## APPENDIX K: PAST, PRESENT, AND FUTURE PROJECTS AND ACTIONS CONSIDERED FOR THE CUMULATIVE IMPACTS ANALYSIS

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source		
Past/Completed Projects	Past/Completed Projects					
Eastkoot Creek Restoration	Stinson Beach	Habitat Restoration for threatened Central California Coast steelhead trout and coho salmon	The restoration effort at the Lower Easkoot Creek has improved summer and winter rearing habitat for the threatened Central California Coast steelhead trout and coho salmon both federally listed species. The project restored native vegetation and floodplain functions and features previously disturbed by human activities.	Easkoot Creek Restoration at Stinson Beach Environmental Assessment		
Lower Redwood Creek Interim Flood Reduction Measures & Floodplain/ Channel Restoration	Muir Beach	Floodplain and Channel Restoration	This project restored channel function at the Pacific Way site to reduce flooding on an interim basis until long-term restoration project is implemented. Project also expanded riparian vegetation at the Banducci site, increased inchannel habitat complexity, reconnected the creek to its floodplain and reestablished geomorphic processes at the Banducci site to improve habitat for coho salmon and steelhead trout.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/upload/redwoodcrk-ea- final.pdf		
Fort Baker Plan	Fort Baker	Cultural Resource Restoration	Over 28 historic buildings are being rehabilitated to national historic preservation standards to ensure that the significant historic features are maintained. The project includes Cavallo Point: The Lodge at the Golden Gate, a resort, and the Institute at the Golden Gate, a retreat and conference center, as well as infrastructure upgrades, waterfront improvements and native habitat restoration. The new lodging units are environmentally-friendly and architecturally-sensitive to the historic area. Landscape improvements include the restoration of the main parade ground by NPS to its historic period.	http://parkplanning.nps.gov/doc ument.cfm?parkID=303&projec tld=20244&documentID=20847		
Crissy Field Plan	Crissy Field	Restoration	This project resulted in the restoration of approximately 18 acres of tidal marsh at Crissy Field; a channel was opened to the tides, allowing fresh and salt water to merge at Crissy Field for the first time in 100 years. This plan actually increased dog walking opportunities at the park.			

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Trails Forever -Pirates Cove	South of Muir Beach	Control of invasive non-native plants.	Pirates Cove is just south of Muir Beach, supports dense and relatively undisturbed coastal scrub, prairie, and riparian habitats. Non-native Pampas grass has colonized the cliff faces over the past three decades, spreading inland in areas where non-natural disturbance has occurred. In 2006, Trails Forever began controlling the Pampas grass invasion in an effort to maintain the natural habitat.	http://www.parksconservancy.org/our_work/trails/index.asp
Trails Forever - Marin Headlands	Marin Headlands	Control of invasive plants to increase natural diversity	Spreading infestations of non-native vegetation threaten the grassland and coastal scrub habitat of the Southern Marin Headlands that include plant species critical to the survival of the mission blue butterfly. Efforts to control target invasive species began in 2006.	http://www.parksconservancy.org/our_work/trails/index.asp
Lobos Creek Valley Dune Restoration	Lobos Creek, near Baker Beach	Habitat restoration	Habitat restoration project at coastal dune in Lobos Creek Valley to increase population of the listed San Francisco lessingia plant.	
Site Management Plan for Milagra Ridge	Milagra Ridge	Management project	Site Management Plans are completed for acquired properties at GGNRA, such as Milagra Ridge. This plan may include a statement to protect and enhance habitat at the site, such as MBB habitat at Milagra Ridge in coordination with the GGNRA and USFWS.	N/A
Sewage release	Homestead Valley	Sewage Spill	More than 5 million gallons of partially treated sewage and storm water were released into Richardson Bay from the Mill Valley treatment plant. October 2007 inspections by EPA confirmed the sewage collection systems at Almonte, Tamalpais, Homestead Valley and Richardson Bay districts have deteriorating sewage pipes.	http://www.epa.gov/region09/w ater/npdes/pdf/SASM-SSO- report-final-2-11-08-redact.pdf
Crissy Field Center Temporary Move to East Beach	Crissy Field	Facilities	As a result of Caltrans' receipt of funds from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, the Doyle Drive improvement project was fast-tracked, and consequently Crissy Field Center needed to move its operations from 603 Old Mason in late 2009.	http://www.parksconservancy.org/our-work/crissy/temporary-relocation.html

