by the NPS's action are, in fact1 minor. Such potential impacts should be studied further in the Final EIS ("FEIS").

SERC has a long history of working collaboratively with the USCG to ensure that SERC's training swims that head north across the Bay (e.g., to Alcatraz or Sausalito) are done safely and in accordance with the terms of SERC's permit. SERC wishes to be a partner in the long term management of the northern waterfront and is eager to work together with NPS to ensure that, on dates when the special ferry service at Fort Mason is active, the service is announced in advance such that the ferry can be operated without conflict or danger to recreational users of the Bay. However, because the DEIS did not include such mitigation measures, they must be analyzed and incorporated into the FEIS.

6. The DEIS Failed to Consider Impacts to Cultural Resources Associated with the Pier 3 Alternative

The DEIS describes a variety of cultural resources on the northern San Francisco waterfront. and, in general, considers how the selection of a long-term ferry embarkation point would impact those resources. For example, the DEIS identifies Aquatic Park as part of the "cultural setting", noting that it is part of the San Francisco National Maritime Park. DEIS at 198-99. The DEIS further notes that Aquatic Park is of national significance for architecture and landscape architecture, and is a "designed cultural landscape that was specifically designed for passive recreation. DEIS at 204-205. The DEIS then evaluates the potential impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on historic structures, archeological resources, and cultural landscapes. DEIS at 401-402. The DEIS concludes that there will be "no major impacts on cultural resources." DEIS at 402.

The DEIS fails to adequately identify cultural resources affected by the Pier 3 Alternative and, as a result, fails to properly inform the public of the impacts of the proposed alternative. The northern San Francisco waterfront is viewed by the local, national, and international communities as historic and culturally important training waters that are vital to the sports of rowing and open water swimming. For example, Roz Savage trained for her row across the Pacific on the northern San Francisco waterfront and launched her boat for her journey from SERC's dock. Additionally, many internationally-renowned open water swimmers, including Trent Grimsey (current world-record holder for swimming the English Channel), Kimberley Chambers (recently completed the "Oceans Seven", open water swimming's version of the Seven Summits), and Lynne Cox (renowned open water swimmer) are SERC club members who have trained for long distance swims on the Bay. The DEIS fails to identify these historic training waters as part of the cultural setting or landscape.

Because such cultural resources are not included in the DEIS, the DEIS fails to properly identify, evaluate, and analyze impacts on cultural resources as a result of the Pier 3 Alternative. As described above, operating long-term ferry services out of Pier 3 in Fort Mason will result in severe impacts to the ability of recreational users to swim and row safely in the Bay. Not only do those impacts restrict recreational opportunities, but the impacts also would severely restrict the use of historic training waters that continue to be of vital importance to the sports of open water swimming and rowing.

Furthermore, the DEIS fails to analyze the impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative to important cultural institutions. As described above, SERC has been providing access to the northern San Francisco waterfront for rowing and swimming activities since the early 1900's. SERC is one of the only multi generational clubs in San Francisco, with members' ages ranging from

children to senior citizens. As a result, SERC is an important cultural touchstone not only to the sports of rowing and open water swimming, but to the community at large. Because long-term ferry service at Pier 3 in Fort Mason would severely impact recreational opportunities in the Bay, it also imperils SERC's ongoing viability. The DEIS fails to identify or analyze such cultural impacts and, as a result, did not take the required "hard look" at the issues. NPS must accordingly undertake supplemental environmental review of these issues.

NPS Failed to Consider USCG Regulations or Include USCG as a Cooperating Agency

The San Francisco Bay constitutes a Regulated Navigation Area ("RNA") pursuant to USCG regulations. See 33 C.F.R. § 165.1181(c)(1)(i). As a result, NPS should have included the USCG as a cooperating agency. A "cooperating agency" is defined to be any federal agency that "has jurisdiction by law or special expertise with respect to any environmental impact involved In a proposal (or a reasonable alternative) ". 40 C.F.R. § 1508.5 (emphasis added). NPS, as the lead agency, should have requested that the USCG lend its special expertise regarding maritime activities and vessel traffic management on the Bay. See 40 C.F.R. § 1501.6(a) (indicating that the lead agency should request the participation of cooperating agencies). The failure to include the USCG as a cooperating agency to provide expertise on the management of vessels on the Bay is a critical oversight.2

Indeed, the regulations constituting the RNA on San Francisco Bay specify various vessel traffic lanes, including westbound and eastbound traffic, traffic separation zones, precautionary areas, and two-way traffic lanes. See 33 C.F.R. § 165.1181(c)(1). The remaining areas are designated as recreation areas. By establishing different zones, the USCG's Vessel Traffic Service ("VTS") coordinates the safe, secure, and efficient transit of vessels in San Francisco Bay.