Golden Gate National Recreation Area

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Failed Snowy Plover clutches	Point Reyes Beach	Wildlife	There was a high percentage of failed snowy plover failed clutches which contained high mercury levels.	Schwarzbach, S. E., M. Stephenson, T. Ruhlen, S. Abbott, G. W. Page, and D. Adams. 2005. Elevated mercury concentrations in failed eggs of Snowy Plovers at Point Reyes National Seashore. Marine Pollution Bulletin 50(11):1444-1447.
Sutro Dunes Stabilization/Native Planting	Sutro Heights Park	Erosion Control	Sutro Dunes was planted with native plants in order to restore the site.	http://www.sfexaminer.com/loc al/Sutro-Dunes-blooming-like- new-81069857.html
Tree removal	Homestead Valley	Fire Protection	During the fall of 2005, more than 100 trees were removed from 89 acres in Golden Gate National Recreation Area, to protect the adjacent community of Homestead Valley, where there are over 1,000 homes. Non-native Monterey pines, Acacias, eucalyptus and plums, and encroaching Douglasfirs were cut and piled for burning.	Golden Gate NRA Fire Management: Homestead Fuel Reduction Implements Community Wildfire Protection Plan (http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/upload/firemanagement_ news_homesteadfuelreduction. pdf) and Marin County Community Wildlife Fire Protection Plan (http://www.marinsheriff.org/upl oads/documents/Marin%20Co untyCommunity%20Wildfire%2 0Protection%20Plan.pdf)
Trails Forever – Fort Mason	Fort Mason	Transportation	The effort to improve the San Francisco Bay Trail at Laguna and Marina Boulevard is part of Trails Forever. Project objectives were to enhance visitor safety and experience, improve pedestrian and bicyclist traffic flow, and re-vegetate the landscape.	http://sfbike.org/download/ft_m ason_squeeze.pdf
Trails Forever – Lands End	Lands End	Transportation	The project included resurfacing and stabilizing additional segments of the trail; creating open views to the ocean; eliminating damaged "social" trails; replanting native species in the local forest and surrounding areas; improving visitor amenities; and engaging the community in park stewardship.	http://www.parksconservancy.o rg/our-work/trails- forever/accomplishments/lands -end.html

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Fort Mason Center Long- term Lease Environmental Assessment (FONSI)	Fort Mason	Programming and Management	After completion of the environmental assessment, NPS entered into a long-term lease with Fort Mason Center to continue its public programming and management of Lower Fort Mason.	http://parkplanning.nps.gov/sho wFile.cfm?projectId=20253&do cType=public&MIMEType=appl ication%252Fpdf&filename=FO MA%20Long%20Term%20Lea se%2Epdf&clientFilename=FO MA%20Long%20Term%20Lea se%2Epdf
Giacomini Wetland Restoration Project	Tomales Bay	Wetland restoration	Project benefitted the Tomales Bay watershed ecosystem through wetland restoration. Included planting native vegetation at the Giacomini Ranch to increase habitat for listed species such as the tidewater goby and California clapper rail.	http://www.nps.gov/pore/parkm gmt/planning_giacomini_wrp_c onstruction_summary_phase1. htm
Current Projects (Construc	tion Underway	)		
Dias Ridge Restoration and Trail Improvement	Marin County	Restoration and Trail Improvement	The project will realign trail segments and restore degraded areas on Dias Ridge. Specifically, the project will remove unauthorized trails and replace or rehabilitate poorly aligned and eroding trail segments. This project will improve parkland resources by reducing soil erosion in the project, minimize sediment from reaching Redwood Creek, and improve the trail alignment to support existing authorized trail-use designations.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/planning.htm
Wetland and Creek Restoration at Big Lagoon	Muir Beach	Ecological restoration	Project aims to restore a functional, self-sustaining ecosystem at Big Lagoon. The project includes wetland, riparian and aquatic components to re-create habitat for sustainable populations of special status species, including habitat for coho salmon and steelhead trout as well as CA red-legged frog, to reduce flooding, and to improve visitor experience. Project is located at Muir Beach and includes 38 coastal acres including the small intermittent tidal lagoon at the beach.	http://parkplanning.nps.gov/doc ument.cfm?parkID=303&projec tld=12126&documentID=21520

K-4 Golden Gate National Recreation Area

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Mori Point Restoration and Trail Plan	Mori Point, San Mateo County	Trail Restoration	Project includes protecting and enhancing habitat for the SF garter snake and CA red-legged frog at Mori Point; preserving and restoring habitat at Mori Point by reducing threats to native plant communities and natural processes; and developing a safe and sustainable trail system to improve recreational experiences and reduce impacts to park resources.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/planning.htm
Marine Mammal Center Site and Facilities Improvements	Marin Headlands	Facilities Improvements	Recent improvements to the Marine Mammal Center located just northeast of Fort Cronkhite in the Forts Baker, Barry, Cronkhite Historic District have resulted in minor cumulative adverse effects to cultural resources, none of which has significantly affected the integrity of the District.	NPS 2004; http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/mmc.htm
Presidio Trails and Bikeways Master Plan	Presidio	Trails and Bikeways	Project provides the public with an interconnected, safe, and enjoyable trails and bikeways system, while protecting and managing the Presidio's natural and cultural resources.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/prsf_trails- bikes_masterplan.htm
GGNRA Fire Management Plan	GGNRA	Land Use Plan, enhance mission blue butterfly habitat, preserve historic structures, landscapes, and archeological resources	One of the many goals of the GGNRA Fire Management Program is to protect natural resources from adverse effects of fire and fire management activities, and use fire management wherever appropriate to sustain and restore natural resources. Another goal is to preserve historic structures, landscapes, and archeological resources from adverse effects of fire and fire management activities, and use fire management wherever appropriate to rehabilitate or restore these cultural resources.	Final Environmental Impact Statement for Fire Management Plan; Golden Gate National Recreation Area, Muir Woods National Monument and Fort Point National Historic Site; Marin, San Francisco and San Mateo Counties, CA (NPS 2005)
Vegetation Management Plan for the Presidio of San Francisco	Presidio	Habitat Restoration	The NPS partnered with the Presidio Trust and the Golden Gate National Parks Association and prepared a VMP to ensure that the Presidio's landscape and native habitats survive. The plan included a variety of restoration activities throughout the Presidio and recommended that changes be made gradually over the next several decades so that visual impacts of rehabilitation can be minimized as much as possible.	NPS and Trust 2001; http://www.presidiotrust.gov/ar chive/documents/Veg_Mngmnt _Plan_Sum.html
Marin Headlands and Fort Baker Transportation Infrastructure and Management Plan (TIMP)	Marin Headlands	Land Use Plan, improved visitor experience	This project focuses on providing greater access to and within the Marin Headlands and Fort Baker for a variety of users in a way that minimizes impacts to the rich natural diversity and cultural resources of the Marin Headlands and Fort Baker.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/parkn ews/mahe_transportation.htm