USCG maps designate the area immediately surrounding Aquatic Park and extending westward along Crissy Field and the waterfront to the southern footing of the Golden Gate Bridge as a "recreation area". Attached to this letter as Attachment B is a map of the various zones within the RNA The USCG1s Vessel Traffic Service's User Manual specifies that "chartered recreation areas within the VTS Area shall be avoided by commercial vessels." USCG Vessel Traffic Service San Francisco User's Manual, available at: http://www.uscg.mil/d11/Vtssf/vtssfum.asp. Furthermore, the User Manual states that "the recreational boating public have a legitimate expectation that ships will adhere to the traffic routing system." Id.

The regular ferry service proposed at Pier 3 conflicts with the recreation area set forth on USCG maps and the expectations created by the VTS. The Pier 3 Alternative in Fort Mason would introduce ongoing daily commercial activities directly into a recreation area that, pursuant to the VTS, is to be avoided by commercial vessels. Introducing commercial activities into the recreation zone represents a drastic impact that alters the character of waters that the USCG has left for recreation activities. The DEIS does not identify, consider, or evaluate this impact, or consider how locating the regular ferry service at Pier 3 would ultimately impact and undermine the USCG's regulatory scheme for safely organizing vessel traffic in San Francisco Bay. Contrary to the representations in the DEIS, "all ferry operations [cannot-and will not-] occur in compliance with all vessel right-of-way regulations designed to avoid boating accidents and vessel conflicts." DEIS at 410. Supplemental review. including coordination and collaboration with the USCG, must be conducted to correct these material oversights in and omissions from the DEIS.

2 We note that the USCG was a co-lead agency alongside NPS in developing the Environmental Assessment for the 34th America's Cup because activities were to 1ake place on waters managed by the USCG. While the Alcatraz ferry routes will also traverse waters managed by USCG, the NPS apparently made no such effort to Include the USCG here.

CONCLUSION

In sum, the DEIS has failed to take the requisite "hard look" at the impacts associated with moving the ferry embarkation point to Pier 3 in Fort Mason. Specifically, the DEIS fails to consider and evaluate the negative impacts of this alternative on rowers and swimmers with long-standing, legitimate interests In recreational opportunities, water quality, and cultural resources in the area surrounding the proposed Pier 3 embarkation. Consequently, the NPS would need to supplement the EIS and provide for further public comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative before it could even consider

selecting this option as an embarkation point for regular ferry service to Alcatraz. The NPS would also need to request that the USCG participate as a cooperating agency with special expertise on the potential impacts to the vessel traffic management scheme set forth in the RNA for ensuring the safe and efficient transit of vessels on the Bay.

In light of these considerations, and the significant impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on recreation and other resources, we encourage the NPS to select Pier 31 as the long-term ferry embarkation point. The Pier 31 Alternative is the environmentally preferred alternative and can be chosen with minimal edits to the DEIS that would not trigger an obligation to supplement.

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Correspondence Text

Every year 1.4 million people utilize the ferry system to visit Alcatraz. These ferry customers contribute to the economic success of Fisherman's Wharf, a popular destination that is well suited to handling this traffic. The restaurants, gift shops, and 3,000 hotel rooms at the Wharf regularly entertain and accommodate travelers from around the world. Fisherman's Wharf also has numerous public transportation and parking options that enable this location to handle such a high volume of visitors.

Fort Mason, by contrast, is a predominantly residential neighborhood. Its non-commercial nature and relative dearth of public transit options make it ill-suited to handling such a high volume of tourist traffic. Moreover, this tourist traffic would alter the character of the neighborhood and negatively impact the quality of life of its residents.

Additionally, Fort Mason is host to many groups that benefit from its unobstructed access to the San Francisco Bay. The South End Rowing Club and Dolphin Club located at Aquatic Park provide a unique resource for activities including world-class, long distance open-water swim training. Athletes use these clubs and the waters of the Bay to train for the English Channel, San Pedro Channel, Gibraltar Straights and many other significant swims.

Swimmer safety is incredibly important. These groups take this responsibility very seriously and operate within the constraints of the Bay by organizing swims, training pilots, obtaining appropriate permits, and maintaining contact with vessel traffic control at all times when swimmers are in the Bay. This ensures that the swimmers are safe and all other operations on the Bay are accounted for and respected. The clubs are part of the City and County of San Francisco's recreation resources and are used by hundreds of people on a regular basis.

By moving your Alcatraz operations to Ft. Mason, you will cut off these legitimate and important uses of the Bay from hundreds of users. We write to you as the members of the California State Assembly who represent the City and County of San Francisco as well as a member who has used the unique resources of the Bay to train for a successful English Channel crossing.

We urge you to consider the negative impacts that your decision will have on the economic vitality of Fisherman's Wharf, the residents of Fort Mason, and on these vibrant and significant uses of the waters of the San Francisco Bay.

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Correspondence Text

I write to request the preparation of a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement because the current Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) is legally inadequate under NEPA.

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), 42 U.S.C.S. § 4321 et seq., requires the lead agency, herein the National Park Service (NPS), to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) that takes a "hard look" at the environmental impacts before taking major actions. Nat'/ Audubon Society v. Dept. of the Navy, 422 F.2d 174, 180 (4th Cir. 2005). All significant effects, whether direct or indirect, must be considered in an EIS, and it is the lead agency's responsibility to assess those impacts.

The January 2015 Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation DEIS fails to meet the purpose of NEPA, which is to identify and assess environmental impacts in order to reduce significant impacts. According to 23 CFR 771.130(a)(2), a DEIS shall be supplemented when "[n]ew information or circumstances relevant to environmental concerns and bearing on the proposed action or its impacts would result in significant environmental impacts not evaluated in the EIS." Here, the DEIS contains a serious factual error of omission, which results in significant environmental impacts not being evaluated. Therefore, the NPS must prepare a Supplemental EIS (SEIS) to address those shortcomings.

Specifically, the Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation DEIS is legally inadequate under NEPA because it fails to identify and assess the significant environmental impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative on current and projected swimming and boating. Based upon a false assumption, it erroneously asserts that the Pier 3 Alternative will have "no impacts on recreational boating or swimming." DEIS at pp. 78, 213.

The underlying basis for this factual error, and resulting false conclusion, is:

The Pier 3 site does not provide access to the Bay for swimming or recreational boaters, nor is such infrastructure in place.

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Aquatic Park, located east of Fort Mason, includes a waterfront popular with swimmers and small beach-launched vessels such as kayaks and rowboats.

DEIS at p. 213 (emphasis added).

The NPS erred in its singular focus on direct access from Pier 3 as the trigger for significant environmental impact to recreational swimmers and boaters, as if the only way that use could be impacted would be if access were impacted. Aquatic Park is and will likely remain the primary entry point for 100's of swimmers each day. Some enter the water from the main public beach; others enter from the member-accessible beaches in front of the Dolphin Club and South End Rowing Club; and still others, especially Alcatraz swimmers, jump off boats near Alcatraz Island and swim back to shore at Aquatic Park, St Francis Yacht Club or Crissy Field Beach. Boats (e.g., kayaks, AB Inflatables, single to six-rower row boats, open-water shells, SUPs) are launched from those same beaches, as well as from each Club's movable ramp at the end of its respective pier.