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Coho and Steelhead Restoration Project	Pine Gulch, Redwood, Olema, and Lagunitas creeks	Salmonid restoration	Initiated by the NPS, project includes assessing current coho salmon and steelhead abundance and distribution and developing and implementing a plan for restoring and monitoring the fish and their habitat.	http://www.nps.gov/pore/nature science/fish.htm
Redwood Creek Watershed Restoration	Redwood Creek Watershed	Watershed restoration visioning process	The project (Redwood Creek Watershed: Vision for the Future) included identifying issues and values in the watershed and defining future conditions to create a Redwood Creek watershed that exists as a natural ecosystem and offers opportunities to learn, experience, and protect nature, rural character, and cultural history in an urbanized area.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/upload/RWC Vision Statement.pdf
South Access to the Golden Gate Bridge - Doyle Drive FEIS	Crissy Field	Transportation Project	Doyle Drive, also known as Route 101, is located within the Presidio, and it provides access to cultural and natural features within GGNRA. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), and the San Francisco County Transportation Authority (the Authority) proposed to improve seismic, structural, and traffic safety along Doyle Drive.	http://www.presidioparkway.org/project_docs/
Golden Gate Bridge Seismic Retrofit	Fort Baker	Mitigation	Planned restoration of MBB habitat as mitigation for the Golden Gate Bridge seismic retrofit work at Fort Baker.	
Nonpoint Source Watershed Assessment for the James Fitzgerald Marine Reserve Critical Coastal Area	Martini Creek watershed, San Mateo County	Watershed Assessment	Project could benefit Hickman's potentilla through the development of an Action Plan to address potential and known nonpoint source pollution impacts and improve water quality conditions in and around the Fitzgerald Marine Reserve CCA.	http://www.coastal.ca.gov/nps/ Web/cca_project.htm
Submarine Discharge of Nutrient-enriched Fresh Groundwater	Stinson Beach	Septic Tank Discharge	Nutrients are discharged into groundwater at Stinson Beach from septic tanks; discharge is affected by variations in tides and is greater during neap tides (minimum tide range) as compared to spring tides (maximum tide range).	Sieyes, N.R., K.M. Yamahara, B.A. Layton, E.H. Joyce, and A.B. Boehm. 2008. <i>Limnology</i> <i>and Oceanography</i> 53(4)4134- 1445 at http://aslo.org/lo/toc/vol_53/iss ue_4/1434.pdf

K-6 Golden Gate National Recreation Area

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
City of Mill Valley Bicycle & Pedestrian Transportation Plan Update	Homestead Valley	Transportation	The 2008 plan is an update to the 2003 Mill Valley Bicycle and Pedestrian Transportation Plan Update and builds upon and furthers the goals and projects originally developed in the 1982 Plan which was updated in 2003 to include a pedestrian component. Bicycling and walking contribute to both a healthy personal lifestyle and the health of the entire City through lessened traffic congestion, reduced vehicle exhaust emissions, decreased noise levels, and a reduction in land dedicated towards automobile parking. These modes also present residents with the opportunity to more easily socialize in public spaces.	http://www.cityofmillvalley.org/ Modules/ShowDocument.aspx ?documentid=3320
Sausalito-Marin City Sanitation District Sewage Spill	Fort Baker	Sewage Spill	About 40,000 gallons of diluted raw sewage spilled into Richardson Bay north of Forth Baker on about 19 Jan 2010. The spill is being investigated by the state Water Quality Control Board.	http://www.contracostatimes.co m/news/ci_14227944?nclick_c heck=1
Extension of Historic Streetcar Service	Fort Mason	Transportation	The proposed historic streetcar extension would continue the F-line three blocks west to San Francisco Maritime NHP and then on through the Fort Mason Tunnel to the Fort Mason Center at GGNRA.	http://www.historicstreetcarexte nsion.org/
Fort Point Retrofits	Fort Point	Facilities	Fort Point as well as many areas within the park is undergoing retrofits to improve accessibility.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/plany ourvisit/fort-point-accessibility- public-comment.htm and http://www.nps.gov/fopo/faqs.h tm
Baker Beach Landfill Remediation	Baker Beach	Remediation/Rest oration	Between August and November of 2007, 73,000 tons of debris were unearthed by spider excavators and conveyed 250 feet along treacherous slopes to the top of the cliffs. The Coastal Trail was also scheduled for restoration.	http://www.presidio.gov/nature/ cleanup/projects.htm and http://www.nps.gov/goga/parkn ews/2009-1117.htm
Construction of Fort Funston Restroom and Maintenance Facilities	Fort Funston	Facilities	The National Park Service (NPS) is planning to construct a new restroom facility at Fort Funston. A 540 ft² building would be constructed to provide flush toilets near the northeast corner of the parking lot. The chemical toilets located at the northwest end of the main parking lot would be removed. The new restroom building will be ADA accessible and an accessible path will be created to connect to the parking lot and the Sunset Trail.	http://parkplanning.nps.gov/pro jectHome.cfm?parkId=303&pro jectId=15201