While Pier 3 may not provide direct access to the Bay, many swimmers and recreational boaters do routinely exit Aquatic Park at its opening to the Bay to swim and boat westward; l along the Municipal Pier to Fort Mason, Crissy Field and beyond. As opposed to the more commercial waters to the east of Aquatic Park, which include Fisherman's Wharf, commuter ferry services at Pier 41, and the current Alcatraz ferry service at Pier 31* the westward waters are preferred by swimmers and boaters precisely because they are less likely to be used by ferries and larger boats, which are more dangerous to swimmers and small boats. Swimmers and boaters often hug the Muni Pier and Fort Mason Piers (e.g., staying within 5-10 yards of the pier ends) in order to attenuate strong Bay currents, and to further enhance their safety by staying out of the main shipping channel and away from larger motorized vessels.

Due to its false assumption that the lack of direct access equals lack of use, the NPS wholly failed to take the required "hard look" at the current and projected recreational use of the waters in the immediate vicinity of Fort Mason by swimmers and boaters.1 Furthermore, because the DEIS erroneously found no impact on swimming and boating, it also failed to consider any mitigation measures for this significant environmental impact.

1 For the same reasons, the DEIS is also inadequate under Section 309 of the Clean Air Act, which authorizes the EPA to review and comment on environmental effects of major federal actions which impact the quality of the human environment, herein the air and water quality of San Francisco Bay. Given that the DEIS did not adequately address the

To compound the inadequacy, under the "Impact of Activities Common to All Action Alternatives" section of the DEIS, the NPS further indicated that the impacts of the Fort Mason and Fort Baker "Special Ferry Services" are "the same as those of the Pier 3 Alternative." DEIS at p. 246. Thus, due to the same error in reasoning- equating lack of access with lack of use- - the DEIS also fails to assess the additional significant environmental impact on current and projected swimming and boating that would result from the operation of the "Third Berth" at Fort Mason for "Special Ferry Services." Moreover, that "Third Berth" for "Special Ferry Service" out of Fort Mason is proposed under each of the three Alcatraz Embarkation Alternatives: Pier 311h, Pier 41 or Pier 3. DEIS at p. 78.

Alcatraz Ferry Service and/or Special Ferry Services from Pier 3 would create new traffic lanes that cut right through the dose-to-shore areas currently frequented by recreational swimmers and boaters. For all intents and purposes, the frequency of daily Alcatraz Ferry Service alone may make it extremely dangerous, if not impossible, for recreational boaters and swimmers to cross in front of Fort Mason. Similarly, Alcatraz Ferry Service out of Pier 3 would also interfere with Alcatraz swims that start at Alcatraz Island, which the vast majority do. The swimmers usually jump off boats on the east side of the island somewhat to the south of ferry dock and then swim to the beach at Aquatic Park, St Francis Yacht Club or Crissy Field. Currently, Alcatraz ferries embarking out of Pier 311h are able to stay well to the east of any swimmers and their pilot boats. However, if the Alcatraz ferries were to embark from Pier 3, the ferries would have to cut through the swimmers and their pilot boats on a diagonal because Pier 3 is west of the Alcatraz Island ferry dock.

The lack of any data or analysis of the current and projected use of the waters in the vicinity of Fort Mason by swimmers and Correspondences - Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation Project - PEPC ID: 41352

boaters makes it virtually impossible for interested agencies and the public to comment on the recreational impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative. Because the NPS erroneously determined that there was no impact on swimming and boating, there are no mitigation measures presented that interested agencies and the public can evaluate and comment on either.

The NPS, as lead agency, should undertake a Supplemental EIS to thoroughly investigate the impacts on the current and projected recreational use by swimmers and boaters of the Pier 3 Alternative and Special Ferry Services, and have a full public comment period thereafter. In order to investigate, assess and analyze the impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative and Special Ferry Services on swimmers and

environmental impacts of the Pier 3 Embarkation Alternative and "Special Feny Services" on swimmers and boaters, it is also necessarily inadequate in its assessment of the air and water quality issues as they would impact those same swimmers and boaters in the vicinity of Fort Mason.

boaters, the NPS should obtain data from the numerous current user groups that swim and boat in the vicinity of Fort Mason. Those groups include but are not limited to:

Dolphin Club South End Rowing Club Escape from Alcatraz Triathlon Alcatraz Escape from the Rock Triathlon Water World Swim SF Team in Training SF Tri Club Golden Gate Tri Club Tri California Events Swim Art World Open Water Swimming Association Suzie Dods Swim Coaching Lane Lines to Shore Lines San Francisco Marina East Basin - Gas House Cove/West Basin San Francisco Marina Harbor Association Sea Scouts Wahine Outrigger Canoe Club St. Francis Yacht Club Golden Gate Yacht Club

While it is vitally important to find a long-term Alcatraz Ferry Embarkation location, the Pier 3 Alternative has significant environmental impacts that were ignored in the DEIS. In order to fully evaluate the three Alcatraz Embarkation Alternatives, as well as the "Special Ferry Services" common to all three Alternatives, it is essential that the public, interested parties and agencies be fully informed about those impacts and any proposed mitigation measures. Under the circumstances, NEPA requires a Supplemental EIS with full comment period thereafter in order to adequately assess the impacts of the Pier 3 Alternative and Special Ferry Services common to all three Alternatives.

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SUMMARY OF EPA RATING DEFINITIONS

This rating system was developed as a means to summarize EPA's level of concern with a proposed action. The ratings are a combination of alphabetical categories for evaluation of the environmental impacts of the proposal and numerical categories for evaluation of the adequacy of the EIS. \cdot

ENVIRONMENT AL IMPACT OF THE ACTION

"LO" (Lack of Objections)

The EPA review has not identified any potential environmental impacts requiring substantive changes to the proposal. The review may have disclosed opportunities for application of mitigation measures that could be accomplished with no more than minor changes to the proposal.

"EC" (Environmental Concerns)

The EPA review has identified environmental impacts that should be avoided in order to fully protect the environment. Corrective measures may require changes to the preferred alternative or application of mitigation measures that can reduce the environmental impact. EPA would like to work with the lead agency to reduce these impacts.

"EO" (Environmental Objections)

The EPA review has identified significant environmental impacts that must be avoided in order to provide adequate protection for the environment. Corrective measures may require substantial changes to the preferred alternative or consideration of some other project alternative (including the no action alternative or a new alternative). EPA intends to work with the lead agency to reduce these impacts.

"EU" (Environmentally Unsatisfactory)

The EPA review has identified adverse environmental impacts that are of sufficient magnitude that they are unsatisfactory from the standpoint of public heal h or welfare or environmental quality. EPA intends to work with the lead agency to reduce these impacts. If the potentially unsatisfactory impacts are not corrected at the final EIS stage, this proposal will be recommended for referral to the CEQ.

ADEQUACY OF THE IMPACT STATEMENT

Category l" (Adequate)

EPA believes the draft EIS adequately sets forth the environmental impact(s) of the preferred alternative and those of the alternatives reasonably available to the project or action. No further analysis or data collection is necessary, but the reviewer may suggest the addition of clarifying language or information.

"Category 2" (Insufficient Information)

The draft EIS does not contain sufficient information for EPA to fully assess environmental impacts that should be avoided in order to fully protect the environment, or the EPA reviewer has identified new reasonably available alternatives that are within the spectrum of alternatives analysed in the draft EIS, which could reduce the environmental impacts of the section. The identified additional information, data, analyses, or discussion should be included in the final EIS.

"Category 3" (Inadequate)

EPA does not believe that the draft EIS adequately assesses potentially significant environmental impacts of the action, or the EPA reviewer has identified new, reasonably available alternatives that are outside of the spectrum of alternatives analysed in the draft EIS, which should be analysed in order to reduce the potentially significant environmental impacts. EPA believes that the identified additional information, data, analyses, or discussions are of such a magnitude that they should have full public review at a draft stage. EPA does not believe that the draft EIS is adequate for the purposes of the NEPA and/or Section 309 review, and thus should be formally revised and made available for public comment in a supplemental or revised draft EIS. On the basis of the potential significant impacts involved, this proposal could be a candidate for referral to the CEQ.

*From EPA Manual 1640, "Policy and Procedures for the Review of Federal Actions Impacting the Environment

Dredged Materials

It is unclear whether or not the project may involve dredging. The Draft EIS mentions the Port of San Francisco's ongoing maintenance dredging between Fisherman's Wharf and Pier 96 (page 240); but, otherwise, does not discuss dredging or dredged material.

Recommendations: We recommend that the Final EIS address the following regarding dredging and placement of dredged materials for each of the project alternatives, including No Action.