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Pedro Point Headlands Stewardship Project	Pedro Point Headlands	Restoration	The Pedro Point Headland Stewardship Project has three primary goals: (1) maintain and improve the ecological status of Pedro Point Headlands during this interim management stage; (2) create a safe and enjoyable environment for interim recreational use of the property; (3) build a successful volunteer-based stewardship program with the local community that will be focused on a partnership with a local neighborhood organization, the Pedro Point Community Association; and (4) protect endangered/native species and educate PPCA/other volunteers on these projects.	http://www.ccsf.edu/Departmen ts/Biology/Center_for_Habitat_ Restoration/pedropointinternshi ps.html and http://coastsider.com/index.php /site/news/join_the_pedro_poin t_headlands_stewardship_tea ms_saturday/
Construction of San Francisco VA Medical Center Research Facility	Lands End, Sutro Heights Park	Facilities Construction	Construction of a new 7,600 square-foot building at the medical center.	http://www.sfpar.org/site/2009/ 05/index.html
Devil's Slide Tunnels Project	Pedro Point, Mori Point	Highway Repair	Two inland tunnels will bypass Devil's Slide, in order to provide a safe, dependable highway between Pacifica and Montara.	http://www.dot.ca.gov/dist4/dsli de/
Long-Term Park-Wide Proj	ects			
GGNRA GMP	Park-wide	Planning Document	The GGNRA GMP will provide for resource protection within the park	
GGNRA Habitat Restoration Programs	Park-wide	Natural plant community restoration; invasive species removal	Park Resource Stewardship Programs including volunteer programs of the NPS, GGNPC, and Presidio Trust.	N/A
GGNRA Maintenance Operations	Park-wide	Various maintenance activities and projects	The maintenance division conducts many ongoing operations throughout GGNRA that may create cumulative impacts with other activities. Maintenance projects may include but are not limited to road, trail and stormwater system maintenance	N/A

K-8 Golden Gate National Recreation Area

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Trails Forever Program	Park-wide	Trail construction, restoration, and rehabilitation	The Trails Forever initiative renovates and expands park trails as necessary to build upon the existing trail system while protecting natural resources. Program assists in making GGNRA more welcoming and sustainable, and inspires stewardship. The initiative is sponsored by the Parks Conservancy, the NPS, and the Presidio Trust. Program has included invasive species removal, installation of kiosk and trail signs, restoration/enhancement of trailside habitat, creation of educational programs and scenic overlooks, completion of new trails, repair/improve existing trails.	http://www.parksconservancy.org/our_work/trails/index.asp
NPS Inventory and Monitoring (I&M) Program	Park-wide	Inventory and Monitoring	The I&M Program collects, organizes, and makes available natural resource data and contributes to the Service's institutional knowledge by facilitating the transformation of data into information through analysis, synthesis, and modeling; includes an <i>Early Detection of Invasive Plants Program</i>	http://science.nature.nps.gov/i m/index.cfm
Recovery Plans for Listed Plant and Wildlife Species	Park-wide	Recovery Plan	The general objectives of Recovery Plans include to protect, maintain, and enhance existing populations of the listed species, including San Bruno elfin, mission blue butterfly, northern spotted owl, western snowy plover, San Francisco garter snake, CA red-legged frog, etc.	USFWS documents
The San Francisco Natural Areas Program	Park-wide	Habitat Restoration, Education Project	This program restores and enhances remnant natural areas and develops and supports community-based stewardship of these areas	http://sfnap.org/
Wildland-Urban Interface Initiative	Park-wide	Fire Protection	The Wildland-Urban Interface Initiative (WUII) was authorized by Congress in 2001 in conjunction with the National Fire Plan. It provides funding to reduce hazardous fuels on federal lands and assist communities with wildland fire protection	http://www.nps.gov/pore/parkmg mt/firemanagement_wui.htm
Endangered Species Big Year	Park-wide	Educational Project	Annual educational project comprised of several non-profit organizations to benefit of the endangered and threatened species found within GGNRA. Completed in 2008, this project provided long-term recovery assistance through conservation recovery actions to prevent listed species from going extinct.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/big_y ear.htm