• Describe the existing depths at and around each ferry pier under consideration, whether they are adequate as-is for ferry access and use, and whether initial construction dredging and/or future maintenance dredging may be needed.

• If any dredging may be needed, specify the dredge locations and amounts of sediment to be dredged and managed, and describe the potential impacts associated with these activities.

• Discuss any existing permits that cover dredging activities at each of the piers, identify the entity holding the permit (e.g., Port of San Francisco, U.S. Coast Guard) and indicate whether the permitted entity is actively maintaining the area or would continue to do so if a new use were established for the proposed project.

• Discuss the reuse and disposal options for dredged material in the bay per the San Francisco Bay Long Term Management Strategy for Dredging (LTMS). Please see http://www.epa.gov/region9/water/dredging/ltms/

We are unaware of any existing maintenance dredging permits for either Pier 3 or the pier proposed for ferry use at Fort Baker (located outside the breakwater). One pier inside the breakwater at Fort Baker is covered by the U.S. Coast Guard's maintenance dredging permit.

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Recommendation: If the proposed project would involve dredging activities or locations not covered under existing permits, disclose in the Final EIS that permit applications would be submitted to the appropriate agencies and that sediment testing and disposal or reuse would be coordinated with the Dredged Material Management Office (DMMO) and conducted in accordance with the LTMS.

In analyzing the potential effects on fish from increased suspended sediment levels during construction at Pier 311/2, the Draft EIS (p. 366) cites a 1998 Chambers Group report, which found that a similar but larger-scale sediment and benthos disturbance did not have long-term adverse effects on fish populations. It appears that the same assumption is made in assessing the potential impacts to fish from construction at piers 40 and 3. The Chambers report, however, considered only suspended solids, not contaminated sediments.

Fort Mason Pier 3 is very near San Francisco Marina's East Basin (Gashouse Cove) site, which exhibits highly contaminated sediments that are currently the subject of cleanup planning; however, this is not discussed in the Draft EIS. It is unknown at this time whether contaminated sediments may extend into areas that could be subject to disturbance from construction activities (e.g., pile driving, wharf repair, etc.) associated with the Pier 3 alternative. It is EPA's understanding that Pier 3 is not covered by an existing maintenance dredging permit, and the Draft EIS does not discuss whether or how the National Park Service would be prepared to manage contaminated sediments if they are discovered in the project disturbance area.

Recommendation: We recommend that NPS consider screening-level sampling of sediments that could be disturbed by the project under the Pier 3 alternative. In addition to the recommendations above to describe any needs for future dredging and coordination with the DMMO, we recommend that the Final EIS describe the sediment chemistry. If sediments are contaminated, the Final EIS should describe any potential impacts of disturbing them during construction, operation, and (if necessary) maintenance dredging, including impacts to water quality, marine species, essential fish habitat, and recreational uses. Best management practices to minimize such impacts should be identified and their anticipated effectiveness described.

Air Quality

We note several informational errors in the Air Quality sections of the Draft EIS, which we recommend be rectified in the Final EIS.

P. 122, Table 14: The annual National Ambient Air Quality Standard for PM2.5 (particulate matter less than or equal to 2.5 micrometers in diameter) is $12 \mu g/m3$ rather than $15 \mu g/m3$.

P. 300, Table 46 contains several errors:

• The official attainment status for PM2.5 for the San Francisco Bay Area remains nonattainment until the State submits, and EPA approves, a redesignation request and maintenance plan. The applicable PM2.5 de minimis threshold, therefore, is 100 tons per year (tpy).

• The San Francisco Bay Area is also a maintenance area for carbon monoxide (CO); therefore, the applicable CO de minimis threshold is 100 tpy.

• The applicable de minimis threshold for both oxides of nitrogen (NOx) and volatile organic compounds (VOC) in the San Francisco Bay Area marginal nonattainment area is 100 tpy.

Tables 52, 56 and 60: The appropriate NOx and VOC concentration unit for the purpose of addressing conformity here is "tpy" rather than "mty." Furthermore, for purposes of demonstrating that construction and operation emissions would be below all applicable de minimis conformity thresholds, we recommend that these three tables also include the estimated PM2.5 and CO emissions in addition to NOx and VOC. As discussed in the previous comment, de minimis thresholds apply to PM2.5 and CO in the Bay Area.

Tables 51B, 55B and 59B are missing the criteria pollutants at the tops of the columns, and appear to be missing the C02-e column.

Climate Change

The Draft EIS (pp. 126 and 298) references the Council on Environmental Quality's (CEQ) 2010 Draft Guidance on Greenhouse Gases and Climate Change. Please note that, on December 18, 2014, CEQ released Revised Draft Guidance on Greenhouse Gases and Climate Change for public comment. The revised guidance provides a reference point of 25,000 metric tons of C02-e emissions on an annual basis "below which a GHG emissions quantitative analysis is not warranted unless quantification below that reference point is easily accomplished." It also directs agencies to keep in mind that the reference point is for purposes of disclosure and not a substitute for an agency's determination of significance under NEPA. The Draft EIS appears to use the 25,000 mty C02-e as a threshold of impact significance in the analyses of operations emissions for each of the action alternatives (e.g., on p. 306).

We also note that, while the Draft EIS estimates the operational C02-e emissions under each alternative, there is no discussion of greenhouse gas emissions from construction activities under the action alternatives.

Recommendations: We recommend that the Final EIS include an updated discussion of CEQ's climate change guidance. We also recommend that the Final EIS estimate the potential greenhouse gas emissions from construction activities under the action alternatives. If quantification is not easily accomplished, a qualitative discussion of these emissions is recommended.

We encourage NPS to commit to energy efficiency and pollution prevention. including reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, in all aspects of the proposed project, to the extent possible. We offer the following procurement/sourcing, construction, and operation measures for your consideration and commitment in the Final EIS.

• Commit to sustainable building designs and incorporate Green Building/LEED certification, net zero energy designs, etc.

• Incorporate alternative energy components into the project, such as on-site distributed generation systems, solar thermal water heating, and combined heat and power.

• Commit to resource use efficiency, such as water conservation, reduced waste production, reuse or recycling of materials and construction and demolition debris, etc.

• Include use of alternative transportation fuels, biodiesel, electric vehicles, etc. during construction and operation.

• Adopt procurement policies and specifications for greener procurement of materials and products such as no or low-toxicity, recycled content, design for end-of-life, product takeback, etc.

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The Draft EIS establishes the following NPS objectives for the creation of a ferry embarkation site:

• Establishes a long-term primary location that is economically feasible and sustainable and enables substantial reinvestment in Alcatraz Island and other park facilities and visitor programs.

• Provides visitor access to Alcatraz Island that is compatible with nearby land uses, including neighborhoods, businesses, and transportation services.

• Accommodates the critical facilities and programs needed for the safety and comfort of visitors and staff, and provides for efficient land and vessel operations.

• The embarkation site should be within a reasonable crossing time from Alcatraz Island and meet specific basic program element requirements for logistics.

• Provides an identifiable area for a quality welcome, orientation, and interpretation of the natural, cultural, scenic, and recreational resources of Alcatraz Island, GGNRA, and the larger national park system.

• Provides facilities for cross-bay ferry service to accommodate existing and future visitor demand for travel to Alcatraz Island and other GGNRA sites and NPS units.

The Port desires to retain the Alcatraz Island ferry operation within its jurisdiction of the Port, which would achieve the aforementioned objectives. The Port strongly believes that the Pier 31 Alternative is the optimal ferry embarkation site. Pier 31 has shown over the past decade that it is a proven ferry embarkation location that complements the Port's other northern waterfront sites and activities. As described in the EIS, the Pier 31 Alternative articulates a potential site enhancement that includes the existing location and potentially expands into a portion of the Pier 31 bulkhead. The Port believes that the Pier 31 Alternative would meet all the objectives identified above.

The Port has been in discussion with NPS to develop a long-term site plan that would accomplish the Pier 31 Alternative. These discussions have included a substantial increase of basic visitor service space on the marginal wharf. This additional marginal wharf space would provide greater site circulation for Alcatraz Island visitors, potential for NPS to accommodate a

future third berth, and allow tourists who are not visiting Alcatraz Island additional information about other recreational options at GGNRA.