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
GGNRA Long Range Transportation Plan Update	Park-wide	Transportation	GGNRA has initiated work on a Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) for the park that is consistent with US DOT transportation planning practices for States and Metropolitan Planning Organizations. The process developed at GGNRA will be a model for future transportation planning efforts at park units throughout the NPS. GGNRA is developing the Long-Range Transportation Plan concurrently with an update to the 1980 GGNRA General Management Plan to better understand baseline transportation conditions and to inform the new General Management Plan's vision for transportation.	Plan scheduled for completion in 2008.
Sea Level Rise Interpretive Exhibit	Crissy Field	Climate Change	The sea level at Crissy Field has risen by 0.2 m over the past 100 years, and predictions indicate that it will rise 0.5 to 1.6 m more by 2100. These changes pose risks to coastal lowlands, beaches, and coastal bluffs. By 2100, the volume and effects of each annual flood may be the equivalent of the today's100-year flood.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/natur escience/upload/Crissy_SRL_ Panel.pdf
Ocean Park Stewardship Action Plan	Park-wide	Ecological restoration	Developed by NPS to increase the emphasis on restoring and conserving park marine and estuarine resources.	http://www.nature.nps.gov/wat er/Homepage/Ocean_Park_St ewardship.cfm
Pacific Ocean Parks Strategic Plan	Park-wide	Management and conservation	Focuses on management and conservation of marine resources and restoration of impacted resources.	http://www.nature.nps.gov/wat er/Marine/Pacific_Ocean_Park s_Strategic_Plan_April- 2008.pdf
Golden Gate Park Asset Management Plan	Park-wide	Park management	Focuses on maintenance of park assets; informed the development of alternatives in the general management plan.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/upload/goga2008_annua I_rpt.pdf
Association of Bay Area Governments: Bay Trail Plan	Park-wide	Trail plan	Focuses on the development of a regional hiking and bicycling trail around the perimeter of San Francisco and San Pablo Bays and creating connections to existing park and recreation facilities in an environmentally sensitive manner.	http://baytrail.abag.ca.gov/bayt railplan.html
California Department of Parks and Recreation: California Outdoor Recreation Plan	Park-wide	Recreation	Provides guidance to all recreation providers, including federal parks, that provide outdoor recreational lands, facilities, and services in California.	http://www.parks.ca.gov/pages/ 795/files/2009- 2014%20corp.pdf
Coastal Conservancy: California Coastal Trail	Park-wide	Trail completion	The project is to create network of public trails along the California coast for walkers, bikers, equestrians, wheelchair riders, and others.	http://scc.ca.gov/2010/01/07/th e-california-coastal-trail/

K-10 Golden Gate National Recreation Area

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Golden Lands, Golden Opportunity: Preserving vital Bay Area lands for all Californians	Park-wide	Land preservation	This initiative provides a statement of regional principles to ensure a healthy future for vital Bay Area lands and residents and identifies unprotected landscapes with significant value to the Bay Area and California.	http://www.greenbelt.org/downloads/resources/report_GoldenLands.pdf
Future Projects				
Southern Marin Equestrian Plan	Marin Headlands	Land Use Plan	This management plan will propose options for the future use of three Marin County stables located on GGNRA land and will address site and facility needs, improvements, and protection of important resources at and surrounding the sites.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/planning.htm
			The plan will also identify and enhance the public outreach and equestrian programs, identify Best Management Practices and sustainable programs, increase protection of natural resources, and preserve the cultural resources that surround the stables.	
Trails Forever - Southern Marin Headlands project			The Southern Marin Headlands project initiated in the summer/fall of 2007 focused on enhancing the Coastal Trail corridor in the southern Marin Headlands and included removal of selected non-native trees that compromise the health of habitat used by the MBB	http://www.parksconservancy.o rg/assets/pdf/ <b>southern-marin- headlands</b> -update.pdf
Trails Forever – Lands End	Lands End	Trail Rehabilitation, replanting native vegetation	Recent work at Lands End included a new promenade and overlook, improvements to the Coastal Trail, and a revitalization of the surrounding forest. Future work includes resurfacing and stabilizing additional segments of the trail, rehabilitation of damaged social trails, improving visitor amenities, and engaging the community in park stewardship	http://www.parksconservancy.org/our_work/trails/index.asp
Battery Cavallo Preservation and Interpretation Plan	Fort Baker	Preservation plan	In a future planning effort with separate environmental analysis, the NPS would develop a detailed multidisciplinary plan for the preservation and interpretation of Battery Cavallo, integrating requirements for historic preservation, natural resource protection, visitor use and interpretation. Project is mitigation for the Fort Baker Plan and EIS.	
Regional Projects				
Abbotts Lagoon Area Dune Restoration Plan	Point Reyes National Seashore	Dune restoration	Project will restore approximately 300 acres of coastal dune habitat south of Abbotts Lagoon to benefit listed species such as the Western Snowy Plover; invasive species will be removed.	http://www.nps.gov/pore/parkm gmt/planning_dunerestoration. htm