Port staff has proposed a conceptual site plan that would provide new public restrooms, limited operations service parking, and back-of-house marine storage and operations space within Pier 31 bulkhead. The envisioned site plan would also enable NPS to offer a tremendous visitor experience in a rehabilitated historic bulkhead building that is a contributing resource to the Embarcadero Historic District, listed by NPS on the National Register of Historic Places. Reuse of the historic bulkhead for interpretative exhibits, history and education, and supporting ticketing, retail, food and beverage services, would create a powerful public experience that also provides NPS with a more identifiable gateway to Alcatraz Island. The Port has invested much effort to rehabilitate its historic maritime resources, and a partnership with NPS to embrace the improvement of the Pier 31 bulkhead and shed would align mission objectives of both of our agencies. Overall, the Port has proposed a conceptual site plan that would deliver the NPS a clear sense of identity and quality experience.

The EIS designates the Pier 31 Alternative as the environmentally preferred site for Alcatraz ferry embarkation. The Port agrees with this assessment. The Alternative fulfills the NPS (and Port) objectives "while incurring reduced transportation impacts and similar or reduced impacts to remaining resource topics compared to the other action alternatives." The EIS concludes that traffic volumes would increase only slightly compared to current conditions if a third ferry berth is provided. Pier 31 is currently accessible to multiple forms of public transportation, is well served by available upland parking in the immediate area, and is within close walking distance for a vast number of residents and tourists who visit the Port's northern waterfront, extending from the Ferry Building to Fisherman's Wharf.

The EIS identifies the Pier 41 Alternative as a possible embarkation site, despite the fact that a long-standing tenant, Blue & Gold Fleet, have been operating from this facility for over twenty five years and currently serves 750,000 passengers annually. In addition to ferry excursions, Blue & Gold has an agreement with the Water Emergency Transportation Agency (WETA) to operate commuter service with approximately 60 daily arrivals and departures. The Pier 41site serves as an emergency ferry landing containing a 10,000 gallon fuel tank which is invaluable in the case of a disaster. NPS selection of the Pier 41 Alternative would displace this important Port maritime tenant and have an adverse impact on WETA's operations. It is also unclear how the NPS proposes to integrate an additional 1.5 million visitors into this site given the limited access of Pier 41 and the over 13 million visitors to Fisherman's Wharf annually. Additionally the EIS contemplates retaining and expanding the non-historic structure, which needs repair, without identifying any source of funds.

Unlike the Pier 31 Alternative, the Fort Mason Alternative has generated negative community comment because public transit and alternative transportation access to this location is lacking. Access to Fort Mason would rely more heavily on private automobiles that would increase neighborhood traffic congestion, and disrupt, not enhance, current Fort Mason operations and events. The project would require extensive construction both on land and within the bay as there currently are no maritime facilities at the proposed site. In addition there is very limited retail, services or additional attractions serving the Fort Mason site and it seems highly infeasible to further develop the adjacent area due to its residential nature.

Compared to the other EIS alternatives, the Pier 31 Alternative has been demonstrated that it is the environmentally superior site, resulting in the fewest overall impacts. Although NPS has not designated an overall site preference, the Port strongly believes that the Pier 31 Alternative represents the optimal site for the Alcatraz ferry embarkation site because it:

- maintains a maritime activity that is the Port's core mission;
- rehabilitates a valuable National Register historic resource which is a shared Port and NPS mission
- attracts visitors and local residents to the waterfront;
- generates revenue to the Port for its on-going need to invest in improving its facilities and waterfront infrastructure;
- represents the environmentally preferred site (especially in regard to traffic and parking) in the EIS;

• enhances the existing gateway to Alcatraz Island through site upgrades that would better create a clear NPS identity and provide a quality visitor experience;

• maintains, without disruption, ferry operations to Alcatraz Island; and

• supports adjacent retail partners along the Port's northern waterfront.

The Port urges NPS to consider designating this Alternative as the overall preferred site so that negotiations for a long-term agreement can be completed. The Port strongly believes that maintaining and enhancing the ferry service at Pier 31 best meets the Port and NPS objectives.

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