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Bolinas Lagoon Ecosystem Restoration Project	Bolinas Lagoon, Marin County	Ecosystem restoration	Preservation and restoration of the lagoon, including restoring function to the tidal estuary, which will benefit listed species such as the Western snowy plover and CA brown pelican.	http://farallones.noaa.gov/eco/ bolinas/bolinas.html
Headlands Institute Project	Marin Headlands	Environmental Education	The Headlands Institute, an environmental education park partner with the GGNRA is proposing to build upon its educational programs by enhancing its Fort Cronkhite campus. The renovated campus will be a teaching model of stewardship and sustainable living with state-of-art learning facilities to match and make the most of the unique resources of the Marin Headlands	
Sharp Park Golf Course Comprehensive Site Restoration Plan	Sharp Park, near Mori Point, San Mateo County	Site Restoration Plan	The Sharp Park Golf Course, located in Pacifica in San Mateo County (adjacent to Mori Point) supports California red-legged frogs, which breed in a pond on the course as well as San Francisco garter snakes. Plans could affect the existing frog and snake population and wetland habitat at the golf course.	http://www.sfgov.org/site/recpa rk_index.asp?id=113359
Ocean Beach Erosion Control Project	Ocean Beach	Erosion Control	This project is developing long-term solutions to beach and bluff erosion problems at Ocean Beach along the Great Highway consistent with the enhancement of natural processes.	www.sfgov.org
Lake Merced Watershed Plan	Near Fort Funston	Watershed Plan	The San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC) is currently developing a Lake Merced Watershed Plan that seeks to provide a comprehensive set of strategies to sustain the health of the Lake Merced Watershed while providing recreational and educational opportunities. The resource management portion of the plan focuses on flora and fauna preservation restoration, enhancement of the watershed's natural areas, habitat values, and ecological function should benefit the bank swallow, which forages at Lake Merced.	http://sfwater.org/mto_main.cf m/MC_ID/20/MSC_ID/179/MT O_ID/672
EIS Related to Experimental Removal of Barred Owls for the Conservation Benefit of Threatened Northern Spotted Owl	Region-wide	Conservation Plan	The USFWS will gather information necessary to prepare an EIS for barred owl removal experiments designed to determine if the species' presence is affecting northern spotted owl population stability and growth, and to test the feasibility of removing barred owls from specific locations.	http://www.fws.gov/policy/librar y/2009/E9-29447.html

K-12 Golden Gate National Recreation Area

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Marin Countywide Plan	Marin County	Land Use Plan	Land use on the portions of Marin County that are not owned by NPS is guided by the County's General Plan, the <i>Marin Countywide Plan</i> (adopted 2007) and specifically addresses land use issues. Relevant goals of the plan include a preserved and restored natural environment, including the Marin watersheds, natural habitats, wildlife corridors, and open space that will be protected, restored, and enhanced as part of this plan.	
FIRESafe MARIN Projects - Marin City	Homestead Valley, Alta Avenue Fire Road, Oakwood Valley	Fire Protection	The objective of Alta Fire Road Fuel Reduction, funded in FY02, was to improve firefighting effectiveness along the Alta ridgeline by removing fire-prone exotic vegetation and improving emergency access along Alta Fire Road. Marin City borders immediately along Golden Gate National Recreation Area. More than 200 homes benefitted directly from the project and an estimated 300 additional homes see increased protection indirectly.	http://www.nps.gov/goga/park mgmt/fire_marinproj_marin.htm
Tennessee Valley / Manzanita Connector Trail Project	Tennessee Valley, Marin Headlands	Transportation	The goals of this San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission Project are to upgrade the existing path to meet current American Disabilities Act accessibility and design standards for a multi-use pathway, and to encourage area residents to use the trail as an alternative to vehicular travel to reach key destinations such as shopping and transit facilities.	http://www.bcdc.ca.gov/meetin gs/commission/2010/01-07_2- 09.pdf
Gulf of the Farallones and Cordell Bank National Marine Sanctuaries: joint Climate Change Site Scenario	Region-wide	Climate Change	To synthesize climate change impacts that will affect the local marine region and guide future policy development and management actions.	http://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/sci ence/condition/cbnms/respons es.html
Vista Grande Drainage Basin Alternatives Analysis	Fort Funston	Watershed Plan	The purpose of the alternatives analysis is to develop and evaluate alternatives that will reduce or eliminate flooding, reduce erosion along Lake Merced, and provide other potential benefits such as habitat enhancement and lake level augmentation.	http://www.ci.daly- city.ca.us/city_services/depts/p ublic_works/pwnet/vistagrande _alts.html
			The Vista Grande portion of Daly City's stormwater collection system drains the northwestern area of Daly City and an unincorporated portion of San Mateo County. This underground collection system routes storm flows northwest to Vista Grande canal and tunnel for discharge to an outfall structure at the beach below Fort Funston.	

Plans and Projects	Location	Type of Project	Purposes of the Project	Source
Marin County Unincorporated Area Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan	Region-wide	Transportation	The plan is the framework for the development of the bicycle and pedestrian network in the unincorporated areas of the county.	http://www.walkbikemarin.org/r esource_library_policies.php
San Francisco Public Utilities Commission: Peninsula Watershed Management Plan	Region-wide	Watershed Plan	The plan provides a comprehensive set of goals, policies, and management actions which integrate all watershed resources.	http://sfwater.org/mto_main.cf m/MC_ID/20/MSC_ID/177/MT O_ID/349
Regional Bicycle Plan for the San Francisco Bay Area: 2009 Update	Region-wide	Transportation	A component of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's effort to promote bicycling and bicycle safety.	http://www.mtc.ca.gov/planning /bicyclespedestrians/MTC_Reg ional_Bicycle_Plan_Update_FI NAL.pdf
San Francisco General Plan	Region-wide	Management Plan	The plan is a strategic and long-term document that serves as a basis for decisions that affect land use, circulation, housing, conservation, open space, noise, and safety.	http://www.sf- planning.org/ftp/General_Plan/i ndex.htm
San Mateo County Comprehensive Bicycle Route Plan	Region-wide	Transportation	The plan addresses safety, access, quality of life, and the effective implementation of bikeways	http://www.ccag.ca.gov/pdf/doc uments/archive/San%20Mateo %20County%20Comprehensiv e%20Bicycle%20Route%20Pla n%202000.pdf
San Mateo County Trails Master Plan	Region-wide	Trail plan	Provides a plan for providing linkages to other trails and trail systems, adding additional trail routes or modifying existing routes, and trail policies and management.	http://www.co.sanmateo.ca.us/ portal/site/parks
San Mateo Countywide Transportation Plan 2010	Region-wide	Transportation	Serves as a plan for all modes of transportation, advocates policy, strives for synergy among the parts of the transportation system, seeks optimal system development, and provides a means for coordinated decision-making.	http://www.co.sanmateo.ca.us/ planning/pdf/ctp- exec_summary.pdf

K-14 Golden Gate National Recreation Area